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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Patiala-Nawanagar Tussle?

Cricket Board Rivalry May Sabotage Fifth Test

De Mello On Horns Of Dilemma

SUDDEN DEPARTURE FROM BOMBAY

BOMBAY, January 21.

The United Press authoritatively understands that serious complications have arisen in connection with the Fifth "Test", which has been scheduled to be played in Bombay.

It is learnt that the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, President of the Board of Cricket Control, was not consulted in the matter, but the decision was taken without his consent.

Informed circles in the cricket world in Bombay apprehend the possibility of the fifth "Test" being cancelled if in the mean time an understanding is not reached.

DE MELLO'S MISSION

The "United Press" further understands that Mr. A. S. De Mello, Secretary of the Cricket Control Board, left Bombay, suddenly, probably with a view to persuading the Jamsaheb to endorse the decision already taken up.

It will be recalled that Lord Tennyson cancelled his Ceylon tour to be able to play the Fifth "Test" in Bombay and Major C. K. Nayudu is being talked of as the probable captain.

Patiala's Telegram

In this connection, the United Press further learns that the following telegram was dispatched by the Maharaja of Patiala to Mr. De Mello from Delhi:—

"I have received a telegram from Bombay, intimating that the situation is serious. Your seeing me before proceeding to Jamnagar is essential. (Signed) Patiala."

It appears that differences have arisen between the Maharaja of Patiala, under whose direction the Cricket Board took the decision and the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, President of the Board, who was not consulted in the matter.

BETWEEN HORNS OF DILEMMA

Mr. A. S. De Mello, the Secretary, has thus been placed between the horns of a dilemma and is trying his best to avoid complications by bringing about an understanding between the Maharaja of Patiala and the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar.—United Press.

GOVT. ORDER SET ASIDE

Calcutta High Court Cancels Forfeiture Of Press Security

CALCUTTA, January 21.

The High Court to-day delivered judgment on the application of Mr. Satish Chandra Mukherji, keeper of the Basumati Press, and Mr. Sashi Bhusan Dutta, publisher of the "Dainik Basumati", against the order of the Local Government forfeiting Rs. 5,000 out of their security deposits in connection with the publication of an article in the paper on June 29 last, entitled "What is the Duty".

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Henderson expressed the opinion that the article did not tend to produce feelings of enmity and hatred between Hindus and Muslims while Mr. Justice Jack expressed a contrary view and held that the order of forfeiture should not be set aside.

The Court by a majority directed that the Government order of forfeiture be set aside.

The article in question dealt with the communal situation then prevailing in the district of Pabna.

NOTHING DISHONEST IN ARTICLE

Mr. Justice Henderson said he found nothing dishonest in that passage of the article, where the writer had stated that the Ministers having failed to discharge their responsibilities and the Governor having refused to interfere, the only course open to the Hindus was to protect themselves.

His Lordship added that language used in the relevant Section (153—A I.P.C.) was so wide that it would be impossible to write the history of Bengal or to contribute an article to newspapers, because there might be things, which would come within the mischief of the Section. Therefore there was necessity for a saving explanation in the Act introducing an element of intention.—A. P.

GOVIND DAS TO ARRIVE TO-DAY

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 21.

Seth Govind Das is expected to land at Bombay to-morrow and reach here on January 26.

The Hon. Mr. Dwarka Prasad Mishra, Mr. Brijlal Biyani, Thakur Chhedilal and Mr. Kashi Prasad Pande have proceeded to Bombay to receive Seth Govind Das—United Pres.

MOVE FOR UNITED ENGLISH CHURCH

Joint Conference Issues Draft Report

LONDON, Jan. 21.

A scheme envisaging a United Church of England has been outlined in the draft report issued by a joint conference, which included the Archbishop of York, eleven Anglican Bishops and four Non-Conformists including Rev. H. E. Aubrey, Dr. A. E. Garvie, and Dr. Sidney Berry.

The report stresses that none of the uniting Churches shall lose their distinctive traditions. No form of warship at present used by the uniting Churches shall be forbidden in the United Church. There shall be three organs for Government, a general assembly, Synods and Congregational Councils.

The Bishops of the Church of England will be accepted as Bishops of the United Church, which will be free from secular control although State recognition is not excluded.—Reuter.

DE VALERA RETURNS TO DUBLIN

Many Difficulties On Way To Agreement, He Says

LONDON, Jan. 20.

Mr. De Valera and his colleagues received a rousing reception on arrival in Dublin.

Mr. De Valera told "Reuter" that as the approach of the two sides on some questions involved were from diametrically offered points, it would not be easy to find an agreement. However, they were exploring the whole field during the next few weeks.

There would be detailed examination of trade questions and when the delegation returns they should be in a position to discover quickly whether an agreement is possible or not.—Reuter

Andaman Repatriates

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

The political prisoners repatriated from the Andamans include four convicted in what is known as Lebong Outrage when an attempt was made on the life of Sir John Anderson, formerly Governor of Bengal.—A. P.

Doctor Young Dead

LONDON, Jan. 21.

The death has occurred of Doctor Dinsdale Young, the famous Methodist Preacher, at the age of 76.—Reuter.

ONE KILLED IN TRAIN SMASH

Passenger From London Involved In Collision At Oakley

LONDON: Jan. 21.

One passenger was killed and 25 injured when a passenger train from London was involved in a head-on collision with a stationary train of empty coaches at Oakley Junction, North Bedford. Both the engines were derailed and five coaches were damaged. Three ambulances rushed the injured to Bedford Hospital. The north-bound train was travelling at a speed estimated at 60 miles an hour.—Reuter.

CO-ORDINATION OF DEFENCE SERVICES

French Cabinet Approves Of Daladier's Decrees

PARIS: Jan. 21.

The Cabinet this morning approved of the decrees of Daladier, The new Defence Minister, governing the co-ordination of the three defence Services.

The actual Defence programme will continue to be framed by the respective Ministers, but final decisions will rest with the Committee headed by M. Deladier.

It is expected General Gamelin will be the Chief of National Defence Staff.—Reuter.

SUBMARINE IN WEST MEDITERRANEAN

MALTA: Jan. 21.

A British steamer, whose name is given as "Camma," is reported to have sighted a submarine attacking a destroyer in the Western Mediterranean. French destroyers are searching the area.—Reuter.

Princess Juliana

SOESTDYK: Jan. 21.

Because of rainy weather, Princess Juliana remained within doors this morning, while Prince Bernhard went on his usual motor drive. In the afternoon when the weather improved, Princess Juliana strolled on the palace ground.—Reuter.

Relief For Bombay Tenants

Beneficial Provisions In Municipal Act

More Adequate Water Supply | Anti-Malarial Measures

45 CLAUSES IN NEW GOVT. BILL: FIRST READING PASSED

After 15 years of continued agitation, the Bombay Corporation has at last been able to get the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1883, amended for the benefit of lakhs of tenants and citizens, thanks to the keen interest of the present Bombay Government, who have brought before the Assembly, a measure of 45 clauses which will remove some of the defects of the Act.

The Bill was half-way through its second reading on Friday and further discussion was adjourned till to-day (Saturday).

Relief For Tenants

As a sequel to this Bill, anti-malarial measures will be taken up in hand, and the present water supply system will be thoroughly overhauled, so as to give much-needed relief to the tenants. In fact, one member went to the extent of paying a tribute to the patience of the tenants that serious consequences did not follow the great hardship which they had suffered so long.

Another provision seeks to modify the present system of electing representatives to the Corporation from Statutory and other public bodies like the University Senate, the Chambers of Commerce, etc.

Proceedings In Detail

When the Bombay Provincial Assembly met on Friday, with the Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlanker, the Speaker, in the chair, Mr. Mahomed Mohiseen Mahomed Amin Bhaiji, the newly elected member from Kolaba Muslim constituency, was sworn in.

The Hon. Mr. L. M. Patil, Minister for Local Self-Government, then moved for the introduction of the Bill No. IV of 1938, A Bill to amend the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1883.

OBJECTS OF BILL.

The Bill is intended to make various amendments in the several sections of the Act, which have been found expedient by the Corporation from the past experience of the working of the Act. The more important of them are designed to (1) to give power to take measures for the eradication of malaria as a result of the recommendations of Major G. Covell, who was ordered by Government in 1928 to hold an enquiry into malarial conditions of the City. (2) to rectify certain defects in connection with the water supply which stand urgently in need of removal in order to carry out effectively anti-malarial measures, (3) to give power to the Corporation to issue revised debentures in any case and (4) to extend the powers of the Standing Committee and the Municipal Commissioner in the matter of reappropriation of budget grants.

Another provision seeks to change the procedure in respect of electing a representative on the Corporation from the Senate or a Chamber or association mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 5. The Corporation has suggested that the procedure for holding these elections should be left to be determined by the bodies concerned in accordance with the statutes or the rules made by them in this behalf. In the case of election of a councillor by Fellows of the University, it is further proposed to restrict the right of voting to those Fellows who have resided in the city for at least six months preceding the date of the election, and to prescribe a similar residential qualifi-

(Continued on page 7, Col. 1).

DIGNITY OF EMPLOYMENT

French Govt. Plans To Obtain Security To Workers

PARIS, Jan. 21.

At the meeting of the Chamber M. Chautemps read a declaration of policy expressing loyalty to Anglo-French 'entente' cordiale and the League of Nations and intention to assure National Defence. He said the Government were determined to unmask all Tzar culprits and submit them to the full force of law.

It was necessary to give the working class entire certainty that there would be no attacks against social advantages it had legitimately acquired. The Government would submit to the Chamber on Tuesday a scheme which would assure respect for the legitimate authority of business manager and the right of worker to security and dignity of employment and which would allow the Government to arbitrate and settle strikes peacefully.

The Government would renew with the support of Parliament, the formal undertaking to watch over the maintenance of of balanced budget and energetic Defence of National currency within the freedom money and Anglo-Franco-American Agreement.

The Government would also put into operation the conclusions of the Commission of Inquiry into production in order to accelerate production and combat the rising in cost of living and put an end to the increase of unemployment and reduce the country's adverse trade balance.—Reuter.

Punjab Govt. Spokesman Heckled

LAHORE, Jan. 21.

During interpellations in the Punjab Assembly to-day the Government informed the House that a scheme for overhauling primary and secondary education in the Province was under consideration.

Regarding forfeiture of Sardar Sardul Singh Caveesher's 'Jagir,' the Government admitted that previous to November, 1936, when it was forfeited. Sardar Caveesher was convicted of very serious offences and was several times sentenced to long terms of imprisonment, the last sentence awarded to him was for picketing.—United Press.

CONGRESS SWEEPS POLLS

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

Congress swept the polls in the general election to the Howrah Municipality, the second biggest Municipality of Bengal.

Out of nineteen seats, the results of which have been so far announced, the Congress has captured eighteen, the nineteenth candidate being a Moslem Independent from the special ward reserved for Moslems. Congress candidates were returned unopposed in seven wards.

It is recalled Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. Subhas Bose issued appeals to the voters to cast votes in favour of the Congress.—A. P.

Bombs Fall On British Steamer

Seven Killed, Three Missing And Seven Wounded

BARCELONA, Jan. 21.

The official list of casualties of the steamer "Thorpeness" is four killed, three missing and seven wounded, two of them gravely.

A Tarragona message says:

It is now established that seven crew of the "Thorpeness" were killed

The seven wounded have been taken to hospital. Two were badly hurt.

EARLIER

A message from Paris says:

Two of the crew of the British steamer "Thorpeness" were killed when bombs fell near the vessel as she lay in the harbour of Tarragona, according to a message from Barcelona. Seven others were wounded.

The incident occurred during an air raid on the city by three insurgent 'planes.

Lloyd's agent in Tarragona says during an air raid at 8-40 a.m. A bomb exploded near the British steamer "Thorpeness".

Two of her crew were killed and five others who are missing are believed to have been killed. Seven were injured and admitted into hospital. The vessel was badly damaged.—Reuter.

LULL IN NORTHERN SECTION

SHANGHAI, Jan. 21.

Yang-Fo-Hyuen a member of the Shanghai Civic Association was assassinated as he entered his home in the French Concession by an unidentified man, who fired three shots.

The Japanese advance northward along the Tientsin-Pukow Railway has been slowed as a result of the two days' heavy fighting, according to Chinese reports, while the lull in the northern section of the Railway continues owing to bad weather.

Japanese claim that Chinese threat to Hangchow has been removed and state that Chinese ironside, who on Jan 17 were reported six miles from Hangchow have now retreated.—Reuter.

NINE EXECUTED FOR FAILING IN DUTIES

HANKOW, Jan. 21.

Nine executions for failure to carry out their duties are officially announced.

The names are not disclosed but the ranks of those concerned are an Army Corps Commander, a Brigadier, a Courtmartial Judge, two Regimental Commanders, three Battalion Commanders and the Chief Telegraph Officer.

It is possible that the Army Corps Commander is General Han Fuchu, who has been in disgrace since the Japanese swept through the Shantung Province of which he was the Governor.

New dismissals include another Army Corps • Commander (possibly the Christian General Feng Yuhsiang).

Thirteen Divisional Commanders, one Battalion Commander and one Divisional Chief of Staff.—Reuter.

PUPPET GOVT. FIXES NEW TARIFF RATES

TOKIO, Jan. 21.

The Provisional Government established by the Japanese at Peiping has announced new tariff rates.

Taxes on exports have been reduced to form a third to half of the old rates, while exports of cottonseed, raw cotton and mineral ores have been freelisted.

Imports tariff on daily necessities, building materials, mining machinery and tools have been reduced to from a third to a half and in some cases free-listed. Goods affected include cotton piecegoods, blankets, woollen textiles, rayon yarns, steel plate, seeds, fish, cereals, wheat flour and cement.—Reuter.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

1 ANNA PER WORD—MINIMUM RE. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only, and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE," if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle."—must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Repiles to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted—A very well-educated girl of a respectable family for young Kshatriya bachelor graduate, well posted. The girl must be, healthy and beautiful. No caste restrictions. Apply Box No. 9705, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a high-class Hindu youth (bachelor) well-placed in life, a beautiful and accomplished girl of good social standing (caste any). Apply with photograph and details to Box No. 9694, "Bombay Chronicle".

An elderly Hindu about 42 years, of cultured family, moderate means, wishes to marry a widow a virgin of about 30|35 years. No caste or creed restrictions. Only those having broad views and cultural outlook need communicate to Box No. 9690, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted an educated and cultured match for a U. P. Saraswat bachelor, aged 23, M.A., LL.B., landholder and legal practitioner, son of a first-class officer in service. No caste restrictions. No dowry demanded. Apply to Box No. 9640, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Required qualified Chemist with practical experience of manufacturing pharmaceutical preparations and medicines. Apply Box No. 9650 "Bombay Chronicle."

Able Salesgirls, Salesmen wanted for quick selling, household products. Apply Lloyds Chemical Products, Coronation Building, Gunbow Street, Fort, Bombay. (9705)

Large European Engineering firm requires capable Assistant possessing considerable practical knowledge of advertising including printing, lay outs, etc. Only experienced men with initiative and creative ability need apply, giving details of previous experience, salary expected, age, etc., to Box No. 7765, "Bombay Chronicle".

62. TO BE LET

Modern Bungalow or Flat ground and upper floor, near sea, separate entrances, modern accommodations, garrage, outhouses, whole or part. Rents moderate. Apply Mon-Desir, Perry Road, Kantwadi, Bandra. (9700)

96. HOTELS (LOCAL

Bombay—Empress Hotel, next door Bombay Central Station. Airy furnished rooms with separate balcony and bath attached Best food, luxurious garden. Rates moderate. 'Phone: 42888. (9701)

117. MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

Air. Pholes Chrysler car in good condition is to be sold for Rs. 2,500 or near offer. Apply Box 9708, "Bombay Chronicle".

MOTOR DRIVING TUITIONS.

Motor Driving taught perfectly within fifteen days by expert on our car, charges moderate. Apply Box 9695, "Bombay Chronicle"

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Consultation free, sufferers from Sprue, Diabetes, Asthma, women diseases and chroinc complaints see Dr. Dave at his Dave Chemical Works, 389, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. 'Phone No. 21420. (9710)

154. TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

Correspondence Law School—Prepares for Advocates and coaches for LL.B. examination. Admission qualification Matriculation. Moderate monthly fees. Write for prospectus. Correspondence Law School, Sambava Chambers, Pherozshah Mehta Road, Bombay. (9692)

245. ASTROLOGERS.

Prof. Gill cures old and incurable diseases by Spiritualism and Prophesies past, present and future, by Phrenology and Palmistry. Possesses certificates from all parts of world. Send birth date or time of writing with stamps. Visit 2 to 6, Gateway Hotel, Mahendra Mansions, Fort, Bombay. (9703)

302. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale one second-hand Baxter's Stone Crusher. Apply 'Phone 60842. (9708C)

303 MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted one second-hand Oil Engine 300|500 H.P., also A.C. Generator 440 Volts, 3 Phase, 50 Cycles, 225|375-K.W., or combined Oil Engine A.C. Generating Set. Full details and prices F.O.R. to Box No. 7738, "Bombay Chronicle".

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted—Divisional Organiser for Bond Department on a monthly salary of Rs. 100 plus Rs. 50 T.A. for Bombay. Apply—Manager, (Bond Department), The Urban Provident Insurance Society, Ltd., 3-1, Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

Applications are invited from influential firms or individuals to represent a Bonus Paying and Progressive Life Office as Chief Agents for Bombay and Suburbs. All facilities assured. Good prospects for really deserving persons. Apply P. Box 212, Bombay. (9691)

Wanted agents for selling Premier Debenture of Rs. 100, fetches bonus up to 10,000 along with 4 per cent. cash dividend every year. Apply for particulars, enclosing stamped envelope to Ramprasad and Co., Lakhia St., Khadia, Ahmedabad. (9696)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Funds available for small loans. For rules apply with four anna stamps. Teekaram, Podar Street, Santacruz. (9657)

605. HOME TRAINING

Wanted by a certified and experienced lady, two pupils to learn dressmaking on scientific lines at their own residence. Best references. Apply Box No. 9702, "Bombay Chronicle".

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

At cheapest rates is to be sold. Stones (Sewri proper). Kach No. 1—2—3 Hath-Fadi-Khadi, tiles, gutmadi and Danda, etc., can be supplied at cheapest rates. Apply 'Phone 60842. (9708B)

Cocoanut plants is to be sold immediately at Rs. 5|-, 3|-, 2|-. In any quantity can be supplied. For garden use red-earth at Rs. 5 per brass. Apply 'Phone 60842. (9708A)

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

MR. JAMSHED D. MOTAFRAM, A.R.I.B.A., A.I.I.A., CHARTERED ARCHITECT, (formerly Assistant, Messrs K. P. Davar and Co., Architects) has established his own practice, from January 1938, with offices at LALGIR CHAMBERS, TAMARIND LANE, FORT, BOMBAY, 'Phone: 25685. (9698)

G. I. P. RAILWAY TENDERS

The Divisional Engineer, Poona, will receive Tenders up to 15 hours on Friday the 11th February, 1938 for the work of (1) Construction of 8 Units "F" type quarters and (2) Construction of 7 Units "D" type quarters at Dhond Station. The Forms of Tenders and other necessary papers can be obtained from his office on payment of Rs. 2 per set for each work which sum will not be refunded. (7748)

BRAITHWAITE PRESSED STEEL TANKS

are the modern economical means of storage. They are built up of unit steel plates 4'-0" square with star ribbing giving hundred per cent. rigidity and strength. All components are light, easy to handle and immune from breakage. Erection is simplicity itself—bolting in lieu of riveting. Write to-day to Bombay Agents, Messrs BHAGAT & SONS, Sewree, Fort Road, or

BRAITHWAITE & CO., (India), Ltd., Post Box 836, Bombay. (6813)

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS are invited from graduates of the Bombay Veterinary College for 12 posts of Junior Inspectors in the Markets and Slaughter Houses Department on Rs. 50-4-80 per month. The selected candidates will be on probation for 6 months and will be eligible for the benefits of the Municipal Leave and Provident Fund Rules. They will be required to join duty on 1-4-38. Applications stating age, nationality and previous experience, if any, should reach the undersigned on or before Monday, the 14th February, 1938.

Canvassing, directly or indirectly, will be a disqualification.

D. S. LAUD, Superintendent of Markets.

Dated, 21st January, 1938. Arthur Crawford Market, Hornby Road, Bombay. 7761.

THE AHMEDABAD ELECTRICITY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Ahmedabad Electricity Company, Limited, will be held on MONDAY, the 7th February, 1938, at 5 p.m., at the Registered Office of the Company, Home Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 30th September 1937.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in the place of Mr. Ambalal Sarabhai, Mr. F. C. Annesley and Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Kt., C.I.E., M.B.E., who retire by rotation, but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
4. To elect Mr. C. S. Bell, who retires under Article 102, as a Director.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 24th January to MONDAY, the 7th February, 1938, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board, KILLICK, NIXON & CO., Agents.

Bombay, 13th January, 1938. 7760.

Public Notices

P. W. D.

SEALED TENDERS for providing and laying kerbs, water tables and R. C. C. road in Blocks I & II on the Marine Drive, Back Bay Reclamation Scheme, will be received in the office of the Undersigned on Monday the 31st January, 1938, up to 4 P.M. (S.T.) and opened on the same day. Approximate cost Rs. 1,26,000.

Tender forms with specifications may be obtained on payment of Rs. 5 on any working day upto 4 P.M. (S.T.) (2 P.M. on Saturdays) except that on which tenders are to be received.

Each tenderer is required to lodge a deposit of Rs. 2,000 as earnest money which should be paid into the Reserve Bank of India or a District Treasury and the Bank Receipt or the Treasury Chalan should accompany separately each tender. Without earnest money no tender can be considered.

The successful tenderer will be required to lodge a total sum of Rs. 4,000 as security deposit.

The right to reject any or all of the tenders without assigning reasons is reserved.

B. P. JAGTAP, Executive Engineer, Presidency. 7758.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

NO. 571 OF 1938.

THE WILSON PHILOLOGICAL LECTURESHIP.

The Syndicate of the University of Bombay hereby invite applications for the appointment of the Wilson Philological Lecturer for the year 1938-39. The Lecturer will be required to deliver in Bombay during the cold weather term of that year, i.e. during the period between November 1938 and March 1939, a course of about six lectures on "ARABIC LITERATURE." The honorarium for the whole course is Rs. 750. No travelling or other allowances will be paid to the selected candidate for delivering the lectures in Bombay.

2. Applications giving full details regarding the academic attainments, teaching experience and other qualifications of the candidates, should be addressed to the Registrar, University of Bombay, and forwarded so as to reach him "not later than Saturday, the 19th February, 1938."

3. There is no printed form of application.

By Order, S. R. DONGERKERY, Registrar.

Bombay, 17th January, 1938. 7735.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE OF SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BAI SAKINABAI, wife of Ramjanally Jamalbhoy has contracted to sell to our client the under mentioned property situate at Peddar Road, Bombay, free from encumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or any right, title or interest in, to or upon the said property by way of co-ownership or partnership or sale or mortgage or charge or trust or gift or maintenance or inheritance or lien or possession or easement or residence or lease or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, failing which the said sale shall be completed without reference to any such claim, right, title or interest in the same if any, will be treated as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of land of Pension and Tax Tenure (the cess whereof has been redeemed) situate at Peddar Road with buildings, structures and tenements standing thereon in the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1,471 square yards or thereabouts (and forming part of a larger plot of land divided into 11 plots) bearing New Survey No. 7,096 and Cadastral Survey No. 3/755 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division and bearing D Ward No. 3536 (10): Street No. 2B being marked as Sub-Plot No. 2 of the larger piece of land which said premises are bounded as follows:—On or towards the North by the Plot No. 3 belonging to Ahmed S. Molubhoy, on or towards the South by Plot No. 1 belonging to Shapurji Dossabhoy Billimoria, on or towards the East by Peddar Road and on or towards the West by Plot No. 7 belonging to Doongersey Shamji Joshi.

Bombay dated this 21st day of January, 1938.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO., Purchaser's Attorneys. 7753.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. P. S. LAUD and others the Executors and Trustees of the Estate of Bai PUTLIBAI, widow of Ranchhoddas Modi have agreed to sell to our client the undermentioned property and that all persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, possession or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office at 20, Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL those two pieces or parcels of Government land or ground of Quit and Ground Rent tenure now redeemed with the messuages tenements or dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being on the West side of Bhendy Bazar Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 402 square yards in the aggregate or thereabouts and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 60, 61, 62, 63, and 64 New Nos. 7381, 7382, Old Survey Nos. 1558-1559, New Survey No. 1027, Cadastral Survey No. 2553 of Bhuleshwar Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward Nos. 8033, 8034, 8035, 8036 Old Street Nos. 168-170 and 180 (1) and New Street Nos. 292-302 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the Bhendy Bazar Road, on or towards the West partly by the property of Ismail Chanda and partly by the sweepers passage, on or towards the North by the property of Pirbhoy Mawjee and on or towards the South by the property of Ghiga Dama.

Dated this 21st day of January, 1938.

MANCHERSHAW B. CHOTHIA & CO., Purchaser's Attorneys. 7764.

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY

Insolvency No. 540 of 1937

Re: GOONDO BABAJI TALWE, a firm, carrying on business through Luxman Narayen Anant Bhat and Vithaldas Gulabchand as Shroffs and Commission agents at Sheikmemon Street, Bombay. Debtors

Ex parte: Messrs. VALLABHRAM HEMCHAND, a firm ..... Petitioning Creditors.

On the 17th day of December, 1937, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the abovenamed Debtors Insolvents.

Dated this 21st day of January 1938.

S. J. RAHIMTOOLA, Insolvency Registrar.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1830 of 1936.

PIRAMAL CHATURBHUJ ..... Plaintiff.

vs.

RAJA PRATAPGIR NARSINGIRJI ..... Defendant.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale dated 1st July, 1937, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court on the premises on SUNDAY, 23rd January, 1938, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

All that piece of leasehold ground, situate at and on the North side of Walkeshwar Road, without the Fort of Bombay, admeasuring 2,689 square yards or thereabouts according to the Lease and 2,591 square yards, according to Cadastral Survey Register and bearing Land Revenue old No. 323, New No. A/2127 and A1/2127, Old Survey No. 13 and New Survey No. A/7292 and 2A/7292 and Cadastral Survey No. 310 (Malabar Cumballa Hill) and Municipal "D" Ward No. 2483 (1), 2484 Street Nos. 1 to 5 together with the dwelling house and structures standing thereon.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. MADHAVJI AND COMPANY, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 33, Medows Street, 35 Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 8th day of December, 1937.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ, Commissioner. 7740.

Auction Sales

CRAWFORD & Co.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES AT DE SILVA ROAD, AND DADAR ROAD, NEAR DADAR B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY STATION, AND ABDUL REHEMAN STREET.

Under instructions from Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Hajee Abdulla Sidick, and others, the Executors and Trustees of the last Will and Testament of the late Hajee Abdulla Hajee Mahomed Khatri, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction on site, the undermentioned properties on the following days at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.)

LOT I—PROPERTY AT DE SILVA ROAD, OPPOSITE DADAR (B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY) STATION, ON TUESDAY, 25TH JANUARY 1938, AT 4-30 P. M. (S. T.) ON SITE.

All that piece or parcel of Freehold land together with the building situate at Dr. De Silva Road at Dadar Plot No. 6 of 1470.8 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 6|201 of the Mahim Division and bearing Municipal G Ward No. 3678 (7) Street No. 39 F Dadar Road.

LOT II—PROPERTY AT DADAR ROAD, NEAR DADAR (B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY) STATION, ON TUESDAY, 1ST FEBRUARY 1936, AT 4-30 P. M. (S. T.) ON SITE.

All that piece or parcel of Foras land together with dwelling house standing thereon situate at Dadar Road containing by admeasurement 2995 square yards (but according to Cadastral Survey Number 3031 3|9 square yards) or thereabouts and part of land registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 177, New Nos. 11867, 11868 and 13027 (part) and New Survey Nos. 1|1874 and 1|1875 (part) and Cadastral Survey Nos. 4|1444 and 5|1444, 6|1444 and Cadastral Survey No. 1444 of Lower Parel Division and in the books of the Collector of Municipal Assessment under G Ward Nos. 3249 (3), 3249 (4) and 3249 (5) and 3249 (3A) and Street Nos. 249, 24-26-26B, 34 and 34B, 28-28B-36A, 24F, 24H.

LOT III—PROPERTY AT ABDUL REHEMAN STREET, ON THURSDAY, 3RD FEBRUARY 1938, AT 4-30 P. M. (S. T.) ON SITE.

All that piece of land with dwelling house thereon situate to the East by Syed Abdul Reheman Street, commonly called Khatri Mohalla, admeasuring one hundred and fifty one and eight-ninth square yards or thereabouts and registered under Collector's Old Nos. 1444, 1445, 1445, New Nos. 7195, 7196, Old Survey Nos. 1060, 1061 and New Survey Nos. 1978, 1979 and Cadastral Survey No. 14 of the Mandvi Division and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes under B Ward No. 27 Street No. 103 Abdul Reheman Street.

CRAWFORD & CO.

D. MISTRY & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW ON SUNDAY, 23rd instant at 10-30 a. m. at "Marshall Lodge", Cumballa Hill, Opposite P. O., under instructions from C. J. Anderson, Esqr., and other high class Modern flat furniture, portable gramophone, Carpet, Radio, rich Chesterfields, pictures, steel safe, glass, crockery, best platedware and Motor Car, etc. On view. D. MISTRY & CO., Auctioneers. Tel. N. 22801.

VORA & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Hughes Road, opp. Messrs. Hyland Co., of complete Bungalow furniture, Grandfather Westminster Chiming Hall Clock, H. M. V. & Columbia Gramophone, Singer Machine, Remington Portable Typewriter, Chesterfield set, Wrist Watches, Wardrobes, Hand Harmonium, Kelvinator, Double door 46 inches Safes, Chandeliers, Dining Table and Chairs, Side Board, etc.

GANDHI & Co.

Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF ONE MORRIS MOTOR CAR.

Messrs GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 24th day of January, 1938, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) near their Auction Rooms at No. 72, Medows Street, Fort, by order of Messrs Punamchand Dipaji and Co., the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Mortgagor Mr. Kashinath Keroba, Mantri:—

One Morris Motor Car in working condition Saloon body, 5 Seater, 4 Cylinder.

Terms: 25 per cent deposit.

GANDHI & CO.

Three
EXPECTED
uses of the Umbrella

DATEY makes this fourth
UNEXPECTED
use of it in

in the PRABHAT social
"THE UNEXPECTED"
HINDI "Duniya-na-Mane?"
Directed by
V. SHANTARAM
Starring
SHANTA APTE
DATEY, VASANTEE
16TH WEEK
Daily 5, 8, 10-30 p. m.
Sat., Sun., Hol., 2 p. m.
KRISHNA
TALKIES Charni Rd.

THE BROADWAY
KHODADAD CIRCLE; KINGSWAY:—DADAR.
—TIME:—:3 SHOWS DAILY—4; 6-30 & 10 P. M.
MIRTH! MUSIC! & LAUGHTER!
COLUMBIA PICTURES'
Super Musical Hit—
"THE KING STEPS OUT"
—:STARRING:—
GRACE MOORE
FRANCHOT TONE and MANY OTHERS
The Riot of Mirth!! Gorgeous Musical Romance!!!
SUNDAY MORNING SHOW AT 10-30 A.M.
"THE PIRATE TREASURE"
—See the complete serial in—ONE SHOW!

PLAZA TALKIES, DADAR.
From Sat. 22nd Jan. 1938
The tenderest romance of our time:
"SEVENTH HEAVEN"
with the greatest stars of 20th Century Fox.
SIMONE SIMON as the street wife &
JAMES STUART
Daily at 6-30 & 10 p. m.
Matinee on Sat. Sun. and Holidays at 3-30 p. m.

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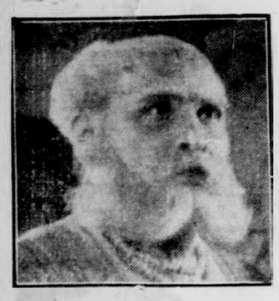
FOR THE COUNTRY

THEY LAID DOWN THEIR LIVES



CHANDRARAO MORE

He strove hard till death to keep his Jawali over which he ruled, Independent.

SHIVAJI

He strove and succeeded in making Deccan an Independent Empire.

MOHANA

She pleaded hard to avoid bloodshed for the benefit of her people.

MURAR

He plunged ahead stifling his feelings to avoid war for the benefit of his people.

THAMAI

She would not allow other women to steal march over her

See these INTERESTING LIVE CHARACTERS in GENERAL FILM'S

"Chandrarao More"

Nation's Leaders have seen it, have liked it

Dr. KHARE

Prime Minister of C. P., says

"A NICE PICTURE"

Mr. K. F. NARIMAN

The Bombay Leader, says:

"A great Historical and Educational film. Such pictures are more useful in teaching lessons of History than books and lectures."

Running for the

3RD GREAT WEEK

AT

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

Three Shows Daily 5-30, 8 & 10-45

Sat., Sun. at 2-30.

The TWIN

Hear Chandrarao More Songs on Twin Records

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Bombay Programme

VUB 244 metres, 1,231 kc/s.

a.m.

8-0 Jaffer Khan—Sitar, Bhankar. 8-10 Sharnabai Palngankar Khayal, Asavari, Bhavgeet-Mishramand. 8-40 Munni Kapal and Shivdayal. 8-47 Parsekar and Ramnathkar "Sanatan nada ha". noon

12-0 Bhajans.

p.m.

12-30 Bhavgeets. 1-0 Market Rates, Announcements. 1-5 Marek Weber and Orchestra. 1-33 Beniamino Gigli—Tenor. 1-40 Reginald Foort—Cinema Organ. 1-47 Amelita Galli-Curci—Soprano. 1-54 Boston Promenade Orchestra. 5-30 "Mahabharat" Hindustani Drama. 6-30 News in Marathi. 6-35 To Bhumijan. 7-30 Commercial News. 7-40 Talk (Gujerati): 'Social Life and Environment of Indian Labourer. By Jamnadas Mehta. 7-55 Harischandra Ball. Purab Kalyan, Bageshri. 8-45 News in Hindustani. 9-0 News in English. 9-15 Rumba Boys Orchestra. 9-45 Talk (English): "Lord Byron." by Prof. R. D. Shoski. 10-0 Antsher Lobo Guitar. 10-15 Olive Morgan—Mezzo Soprano. 10-30 Instrumental Programme. Mehli Mehta—Violin Egidio Verga—Cello. Mario Pagliarin—Piano.

Delhi I Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 kc/s.

TRANSMISSION I

a.m.

8-0 AIR Orchestra—Bhatiar. 8-10 Manohar Bhajan. 8-15 Bande Hasan Bilampat, Durat, Thumri Bhairvin. 8-40 N. R. Bhattacharya Music. 9-10 News (English). 9-20 News (Hindustani). 9-30 Bande Hasan. Khayal Asawari and Dadra. 9-50 Haider Hussain. Jogia on Surbahar. 10-0 Akhtari Bai of Faizabad Music.

TRANSMISSION II

p.m.

12-30 Popular Artists. 12-50 Vocal and Instrumental Medley. 1-30 European Music.

TRANSMISSION III

p.m.

5-0 Bande Hasan Bilampat, Durat, Ghazal. 5-25 Bundu Khan —Sarangi Solos. 5-55 Manohar Geet. 6-0 Akhtari Bai of Faizabad Music. 6-30 "For Villagers Only". 7-30 Bande Hasan Khayal Bihag and Thumri Tilak Kamod. 7-45 B. S. Rawat Ganga Rama—Simla Hill Song. 8-0 Talk (Hindustani). Should advertisements be stopped Mirza Mahmood Beg—Yes. Aftab Ahmad Mukhtar—No. 8-15 Bande Hasan. Khayal Darbari Kanra. 8-25 Bundu Khan—Sarangi Solo. Naiki Kanra and Mudrik Kanra. 8-50 Akhtari Bai of Faizabad Music. 9-15 News, Weather (Hindustani). 9-30 News, Weather (English). 9-45 Kumari Nirmala Joshi Classical Music. 10-0 Talk (English): "Lord Byron". (Born 22nd January, 1788). By E. F. Hart. 10-5 "Pur Israr Awaz." Play in Hindustani. By Ishrat Rehmani. 10-45 Akhtari Bai Light Music. 10-55 News.

Delhi II Programme

TRANSMISSION I

31.4 metres, 9,565 kc/s.

Programmes as in Delhi I

TRANSMISSION II

31.4 metres, 9,565 kc/s.

Programmes as in Delhi I

TRANSMISSION III

86 metres. 3.495 kc/s.

p.m.

5-0 to 6-30 Programme as in Delhi I. 6-30 Bande Hasan. Khayal —Sri Rag and Thumri. 6-50 Readings from Famous Books. "Fasana-e-Azad". 7-0 Bundu Khan. Bihag on Sarangi. 7-15 Mahboob—Qawwalis. 7-30 "Cocktail-Time". 8-0 to 9-45 Programmes as in Delhi I. 9-45 Musical Comedy Memories. 10-0 to 10-15 Programmes as in Delhi I. 10-15 Musical Comedy Memories (Contd.) 10-55 News.

Calcutta Programme

VUC 370.4 m.810 kc/s. and 49.10 m. 6.109 kc/s. (Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

P.M.

12-36 Ilsa Loritta, and orchestra. 1-36 Music on Disc. 2-6 Talk: Daring Seamen—First Atlantic Crossing. By Bimal Bose. 2-21 Variety Concert by S. C. Chatterjee. 5-6 For Rural Areas. 5-36 Probhavaty—Kavya Sangit. 5-51 Bebatrani—Bengali Song (old style). 6-11 Motilal—Sarangee Solo. 6-26 Bijan Ghose Dastidar —Khayal (Puria). 6-46 Chitta Roy—Thumri (Bengali). 7-6 "Gadhulika." 7-51 Talk: Philosophy of Mysteries. By M. L. Roy. 8-6 News, Weather (Bengali). 8-21 Radharani—Ghazal and Dadra. 8-41 Dhiren Mitra—Thumri. 9-1 Commercial News, Weather (English). 9-6 News, Announcements. 9-21 Talk: "Now in News". By Ian Stephens. 9-36 Dance Music by the grand Hotel Orchestra.

B. B. C. Programme

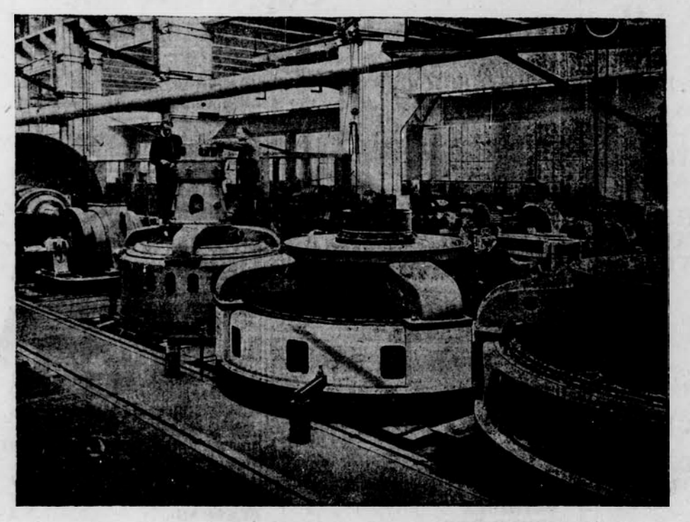
GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.).
GSG 17.79 Mc/s. (16.86 m.).

GSD 11.75 Mc/s (25.53 m.).

P.M.

7-25 Opening Announcements. 7-30 Big Ben. Luigi Voselli, and Hungarian Orchestra. 8-0 'At Black Dog. 8-30 'Dancing Time.' 9-0 Association Football. 10-0 News, Saturday Sport, and Announcements.

ŠKODA



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For Power Plants of all kinds as well as COMPLETE EQUIPMENT OF

ELECTRIC-
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STATIONS.

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BALLARD ESTATE

BOMBAY.

8, Royal Exchange Place

CALCUTTA

Muslim Minister Need Not Be Selected By Community

Governor Clarifies Issue To Anjuman-e-Islam, Bijapur

The Governor in the course of a combined reply to the addresses from District Local Board, the Anjuman-e-Islam, the Inamdars' Association, Bijapur said:—

I have been particularly anxious to come and visit Bijapur district as I know you have been suffering from a series of bad seasons and that the last Monsoon has been for the most part a failure.

I have listened with great interest to the account of your activities and your chief requirements given in the address, and I feel that you deserve to be congratulated on the way you have grappled with your difficulties.

You have in the first place raised the rate of local fund cess to its maximum of 2 annas in the rupee and you have thus shown in a practical way that you have realised that you must depend in the first instance on your own resources.

Not many local boards have done as much as those who deserve full credit for their sense of responsibility.

IRRIGATION WORKS

You have asked for the construction of irrigation works as a permanent protection against failure of the monsoon. I understand that there are two practicable schemes, viz. the Shivayogmandir Weir and the Intaka Weir at Werkal which have been administratively approved, that is to say, which have been worked out and approved but await funds. It is the intention of Government to undertake a programme of such works and to give priority to districts like this which are subject to scarcity. I have no doubt that any representation you make on this matter will be sympathetically considered.

As to communications, the road grant has been cut down for all districts alike and you have been treated no worse than others. You have my full sympathy in this respect for I know that the grant is inadequate and I can also say that I think it is commendable that you have kept the roads in your own charge in such good order.

You have adopted the sound policy of providing work for unemployed cultivators by constructing and repairing roads. The question of a special grant to assist your efforts will, I know, be carefully considered by Government.

The educational grant had to be cut in all districts owing to the financial depression, but Ministers have the question of restoration of the cut under consideration.

Even allowing for the cut Government bear 81 per cent. of the expenditure incurred. Meanwhile I suggest that you might usefully employ part of the Rs. 5 lakhs, which you have accumulated, on the provision of agricultural bias schools and your other educational needs.

You have requested that famine should be declared in your district no doubt under the impression that this will mean larger grants and a fuller scheme of relief.

MISUNDERSTANDING CLEARED

I must make clear that this is a misunderstanding. The famine code was compiled many years ago under different conditions from those of to-day. The declaration of famine would bring this code into force and amongst other things reduce the wages on relief works to a subsistance level and greatly hamper the carrying on works and increase their cost to Government without in any way increasing the help given to the people. The fullest possible relief can be given without a declaration of famine and nothing would be gained by the declaration.

I will now turn to the address of the Anjuman-e-Islam. I am glad to have heard what the Mahomedans have to say as they are one of the Minorities for whose interests I am specially responsible. As regards representation in the Public Services, I find that your percentage representation is equal to that of population.

You have proposed that an Anglo-Urdu Vernacular School should be opened. As only some 60 Muslim boys pass the vernacular standard IV each year this might be difficult, but in view of the large number of Muslims in the District it is worth while for you to make this request to the Educational Authorities.

You have stated that the appointment of a Mahomedan Minister who is not the selected representative of the Mahomedan community is contrary to the spirit of the Government of India Act and of the Instrument of Instructions. I am glad you have raised this point, as I believe the view is held by many of your community, and I welcome the opportunity of stating the facts.

Your view is not correct, and there is nothing in the Act or in the Instrument which enables the Governor to insist that the Minister who represents a minority is to be a person selected by that minority. I have authority to require that a person belonging to a minority community shall be one of the Ministers, but I have no authority to insist that that community shall have a voice in the selections. That is the position, and I should be going counter to the injunction contained in the instruction to encourage the joint responsibility of the Ministry, if I were to insist upon appointing one who might not be willing to work harmoniously with them.

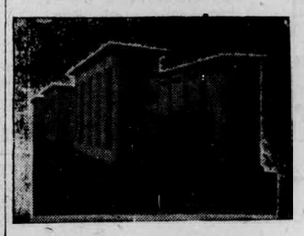
To the Inamdars Association, who are disquieted by rumours of new taxation, I would suggest that it would be better to wait until the proposed legislation is published and then present your case fully and powerfully through your chosen representatives.

You have natural advantages of position and education and I suggest that you should organise yourselves and make your influence felt both in local self-government and in the legislatures so that you may continue to hold a leading position in the changing conditions of the present day.

Hume Latrines

& SEPTIC TANKS

(made of spun concrete)



Latrines are circular from inside

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Factories in all Provinces.

THE INDIAN HUME PIPE CO., LTD.

Head Office: Ballard Estate, Bombay.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

TIMINGS AT VICTORIA TERMINUS

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar and Lucknow Express	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	7 40	17 50
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	8 25	20 55
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Deccan Queen on Mondays only	10 30	.
Deccan Queen on Fridays only		17 15
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 55
Nagpur Express	14 55	21 5
Poona Fast Passenger	17 00	11 35
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

TIMINGS AT BOMBAY CENTRAL

Mail, Express and Passenger train timing in force from January 1, 1938:—

Trains.	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	22 05
Delhi Express	6 00	22 05
Gujarat Mail	6 45	20 25
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 30
Frontier Mail on Saturdays at Ballard Pier	8 40	
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 00	12 30
Kathiawar Express	12 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 30	9 25
'The Flying Ranee' Mondays only from Surat	9 45	
'The Flying Ranee' daily except on Mondays	10 38	
'The Flying Ranee' Mondays only from Bulsar	9 15	
'The Flying Ranee' Saturdays only to Surat		15 10
'The Flying Ranee' Saturdays only to Bulsar		15 30
'The Flying Ranee' daily except Saturdays to Surat		16 05

Iqbal Day In Bangalore

Under the auspices of University Urdu and Persian Literary Association, Muslim Debating Society Muslim Library, Bangalore, the Iqbal Day was celebrated in the quadrangle of the Inter College, Bangalore, on Sunday the 16th instant Prof. A. R. Wadia presided.

Madras.—The local merchants continue to boycott the 150 bags of cloves from Zanzibar landed in Madras on January 3 last from the s.s. "Inchanga". An attempt was made, it is stated, to induce a few merchants to take up the clove business, but it failed. Local Congress leaders have been doing active propaganda towards making the boycott a success.

SMALL FACTORIES AND THE ACT

Indian Chamber's letter to Bombay Government of the Indian Merchants' Chamber has addressed a letter to the Political and Reforms Department of the Government of Bombay criticising the application of the provisions of the Factories Act to specified classes of premises whereas or within the precincts whereof a manufacturing process is carried on under certain circumstances with or without the aid of power

The Chamber complains that this will make the work of many small factories extremely difficult and retard industrial growth of the province. The Chamber thinks that the object of Government viz. serving Labour will not be served.

Rai Bahadur H. B. Kotak, Prime Minister, Janjira State, who is in Karachi, was entertained at "At Home" by prominent citizens of Karachi in the Indian Merchant's Association Hall on Friday evening.

A TELEPHONE ON
THE FLYING RANEE

YOU MAY TELEPHONE RIGHT UP TO THE MOMENT OF DEPARTURE FROM BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE Co.

THE FIRST TO INSTALL A TELEPHONE ON ANY TRAIN IN INDIA.

STRIKING INNOVATIONS IN THE NEW CARRIAGES FOR THIS TRAIN

A CORRIDOR THROUGHOUT, THIRD CLASS RESTAURANT CAR AND SECOND CLASS OBSERVATION COACH WITH ARMCHAIR SEATING.

INAUGURAL RUN

ON SATURDAY JANUARY 29th

TRAIN WILL BE OPEN FOR INSPECTION

TO THE PUBLIC DAILY FROM MONDAY, JANUARY 24th BETWEEN 8-12 and 14-17 HOURS.

B. B. & C. I. R:

PATENTEX

PATENTEX is master product for spacing of child-birth. It is hygienically prepared and is non-injurious. Method of using quite simple and not unpleasant. Preparation according to Indian climatic conditions.

Price per tube Rs. 3-8.

Available AT ALL CHEMISTS.

NEXT SATURDAY

Be prepared to meet

MEHROO
—the GORILLA

The worthy

DAUGHTER
of King Gorilla

KING KONG
working wonders

with

LIMO
— The Dog with sense of superman

IN

RANJIT
Movietone's

100 %
Smartly Different
ANIMAL THRILLER

The Nightingale

Next Saturday at the

WEST END
TALKIES

Lamington Road.

Starring

MADHURI
E. BILLIMORIA
Ghory, Charlie, Dixit, Ram Apte, Ruby etc.,
A JAYANT DESAI'S
SUPER animal thriller

Gonorrhoea Cured

OLD or NEW—Cured Guaranteedly. Medicine charges on cure. Correspondence not invited—visit personally. Time:—9 to 12 a.m. and 5 p.m. to 9 p.m. SUNDAY: 9 a.m to 12 a.m. only.

SANYASI DAVAKHANA (Regtd.), Sandhurst Road.

P S.—Outside Bombay we have no Agent or Branch.

Opp. Central Bank, Majestic Building, BOMBAY 4.

Selections For To-day's Races

Carioca Should Win Victory Cup

(BY "SENEX")

Godfrey holds a strong hand in the Victory Cup and I have an idea Carioca will carry the stable's confidence. He competes with a great chance.

2-0 p.m. THE KHETRI PLATE.—5 Furlongs.

TIPPU SULTAN	1
CHERIE	2

2-30 p.m. THE KHANDALA PLATE.—1 1/4 Miles

RIO RITA	1
LEGION	2
TOHALLA	3

3-0 p.m. THE MILTON PLATE.—7 Furlongs.

REFORMER	1
FAHAD BEG	2
GREAT STAR	3

3-30 p.m. THE COLEYANA PLATE.—6 Furlongs.

RATHLORN	1
POMME D'OR	2

4-0 p.m. THE DELHI PLATE.—1 Mile, 1 Furlong.

HIS HIGHNESS	1
JEWAN	2
ARAB KING	3

4-30 p.m. THE CONSOLATION HANDICAP.—

NOUSTE HENRIC	1
INTEREST	2
COEUR BRULE	3

5-0 p.m. THE VICTORY CUP.—1 1/2 Miles.

CARIOCA	1
CORCY	2
SHIVAJI THE GREAT	3

5-30 p.m. THE LANSDOWNE PLATE.—1 1/2 Miles.

ASSAULT AT ARMS	1
MR. PIP	2
GAY BACHELOR	3

6-0 p.m. THE YARMOUTH PLATE.—1 Mile.

SWIFT REYNARD	1
HIMAT	2
BEKORAH	3

Double:—
REFORMER & NOUSTE HENRIC

Treble:—
HER HIGHNESS, CARIOCA & ASSAULT AT ARMS

To-day's Races At Mahaluxmi

Acceptances For Fourth Day Of Bombay Second Winter Meeting

The following are the horses left in for the Fourth Day of the Bombay Second Winter Meeting, to be run at Mahaluxmi, to-day, January 22:—

First Race: 2-0 p.m.

THE KHETRI PLATE.—Distance 5 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 1,500, second Rs. 500, third Rs. 250. For Indian Horses 4 and 5 years old only, maidens at the time of starting. W. A.

Jayant 8-8, Cherie 8-8, Tippu Sultan 8-8, Tramontana 8-8 and Mon Cheri 8-8.

* *

Second Race: 2-30 p.m.

THE KHANDALA PLATE.—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Winner Rs. 1,500, second Rs. 500, third Rs. 250. For Arabs in Class III.

W. A. reduced 7 lbs. Penalties.—Winner, after 31st October, 1936, of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 2,000 or over, 7 lbs., or of a race or races of the aggregate value of Rs. 3,000, or over, 12 lbs. Allowance.—Ponies 14 hands and under, 4 lbs.

Anant 8-10, Vingt-et-Un 8-10, Kanda 8-10, Virkumar 8-10, Legion 8-8, Tohalla 8-5, Wahid al Iraq 8-5, Rio Rita 8-5, Nandkumar 8-4, Wafi Hamid 8-1, Najaiman Dhabbi 7-9 and Fahad Pasha 7-1.

* *

Third Race: 3-0 p.m.

THE MELTON PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs

Winner Rs. 4,000, second Rs. 1,250, third Rs. 750. For Arabs, maidens at the time of landing, landed on or after 1st July, 1937, direct from the country of foaling. W. A. reduced 10 lbs. (Landing Allowance Clause in General Conditions does not apply). Penalties—Winners, once, 7 lbs., oftener, 12 lbs.

Hilal al Nusser 8-8, Reformer 8-6, Great Star 8-6, Prince Hilal 8-6, Bon Jour 8-1, Gazal 8-1, Nayib al Iraq 8-1, Al Rabi 8-1, Twaisan 7-13, Turkey 7-6, Naji Pasha, 8-1, Kaid Saoud 7-13, Ghazalan 7-13, Samavi 7-13, Fahad Beg 7-13, New Luck 7-6, Jirnas 7-6 and Kabadon Jamil 7-6.

* *

Fourth Race: 3-30 p.m.

THE COLEYANA PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Winner Rs. 2,000, second Rs. 700, third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Indian Horses in Classes III and IV.

Rathlorn 9-9, Rising Sun 9-2, Honeysuckle 8-7, Pomme d'Or 8-0, Resolve 7-9 and Fashiof 7-4.

* *

Fifth Race: 4-0 p.m.

THE DELHI PLATE.—Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Winner Rs. 2,000, second Rs. 700, third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Arabs in Class II.

Jewan 9-0, Subah 8-13, Hakim Pasha 8-11, Watchmaker II 7-13, Her Highness 8-9, Gay Life 8-9, Ghoj al Sa'ad 8-6, Gold Mine 8-5, 7-13, Tharwath 7-11, Sunspot 7-11, and Soufa 7-11.

* *

Sixth Race: 4-30 p.m.

THE CONSOLATION HANDICAP—Distance 1 1/2 miles.

Winner Rs. 2,000, second Rs. 700, third Rs. 300. A Handicap for Horses in Class IV.

Pegasus 9-4, Coeur Brule 9-0, Omegan 9-0, Footslogger 8-11, Ashvaraj 8-11, Column Two 8-7, Nouste Henric 7-9, Come Up 8-7, Interest 8-7, Galumph II 7-9, Kingsborough 7-4, Finhaven 7-4 and Goblin 7-4.

* *

Seventh Race: 5-0 p.m.

THE VICTORY CUP.—Distance About 1 1/2 miles.

A Cup value Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 14,500 from the Fund. Winner, the Cup and Rs. 10,000, second Rs. 3,000, third Rs. 1,500. A Handicap for Horses in Classes I and II.

Shivaji the Great 9-4, Bouldnor 8-13, Carioca 8-9, Etessam 7-4, Motky 7-7, Devastate 7-7 and Corcy 7-4.

* *

Eighth Race: 5-30 p.m.

THE LANSDOWNE PLATE—Distance 1 1/4 miles.

Winner Rs. 3,000, second Rs. 1,000, third Rs. 500. A Handicap for Horses in Class III.

Vidalin 9-4, Manifold 9-0, Assault-at-Arms 8-11, Greek Glen 8-7, Mr. Pip 8-4, Night Alarm 8-2, Don Valley 8-0, Heritance 8-0, Miss Potiphar 8-0, Sherwood 8-0, Irish Ford 7-11, Soltero 7-10 and Gay Bachelor 7-4.

* *

Ninth Race: 6-0 p.m.

THE YARMOUTH PLATE—Distance 1 mile.

Winner Rs. 6,000, second Rs. 1,500, third Rs. 1,000. A Handicap for Horses in Class II.

Fearless Prince 9-2, Sarason 8-11, Royal Prince 8-9, Himat 8-7, Cheap Jack 8-5, Swift Reynard 8-5, King of France 8-2, Bekorah 8-2, Harem 8-0, Nexus 7-9 and Robert 7-7.

New Delhi.—The Government of India have decided that the present system of a leave travelling account should be replaced by free travel for the officer himself, on warrant, at full tariff rates, by the main route to and from the nearest railway station to the Indian Air Force Officer's home once after his first year of commissioned service and thereafter every second calendar year. Railway free allowance of baggage only will be admissible.

Bombay Hockey League

BOMBAY CITY DRAWS WITH ST. XAVIER'S

Fine Struggle For Supremacy

BOMBAY: Jan. 21.

Friday fixture in the Y Section (second division) of the Bombay Hockey League Tournament between the Bombay City and the St. Xavier's College, provided hockey of a high standard and was a keen struggle for supremacy. The teams shared points after 60 minutes of clean and scientific hockey, the result being 1 goal all.

GIDNEY AND BRACKSTONE.

The Bombay City had a sound pair of backs in Gidney and Brackstone, who played a great game and were responsible for breaking many a promising movement of the St. Xavier's nippy forwards, while Otto Ernst, the City custodian, kept his post to advantage and one or two of his many saves were very spectacular indeed.

TEAM WORK.

Coming to the Collegians one cannot fail to give them credit for their excellent team work. They excelled in this and fought together till the last minute. They played a fine losing game and the fact that they in arrears of 1 goal for at least 50 minutes of the game, did not discourage them at all.

THE PLAY.

Immediately after the bully-off the City attack-line broke away in a pretty movement and kept the opposing defenders working hard.

In the 7th minute from the start, D'Cunha gave the Bombay City an early lead cleverly accepting a pass by Tambe (1—0).

Encouraged by their early success the City forwards kept playing in the College area for a couple of minutes. During this period they should have doubled their score; a pass by the right-wing was smartly intercepted by D'Cunha. The latter got past the College back and brilliantly pushed but unluckily the ball struck the woodwork and returned to play.

Up and down play was the order till the Bombay City crossed over with 1 goal lead.

COLLEGIANS IMPRESS.

The second half saw the College team touching their best form and at times they overshadowed their opponents. Their forwards got many chances, but they failed to draw home the advantage being rather poor in the shooting area.

A through pass by Fernandes, the Collegians' pivot, put Lissenburg in possession of the ball the latter getting through nicely scored, but the goal was disallowed, Lissenburg being pulled for sticks.

In the last quarter hour of the play Xavierites made determined raids and kept the City pinned in their 25 area with the result that a few minutes before the final whistle Lissenburg put his side on terms converting a timely pass by the inside-right (1—1).

With the score-board reading 1 goal all, the rival teams went all out for the winning goal, but the defences held out till the end. The teams retired from the field having shared the points.

The result:—

BOMBAY CITY F. C. ... 1 goal.
ST. XAVIER'S COLLEGE 1 goal

THE TEAMS.

BOM. CITY F. C.:—Ernst; Gidney and Brackstone; Rodrigues, Nuthall and Veyeira; Bhatia, Tambe, D'Cunha, Proudfoot and D'Penha.

BOMBAY BENGALIS CONDOLE LATE SARAT CHATTERJEE

Under the presidentship of Sjt. J. C Maitra, the member of the Prabhashi Bangali Sangha, Bombay, held a condolence meeting at the Sangha premises on Thursday last to mourn the death of Dr. Sarat Chandra Chatterjee, the celebrated Bengali Novelist and literateur.

The following resolution was unanimously passed at the meeting:

"The members of the Prabashi Bangali Sangha, in a meeting assembled to express their deep sense of sorrow at the sad demise of Dr. Sarat Chandra Chatterjee and record the irreparable loss sustained by the country, particularly Bengal, and pay their respectful homage to the departed soul. Further they offer their heartfelt condolences to his brother and other members of his family."

The local Government, it is learnt, have introduced as an experimental measure hand-pounded rice as diet to prisoners in certain jails in Madras. If the experiment proves successful, it is likely that hand-pounded rice will be introduced in all other jails.

Correct constipation with a *gentle* laxative

"California Syrup of Figs" is the ideal laxative for children

BLAND and sweet, with a delicious fruity taste, 'California Syrup of Figs' is an instant favourite with children. A little 'California Syrup of Figs' will relieve a child's constipation overnight and as it is so gentle that it can safely be given to infants of six months. 'California Syrup of Figs' is always reliable, never habit-forming, you can regulate its action because you can regulate the dose.

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That's the SPIRIT for all FRIENDLY OCCASIONS

Whether it be a social or business occasion, mellow, friendly old Beehive adds fine and sparkle to the conversation helps a man think clearer and makes even the pessimist admit that "it's not such a bad world after all." Keep a bottle handy—ask for it at the club

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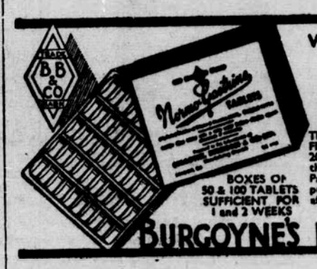

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Normo-Gastrine

The wonderful new remedy relieves Indigestion, Flatulence, Discomfort and Heartburn in less than 20 minutes. Absolutely safe. Recommended by the leading physicians. Partake of your favourite dishes, parathe, chappatis, purees, luchees, etc., without fear of unpleasant after effects.

BOXES OF 50 & 100 TABLETS SUFFICIENT FOR 1 and 2 WEEKS

Of all pharmacies, dispensaries and dealers.

BURGOYNE'S NORMO-GASTRINE

ENGINEERING FIRM DUPED?

Man Alleged To Have Posed As Employee Of Metal Works And Removed Machines

BOMBAY, Friday.

Dhondu Ramachandra (29), was arrested yesterday on charges of theft and cheating

It is stated that he called at Baltiboi and Company, engineers and gin-stores keepers at Nagdevi Cross Lane, and represented to them that he was in the employ of the Punjab Metal Works of Mazagaon and produced a chit supposed to have been signed by the manager of the Punjab Metal Works

On the strength of this letter, he was given two hand machines valued at Rs. 43. He asked them to present their bill at his office. The bill was not paid.

In the evening when the accused called again at the same firm and tried to place another order he was arrested. The property has not been recovered He was remanded into police custody till February 3.

THE MOGUL LINE

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For full particulars apply to:—
TURNER, MORRISON & CO., LTD.,
16, Bank Street, BOMBAY.

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Posh Vad 6, 1994
Muslim: Zilquad 19, 1356
Parsi: Amardad 19, 1307
Higatide: 3-45; 16-35
Lowtide: 10-13; 21-57
Sunrise: 7h. 15m.
Sunset: 6h. 27m.

S. S. 'Rawalpindi' with mails sails at 1 p.m.
Sir Chimanlal's Lecture on Federation at Y.M.H.A. 6-30 p.m.
Lenin Day meetings in City.

AIR SERVICES TO KATHIAWAR

Their Schedule Plane arrived to-day (Friday) at 11-35 a.m. from Kathiawar with 6 passengers.

POSTAL NOTICE

Parcels for Germany direct per Trusenfels will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 2 p.m. on Monday the 24th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

The O. S. K. Steamer "Taijin Maru" left Colombo on January 19th and is due to arrive in Bombay on January 23.

PATHE

THE FIRST CINEMA IN BOMBAY EQUIPPED WITH MIRROPHONIC "SOUND AT ITS BEST"
Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p. m.
Sundays Extra Show: 10 a.m.

NOW IN ITS 2ND MONTH!!

5th FIFTH 5th SMASHING WEEK

THE GREATEST ACTOR IN THE GREATEST PICTURE OF NOT ONLY THIS BUT ANY YEAR

The Life of Emile Zola
Mr. PAUL MUNI
ZOLA
with GALE SONDERGAARD JOSEPH SCHILDKRAUT
Gloria Holden • Donald Crisp
Screenplay—Directed by Wm. Dieterle • Produced by WARNER BROS.

ONE OF THOSE EXTRA-ORDINARY PICTURES WHICH NO ONE SHOULD MISS!

For Bookings 'Phone 41561 or S. ROSE & CO.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

BROADWAY—"The King Steps Out" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"The Sheik Steps Out" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"The Great Garrick" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Vidyapati" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CAPITOL—"High Flyers" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Chandrarao More" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PATHE—"The Life of Emile Zola" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Mad Holiday" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KOHINOOR—"Duniya Kya Hai?" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
GLOBE—"Duniya Kya Hai?" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MINERVA—"Jeevan Prabhat" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"The Unexpected" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Watan" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Nand-Kumar" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Kisan Kanya" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
EDWARD—"I am a Fugitive" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
LAMINGTON—"Mukti" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Seventh Heaven" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.

DISCOURSE ON DNYANESHWARI

Swami Gnanatetanand of Ramkrishna Mission, will give a discourse on Dnaneshwari at Dhuru Hall, Dadar, to-morrow (Sunday), at 9 a.m.

INDIAN MUSIC CIRCLE

The monthly concert will be held at Laxmi Baug, New Bhatwadi, Girgaum, Bombay to-night (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Prof. Behere will entertain the members with Vocal Music.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

The annual gathering of the Social Workers' Society will be held to-day (Saturday), at 6 p.m. at the office of the Adult Education Association Sukhadwala Building 6, Ravelin Street, Fort, Bombay.

BAND AT THE JOSEPH BAPTISTA GARDEN, MAZAGOAN

The Original Imperial Band of Bombay under the Directorship of Mr. P. C. Freitas will play a programme of Music at the Joseph Baptista Garden, Mazagoan-Bombay to-day (Saturday) commencing from 5-45 p.m. (S.T.).

SIR CHIMANLAL'S LECTURE ON FEDERATION

Under the auspices of the Young Men's Hindu Association Sir Chimanlal Setalwad will deliver a public lecture in the premises of the Association, Vithalbhai Patel Road, to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. on "Federation" Sir Cowasji Jehangir will preside.

PARSEE UNIVERSITY STUDENTS' UNION

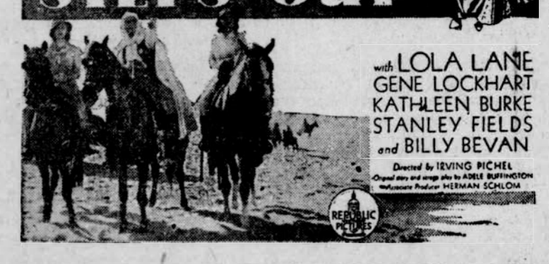
Under the auspices of the University Students' Parsee Union the well-known Parsee speaker Ervad Framroze Ardeshir Bode B. A. will deliver a public lecture on "Democracy in the light of Zoroastrianism" on Sunday the 23rd January at 10-30 a.m. at Masters' Tutorial High School, Saraswati Mandir, Kennedy Bridge, Grant Road.

THE EXCELSIOR THREE SHOWS DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

Ramon NOVARRO

HE'S BACK... singing his Pagan love songs to an amorous heiress in the glamorous desert—where the nights are so long and ... oh, so romantic!

The SHEIK STEPS OUT



with LOLA LANE GENE LOCKHART KATHLEEN BURKE STANLEY FIELDS and BILLY BEVAN
Directed by IRVING PICHEL
Original story and screen play by ADELE BUFFINGTON
Associate Producer HERMAN SCHLOM
REPUBLIC PICTURES

VILE PARLE CONGRESS COMMITTEE ELECTION

Sjt. Gukulbhai Bhatt's Appeal To Voters

(From Our Correspondent.)
VILE PARLE, Friday.

Sjt. Gokulbhai Bhatt has issued the following appeal to the voters of the Vile Parle Congress Committee to come to the polling station on Sunday the 23rd inst. and record their choice against the undermentioned panel and thus co-operates in the formation of the new committee. The selection of panel includes members of the various groups and parties

Amerai Oza
Indravadan Oza
Khanderao Sahani
Gajanan Joshi
Gambhir Kothari
Jagannath Desai
Dhirubhai Desai
Natvar Ghodi
Navallal Jerajani
Nandrai Oza
Pranlal Parmanandidas Sheth
Markandrai Mehta
Ratubhai Desai
Ramcharan Das
Vithal Vishnu Ranade
Virchand B. Sheth
Vridheshankar Trivedi
Sitaram Purushottam Sathe
Hargovinddas Gordhandas
Harsumanrai Mehta.

TELEPHONE ON "FLYING RANEE"

An important event in the Railway world and one which should bring glad tidings to the travellers is the news that the B. B. and C. I. Railway have introduced some novel features for their popular train the "Flying Ranee" Ordinary third class carriages have been equipped with a corridor throughout, and a new third class Restaurant Car has been built with separate accommodation for Hindus and Mahomedans. An Observation Car has been provided for the second class so that the passenger can admire the scenery as he goes and comfortable tip-top seats have been provided in this compartment. Finally this train has actually got a telephone. Passengers will be able to speak to their friends right up to the moment of departure of the train from Bombay.

The first run is an important one and will take place on Saturday (January 29) with the Surat portion leaving at 15-10 hours. Such an event cannot be passed over lightly and an inaugural ceremony must perforce be held. The Mayor of Bombay and the President of the Surat Borough Municipality will be present at Bombay Central Station and Surat station respectively.

The Observation and Dining Cars will be on view at Bombay Central from Monday 24th January) between 8 12, 14, and 17 hours daily, and may be inspected by any one who cares to purchase a platform ticket.

A MUSICAL CONCERT

A musical concert will be held in the Kanara Saraswat Association Hall, Gamdevi to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.) by Mr. Karnad Pandurangrao.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

The third annual general meeting of the Social Workers' Society will be held to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in the Adult Education Society Hall, Sukhadwalla Building, Revelin Street, Fort.

C. V. O. JAIN EDN. SOCIETY

Under the joint auspices of Shree C.D.O.J. Kumar Sangh and Shree C. V. O. J. Educational Society, the President of Cutchi Prajakiya Parishad will deliver a public lecture on the subject 'The Present Position of Cutch and duty of Youths', to-morrow (Sunday), at 7-30 p.m. at Mandvi, Bhat Bazar in Shree C.D.O. Jain Pathsala Hall.

BOMBAY GEOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the above Association Mr. M. M. Shanbhag, B.Sc. B.T., will give a lesson on 'India's Trade' in the Demonstration Hall of the Secondary Training College, Bombay, to-day (Saturday), at 4 p.m.

LECTURE ON KORAN

Under the auspices of the Kuranic Society a public lecture will be delivered on Kuran and its teaching, in the premises of Anjuman-e-Islam High School, near Boribunder Station, from 5 p.m. to 6 p.m. (S.T.).

LECTURE ON VIJAYANAGAR BY PROF. PRATAPGIRI

"The Origin of the Vijayanagar Empire" will be the subject of a lecture by Prof. Pratapgiri Ramamurti under the auspices of the Young Andhra Association at 4 p.m. to-morrow at Ram Bhuwan, 4th Road, Parsi Colony.

RAMDAS VIJAYAM MANDIR

The founders and members of Shree Ramdas Vijayam Mandir announce that the annual social gathering of their Vijayam Mandir will be held to-morrow (Saturday) in the premises of "The Swastik League" Girgaon Back Road, Bombay 4, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Dr. Moses will preside.

IDEAL ENGLISH SCHOOL

The fourth Annual School-Day Gathering of the above school will be held at the Sir C. J. Hall to-day (Saturday), at 5-30 p.m. under the presidentship of Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, M.L.A.

There will be a good variety of items such as Gujarati and English Dialogues and short plays, Drill, Lathi, Legim, Musical performances, and Oriental Dancing.

SCHOOL CHILDREN'S HEALTH DAY

Under the auspices of the Municipal Schools Committee, 'Schools Children's Health Day' will be celebrated to-morrow (Sunday), at 8-30 a.m. (B.T.), in the Krishna Cinema Theatre, Near Girgaon Police Court, when Dr. Mrs. Malinibai Sukthankar, Mr. S. L. Silam and Dr. V. R. Bhoosrath will speak on the 'National Importance of the School Child Welfare Activity.' Mr. M. M. Killedar, M.L.A., J.P., Chairman, Schools Committee, has kindly consented to preside.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(By A SUBURBAN MAN).

In the Suburban Area cattle-farming had aroused quite a lot of interest recently when various bodies of the suburbs worked in its development.

The suburbs are responsible for the supply of over three-quarters of the milk supply of our city.

This milk-supply comes all the way from the furthermost area of the suburbs under no hygienic system whatsoever.

That the suburbs lack development of dairying could be judged by the way milk is handled daily.

If only some system could be introduced suburban milk business which offers a better scope than any other business would develop rapidly.

The first and the foremost step would be to shift all stables from amidst the residential dwellings into the vast stretches of forest land.

In these places a regular colony for the milk trade could be established and modern, cheap methods of distribution, suitable to the needs of our city, should be devised and then attention should be concentrated on the production of indigenous products like ghee, dahi and khoa, which are the output of milk.

DHARAVI MEETING.

"A good road from Gorai to Manori is chiefly needed and that it should be sanctioned by Government without further delay," was the resolution passed by a mass meeting of the villagers of Gorai, Culvem and Manori, held on Sunday last, under the presidentship of Mr. C. D. Barfivala.

The meeting discussed the question of connecting Gorai and Manori by a good "pucca" road, the route for which is selected by the Local Board.

Mr. Barfivala discussing the possibility of such road on behalf of the Local Board wanted to know if the people would give any help to Government by giving free labour.

To this a leading landlord of Gorai, Mr. M Henriques, replied that the villagers annually pay a large revenue to Government in various forms and that for all this Government had done nothing for the people. The meeting thus dissolved with the above resolution.

FIVE MILE WALKING RACE

Competitors for the 5 miles walking race organised by the Kanara Brotherhood are requested to be present at the Churchgate Station, at 6 a.m. sharp to-morrow (Sunday).

THE NAGPADA NEIGHBOURHOOD HOUSE

That "Parliamentary Democracy has proved a failure" will be the subject for a Public Debate at the Neighbourhood House to-morrow (Sunday), at 10 a.m. when Mr. E. D. Zalman will move the proposition and Mr. P. N. Waiker will oppose the motion.

DR. MYERS MEETS MR. KHER

Doctor C. S. Myers, one of the members of the Science Delegation from England met the Hon. Mr. B. G. Kher, the Prime Minister at the Secretariat to-day and discussed with him the labour problems in the Presidency.

THE BOHRA YOUTH LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the above league a debate has been arranged to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. in the League's Hall (Abdul Rehiman Street) when the subject of "Congress has justified office acceptance" will be discussed.

BYCULLA CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

At the newly elected Managing Committee meeting of the Byculla District Congress Committee the following Office bearers were elected for the ensuing year:—

Mr. R. K. Achrekar—President.
Mr. K. L. Borker—Vice-President.
Mr. J. J. Choksey—Vice-President.
Mr. R. D. Hamand—General Secretary.
—Joint Secretaries.
Mr. M. S. Chilap.
Mr. S. V. Patil.
Mr. V. R. Tulla—Treasurer.
Mr. Y. K. Kondvikar—Organising Secretary.
Mr. A. J. Lobo—Publicity Secretary.

INTER COLLEGIATE SPORTS

The Eleventh Annual Inter Collegiate Sports will be held to-day (Saturday) at 2-30 p.m. on the Cooperage. The Hon. Mr. Kher will preside and distribute the prizes.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS.

The Hon. Secretary, Bombay National Guards, writes:—

All volunteers and recruits are requested to be present in uniform at the parade to be held at 6-30 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday) near Marine Lines Station.

They are also requested to be present at 3-30 p.m. to-morrow, (Sunday) at the F.C.D.O. Jain Mahajanwadi in connection with the Mandvi District Congress Elections.

WORLI YOUNG MEN'S ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of The Worli Young Men's Association a public meeting will be held to-day (Saturday), at 8 p.m. (S.T.) in Jamboree Maidan when Sjt. Nagindas T. Master, M.L.A. will perform the ceremony of inaugurating "Kamgar Nagar Sevak Mandal". Prominent leaders will speak on the occasion.

BHULESHWAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE

An ordinary meeting of the new Managing Council of the Bhuleshwar District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. (S.T.) at the Committee office, Chhotalal Bhuvan, Kalbadevi Road, to elect office-bearers and to chalk out a programme for independence day.

CELESTIAL SCENERY THROUGH TELESCOPE

Under the auspices of the Amateur Astronomers League, to-morrow (Sunday), at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the Terrace of Prag Lila Mansion, No. 63, Pedder Road, (three minutes from Bus Station, near Kemp and Co.), Mr. Padam S. M. Godrez will deliver, in English, a public lecture, with illustrative explanations of gazing the Stars and identifying the Constellations. All are invited to enjoy Celestial Scenery through Telescope. Lift available, but no chairs on terrace.

MEETING AT MULUND.

A public meeting will be held at Jawahar Chowk Mulund at 9-0 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday) under the presidentship of Swami Bramhanand to protest against the resolution passed by the Mulund Notified Area Committee for the demolition of Shri Hanuman Temple, situated at Station Road.

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

LONDON-BOMBAY (JUHU)

	Arrival	Delivery.
Wednesday	1 p.m	3-30 p.m.
Friday	1 p.m.	3-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (JUHU)—LONDON

	Latest hour of posting at G.P.O.	Departure
Wednesday	8-30 a.m.	10-15 a.m.
Friday	8-30 a.m.	10-15 a.m.

DELHI-BOMBAY (JUHU)

	Arrival.	Delivery.
Monday	1-55 p.m.	3-30 p.m.
Thursday	1-55 p.m	3-30 p.m

BOMBAY (JUHU)—DELHI

	Latest hour of posting at G.P.O.
Tuesday	8-0 p.m.
Thursday	8-0 p.m.

TRIVANDRUM—BOMBAY (JUHU)

	Delivery
Tuesday	6-0 p.m.

BOMBAY (JUHU)—TRIVANDRUM

	Latest hour of posting at G.P.O
Wednesday	8-0 p.m

BOMBAY (JUHU)—KATHIAWAR

	Departure H.M.
Tuesday	7-15
Thursday	7-15
Saturday	7-15

	Arrival. H.M.
Monday	11-35
Wednesday	11-35
Friday	11-35

"F" WARD DIST. CONGRESS

A meeting of the Council of management of the "F" Ward District Congress Committee will be held to-day (Saturday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Committee's Office Parel, Poibavdi.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY.

"The third annual General meeting of the Social Workers' Society will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. at the office of the Adult Education Association, Sukhadwalla Building, No. 6, Ravelin Street, Fort, Bombay. There will be a social gathering of the members and the guests at 6 p.m. at the same place."

MODERN SCHOOL SPORTS.

The annual sports of the Modern School Students Council will be held on the Wilson College Ground, Kennedy Sea Face to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas will preside.

C. R. SRINIVASAN'S LECTURE.

Under the auspices of the South Indian Association, Matunga, Mr. C. R. Srinivasan, Editor of "Swadeshmitran" will speak in the Asthika Samaj Hall at 9-45 p.m. to-morrow (Sunday) on Congress Ministry in Madras."

CLASS IN BASIC ENGLISH

Under the auspices of the Blavatsky Lodge and Youth Lodge Theosophical Society, Mr. P. R. Rao, B.A., S.T.C. will conduct study class on "Basic English" at the Theosophical Society, Blavatsky Lodge Besant Hall, French Bridge, Chowpatty, to-morrow (Sunday), at 8-45 a.m. (S.T.)

"SHREE LAXMI NARAYAN SEWA SANGH, THANA.

Under the auspices of the above institution, "Tridandi Sanyasi Swami B. H. Bon will speak on "Theism in Hinduism" at Marathi Granth Sangrahalaya, Thana, on 22nd inst. at 5-30 p.m. when Prof. R. S. Bhagwat will preside and Countess Dr. Vera Crassi will introduce the guest.

FIRST HINDU TEMPLE IN LONDON.

At the invitation of the Raja of Aundh State, who has shown keen interest in the building of a Hindu temple and Ashram in London, Dr. Vera Crassi and Swami Bon, are leaving Bombay on Sunday January 23 for Aundh.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION.

Due to some constitutional irregularities the elections of the A.I.S.C. members by the delegates elected by the Bombay Students' Union have been invalidated. Hence a meeting of the delegates to the All-India Students' Conference will be held to elect A.I.S.C. members to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. at the new premises of the Union, Tanker Villa, Gowalia Tank. Delegate fees shall be collected at the meeting.

NEW NIGHT SCHOOL GATHERING

"4th" Social Gathering of the Students of New Night English School Chinchpokli, Bombay will come off to-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) in the Hall of Social Service League, Parel Settlements, Prof. K. L. Phatak has kindly consented to preside.

Regal Sunday 10-30 a. m. AL JOLSON in "WONDER BAR"
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

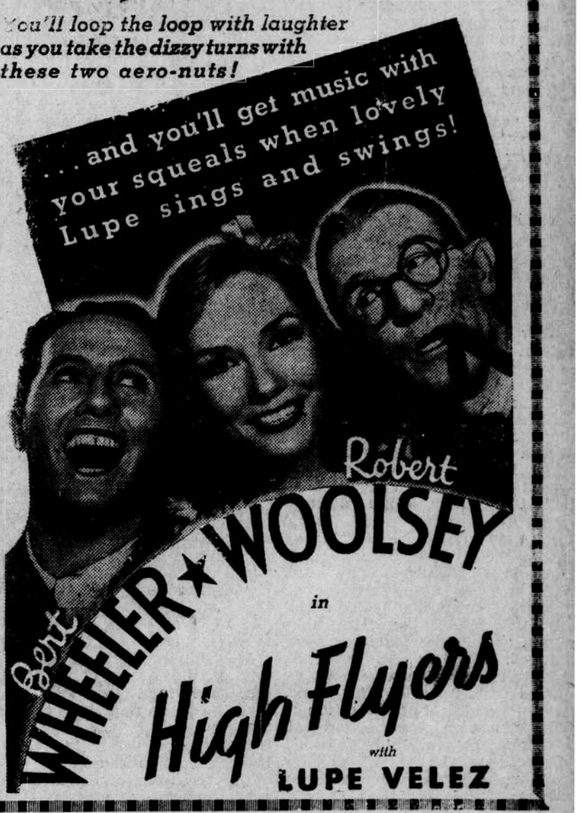
BRIAN AHERNE
OLIVIA DeHAVILLAND
in "THE Great Garrick"
with EDW. EVERETT HORTON MELVILLE COOPER LIONEL ATWILL LUIS ALBERNI • MARIE WILSON • LANA TURNER
A play for the screen by Ernst Vajda
A WARNER BROS. PICTURE
A James Whale Production
Personally Supervised by MERVYN LEROY

This Garrick's a set-up
For eyes that beckon.
Knight of the Garter
And Czar of Neckin'!

Skip all that flattery,
Garrick, my friend.
You'd better go easy—
This street's a dead end!

Capitol DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P. M.

You'll loop the loop with laughter as you take the dizzy turns with these two aero-nuts!



GHATKOPAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE.

Undermentioned members of the Managing Committee of the Ghatkopar Taluka Congress Committee newly formed are elected office bearers unanimously in 1st meeting of Managing Committee held on 20th inst.

President Smti. Kamla Behen Shanghvi, Vice-President, Sjt. Prahlad Keshavlal Patel. Treasurer, Sjt. Narbheram Morarji Jatakia, Secretaries:—
Sjt. Mohanlal Maganlal Parikh.
Sjt. Damodar Balkrisna Vora.

INDIAN CIVIL LIBERTIES UNION.

The Annual General Meeting of the Bombay Civil Liberties Union will be held at the Servants of India Society's Home, to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.). Report of the work done during the last year will be submitted by the Secretaries and Office-bearers and other members of the Executive Committee for the ensuing year will be elected.

PATHARE PRABHU LADIES PUBLIC MEETING.

A public beeting of the ladies of the Pathare Prabhu community will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. at the late Mr. Gajanan Bhaskar Vaidya Memorial Hall of S. L. and S. S. Girls High School in Nawroji Street, when detailed information regarding the forthcoming exhibition will be given and an announcement of the opening of a new sewing class will be made. All ladies of the community are requested to be present with their community friends.

THYAGARAJA CELEBRATION.

The Thyagaraja celebration under the auspices of the Sree Aanjani Sabha, Matunga, will conclude to-day with a procession of Thyagaraja starting from Pratap Bhuwan, Telang Road at 8-30 p.m.

Telephone No. 22027
Post Box 322
Telegrams: "CHRONICLE"
Registered No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1938

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL BILL

The draft Bill amending the Bombay Municipal Act, now being considered by the City Corporation, deserves to be seriously examined by the citizens of Bombay. The Bill provides for (1) Introduction of Adult Franchise for the purpose of elections to the Corporation, (2) doing away with the present system of nomination by the Government to the Corporation, (3) revision of boundaries of wards and redistribution of seats, and (4) an extra seat to a member of the scheduled classes, in the absence of any elected member in the Corporation. The introduction of adult franchise is a radical reform and the question of revising the boundaries of constituencies and redistributing seats among these raises some important issues. The public of Bombay should, therefore, discuss these main features of the Bill dispassionately. As regards the proposal to do away with nomination, nobody opposes the change. And it will be unnecessary to nominate a member of the scheduled classes if the franchise is wide enough and the present system of cumulative voting is continued.

Adult Franchise

It is significant that the Law Committee of the Corporation has approved of the principle of adult franchise but has suggested that, in view of the difficulty of completing the roll of all adult voters in time for the election of 1939, adult franchise should be brought into force in 1942 and an approach should be made to it through literacy franchise in 1939. We do not know if the Corporation will endorse even this cautious approval of adult franchise. Opposition to it from vested interests is natural but not for that reason justifiable. Most of its opponents admit that it is a sound reform but plead that the time is not yet for it and that the electorate needs to be educated to use it properly. If by education is meant literacy, vested interests will continue to be negligent about spreading it, while on the other hand adult suffrage itself will compel the Corporation to "educate our masters." Secondly, if an illiterate five-rupee tenant may be given the vote, why not go a step further and give it to every citizen, without penalising his poverty? That will induce a larger number of voters to take a keener interest in civic affairs. Finally adult franchise, coupled with cumulative voting or the single transferable vote, will be the best solution of the vexed problem of minority representation, as it can enable the most backward community, if large enough, to safeguard its interests. And it will be free from the bad effects of reservation of seats or communal electorates.

Mischievous Possibilities

The question of revising the boundaries of the wards in the City and redistributing the seats among them seems at first sight to be an innocent matter of detail. But it is fraught with mischievous possibilities. It is true there is nothing sacrosanct about the present number of wards. But any proposal to increase their number and revise their boundaries in the present atmosphere, charged with communalism, is sure to encourage attempts at gerrymandering on communal lines. Various alternative proposals are already being proposed many of which are so astutely devised that certain constituencies become the monopolies of this or that community. Such delimitation is calculated to destroy the good effect of joint electorates without even reservation for any minority, a system whose success has been a proud boast of the City and an example to the whole country. Secondly, the larger the number of wards, the fewer will be the seats for each and it will be more difficult for smaller minorities to secure adequate representation. It, therefore, seems best, if only for the present, to leave well alone and not to alter the number of Wards. As the number of seats to be allotted to each ward in the absence of nomination is not appreciably increased, it cannot be urged that there will be too many seats for any one ward. The electorate will doubtless be considerably enlarged. But the difficulty caused thereby can be easily met by having more polling booths then one in each ward. All things considered it will be most inexpedient to disturb the present number of wards or their boundaries.

Co-operation—A Heartening Message

For the co-operative movement all over the country, the present appears to be a period of reorganisation; but such reorganisation will be of benefit to the rural community and the petty traders, handicraftsmen and artisans for whom the movement is intended only if the reconstruction is preceded by a thorough investigation and the plan of future development is carefully and wisely drawn up in advance. Judging by the address delivered recently by Prof. V. G. Kale at the first Gwalior State Co-operative Conference this appears to have been the case in Gwalior. In that State, as in other parts of India as well, certain serious defects had crept in which were not perceived and remedied in time, matters being allowed to drift until the position became critical, owing to the prolonged economic depression which has hit the agricultural classes with particular severity. The authorities of the State were, however, fortunate in securing the services of so experienced a practical economist as Prof. Kale to conduct an investigation and to draw up a five year plan of reconstruction. What is even more praiseworthy is that the Government of the State have lost no time in studying the plan, accepting it and bringing it into operation. All this vigorous action cannot but have a wholesome effect in reviving the movement in the State and re-ordering it on a sound basis.

There is one important aspect of the place of co-operation in rural economic life in India which Prof. Kale emphasizes in his address. The function of co-operation has very often been treated as being restricted to the supply of cheap and facile credit. And when in [illegible] the system has not yielded satisfactory results, various persons both among officials and non-officials have begun to advocate that official agency will prove a cheap and efficient substitute for co-operative societies. These critics forget, what Prof. Kale points out, that the giving and recovering of loans is only one and a subordinate function of a co-operative organization. "Co-operation" Prof Kale aptly phrases it, "is intended to influence and mould the whole life of the cultivator and the artisan and to permeate all his activities and make a new man of him." It is obviously a mistake to suppose that an officially controlled or officially administered system of credit can ever be a substitute for co-operation with its comprehensive aims and its social purpose. In fact, it has not been demonstrated—and here Prof. Kale can speak with authority as one of the most eminent economists of India—that any alternative system of economic organization has proved or could have proved more successful. In their recent report on Agricultural Credit the authorities of the Reserve Bank of India also subscribe to this view that the solution of the problem of agrarian credit in India is linked up with the evolution of a sound and healthy system of co-operation. This may be heartening to workers in the field of co-operation in the present period of travail through which the movement is passing, but co-operation can have a glorious future only if the workers study and understand the defects, apply themselves with a will to carry out, if need be, drastic reorganization and even keep before them not only the immediate goal but also the high purpose and ideals for which the movement stands.

THE PROBLEM OF USURY

It Is Inherent In System Of Maldistribution

(By An Economic Correspondent).

It has been suggested in some quarters that the legislation that is being introduced in the Bombay Assembly and which seeks to control indiscriminate and not infrequently fraudulent, usury is a measure analogous to action taken in other countries under the stress of an abnormal, if ephemeral situation and the state of 'emergency' it creates. The interpretation is no doubt quite original and extraordinarily interesting; but the alleged analogy would be much more convincing if conditions similar to ours in moneylenders' racket or agrarian bankruptcy were cited in support of such a thesis.

Legal Function.

The bills the Government is introducing speak quite clearly for themselves and hardly call for this kind of creative criticism They are primarily measures designed to safeguard the smooth working of the legal machinery and render it invulnerable to the kind of evasion that the law is too inadequate to check technically and are, too, of a negative character with a well defined but generally restricted purpose as regards the practice of usury (to prefer this term to moneylending) or indebtedness that ruins the masses of this country systematically. The only effective remedy that could deal with the evils would be the substitution of a social system of distribution for the present one under which the need for usury would totally and automatically disappear. The legal enactments that the Assembly is considering are urgent and palliative measures that can correct the practice of usury by eliminating extra-legal methods used by classes of money-lenders who are not above sharp practices as they are understood and disapproved by a capitalist society. They however merely regularise usury and their utmost scope can not affect the fundamental problems of usury, of a phenomenon of want, impoverishment and the system of social irresponsibility under which we are living.

The System in Operation.

Im most European cities there are either State or licenced pawnshops that seek to minimise the evil of private usury without dealing with it more radically. In countries where social sanitation has been introduced life becomes less intolerable although even with the greatest measure of 'dole' or unemployment relief, there is an amount of unrelieved, unmeasured and unmeasurable social misery and suffering. But the system of usury remains intact whether it operates on the level of the petty money-lender or on that of capital investment with or without sweated labour, both national and foreign. The technique of modern capitalism has transformed the entire institution into a complex organisation with a pretty terminology behind the impersonal character of which the individual usurer stipulating his poundage of flesh and ounce of blood according to current rate of exchange and control of international laws is difficult to discover even with the help of newspaper advertisement. Whether it is the usurer (like Dostolevski's) or the corporation or company or, as in the fascist countries, the State, that carries on the actual operations in usury, despite the variable methodology, the system remains as a formidable basic structure.

The Basic Problem.

Indian conditions are not unrelated to the world system of usury with its fine network organisation and our social problem is only an integral fraction of the world problem. At the same time, we are in a position to meet the problem of Indian usury and indebtedness by trying to create conditions that could make their existence difficult and superfluous. In other words, the masses of this country must be helped to develop their econmic capacity, strengthen their recuperative powers and generally stabilise themselves into an economic position of prosperity. The problem of usury is bound up inextricably with the greater problem of mass impoverishment that faces us to-day. We have seen in the Scandinavian countries how the consumers' cooperatives have practically destroyed the agencies of parasitism—and usury is essentially one of them—while levelling up both the intrinsic power of consumption, level of prices and the standard of living on one and the same plane. In India the unproductive middleman is also the direct or indirect money-lender—the terms are interchangeable—and the monopoly established by him could be successfully broken if he is dislodged out of the vital economic system.

Social Engineering.

And this could be ac-

(Continued on Page 19 col. 5.)

OUR LONDON LETTER

LONDON, Jan. 12.
(By Air Mail)

In the midst of recent festivities in this country Indian residents in British had been looking forward to only one day—the day on which they would be privileged to greet their fellow countrymen Subhas Chandra Bose, who was until last week in Bad Gastein (Austria), undergoing medical treatment.

On behalf of the Indian community prominent Indians in Great Britain had extended a warm welcome to Subhas in Austria and had written letters requesting him to visit this country. Thanks to Lord Kinnoull, the Marquess of Zetland had informed us that if Subhas Babu decided to visit this country no obstacle would be raised to such a visit. So the day to which we had been looking forward arrived. On Monday last Subhas Babu was given a very enthusiastic welcome as he arrived at the Victoria station in the presence of a crowd which could be compared with the crowds that had given similar reception to two other Indian leaders, Mahatma Gandhi and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.

Enthusiastic Welcome

As I wired to you on Monday every section of Indian political thought in this country was present at the Victoria station. There were several of our countrymen in national costumes; and a huge tri-coloured national flag of India around which a group of Indian students kept a careful watch resulted in acquainting the foreigners of the visit of the Indian leader. As soon as the engine steamed in, a cry went up "Subhas Babu ki Jai". That was a signal for other national slogans, including "Mahatma Gandhi ki Jai" and "Inquilab Zindabad." Mrs. Bhattacharyya stepped forward, as did the galaxy of photographers. As soon as Subhas was garlanded by the Indian lady in traditional Indian fashion the cameramen used their batteries. As the train was already late by over an hour, Subhas was helped by the station official to reach his car in order that he might not be late in keeping his first appointment in this country—that of meeting the representatives of the world press.

Interview With Pressmen

Precisely at 6-30 in the evening, as was arranged, Subhas entered the porticos of Dorechester Hotel to meet the pressmen as the guests of Mr. P. B. Seal who had only recently abandoned journalism to take the directorship an Indian travel agency. Practically the whole of the London and provincial press of this country was represented by its political and diplomatic correspondents. The Continental and American press had their respective quotas and not one representative of the Indian newspapers absented himself on the occasion. We had light refreshments coupled with chats with Subhas who assured us that he was feeling much better. "My health on the whole is much better" he told me. He added "I am looking forward to hard work when I am back in India". Of course, he was much moved by the news that had reached London only a couple of hours ago. His tribute to Srimati Swaruparani Nehru has already reached your readers, as he paid it in the course of an exclusive statement to me.

Subhas Bose was taken aback when I drew his attention to the reports current in some of the London newspapers, that during his recent stay on the Continent he had visited Signor Mussolini and the Duke of Windsor. In promptly repudiating the two reports he said "When I left the aeroplane at Naples I took the first available train for Bad Gastein and did not even see one Italian, leave aside Mussolini. The report that I was to see the Duke of Windsor is as comic as the report six months ago in a London newspaper that a son of a former Prime Minister of England will go out to India and stroll in the jungles in the nude."

Need Of The Hour

Discussing the political situation on the continent Subhas said: "My impression is that the situation is no doubt tense but I do not think there is apprehension of a war in immediate future in spite of the preparations that are going on. Every country is afraid of a modern war in view of the disastrous results which are bound to follow therefrom. So far as the Indian attitude towards world problems is concerned, our wholehearted sympathy has been and will always be for those who are struggling for freedom and democracy against forces of Imperialism and Fascism. The need of the hour so far as our internal problems are concerned is a United Front of all the anti-Imperialist elements in the country. Any division within the rank of the anti-imperialist element will naturally strengthen the powers-that-be."

Subhas expressed great satisfaction with the politically-minded Indians in this country who have been endeavouring to do their best to offer some material help in addition to moral sympathy to the Spanish Government and also to China in their hour of tribulation. "I am sure that this action of our countrymen will help to bring India closer to progressive world movements. The fate of India naturally depends on the fate of the rest of humanity which has been struggling for freedom and democracy."

Yesterday afternoon, as I had informed you on another occasion there was another expression of Indian affection for Subhas Bose. He was welcomed at the St. Pancras Town Hall by the Indian community and their friends under the chairmanship of R. Palme Dutt, who was generous in paying tribute to Subhas in spite of past political differences. The speech by Palme Dutt needs careful perusal by every anti-Imperialist in India but I overlook to report it by this mail as I am anxious to acquaint your readers with the speech that Subhas made.

Romance Of Subjection

Subhas was overwhelmed with emotion to be able to express his feelings at the extremely warm, cordial and affectionate welcome which the gathering had given him. "It would be too formal on my part to attempt to thank you for that because it is affection which you have extended to a brother of yours (and it is something to which I can possibly lay claim as a brother). I would rather thank the British Government for making it possible for me to be here to lay claim to your affections. I doubt sincerely if I would have received so much affection in your midst but for what I have gone through during my public life. Of course, it has been rather a story life, but I think there has been plenty of

(Continued on Page 13, Col. 5).

Enthusiastic Welcome To Subhas Bose

From Our Own Correspondent

FRANKLY SPEAKING

IRISH UNITY.

The cryptic statements which President De Valera has so far made regarding the result of the London conversations do not rule out the possibilities of an amicable settlement of the outstanding issues between the Irish and British Governments. No doubt, as he says, they are approaching some of the questions from diametrically opposite points, but since a peaceful solution of these questions is in the vital interests of both the parties and will have to be reached by them sooner or later, there need be little doubt that the British Government will be disposed before long to take a realistic view of the entire position British politicians are too practical-minded not to realise that the present anomaly of a partitioned Ireland cannot last for ever and that Britain cannot continue to keep Ulster tied to her apron-strings indefinitely. For any British statesman to hold that the Irish minority problem is incapable of solution is to declare his own political bankruptcy. It is only because politicians in Great Britain have all this while been lending their support to the Ulster recalcitrants that the latter have been unpatriotic enough to stand aloof from their own countrymen. Let this artificial support go and Irishmen in the Northern countries will know where their permanent interests lie.

NEIMEYER QUOTAS.

It appears from the reported proceedings of the Provincial Finance Ministers' Conference at Delhi that the amounts to be allotted to the Provinces from the Railway surplus under the Neimeyer Award are far below the expectations encouraged by the Finance Member. It may be, as Sir James Grigg explains, that circumstances beyond his control have yielded a much smaller surplus than was expected. But Provincial Ministers rightly protest against contributions to provinces depending only on Railway earnings. Economies can be made in Army expenditure as well as in the Railways through speedier Indianisation and otherwise. Unless by some means or other substantial contributions are made by the Central Government to the Provinces, there is little chance for the success of provincial autonomy. Most provinces have nearly reached the limit of taxation, and borrowing is no permanent solution of chronic financial stringency.

OLYMPIC APPEAL.

We heartily endorse the appeal made by Sir N. B. Saklatvala, the President of the Bombay Presidency Olympic Association, to the sport-loving public of Bombay for contributions to the fund which has been raised for sending a representative team from Bombay to the All-India Olympic games which are being held this year in Calcutta. The local Association is unfortunately not in a position to shoulder the whole financial burden of the tour, and it is thus the duty of all lovers and patrons of sport to help it in its present enterprise. It will be a great pity indeed if Bombay is unable to take her proper share in the games for want of funds. Bombay has ample talents, as revealed in the recent selection trials here, and our representatives can be relied upon to give a good account of themselves and thus keep the reputation of the first city in India. It is to be hoped that a prompt and generous response will be forthcoming to the appeal.

PENAL REFORM.

The Bombay Government's Bill to provide for the release on probation of first offenders promises to be the first of a series of measures designed to reform radically our present system of dealing with criminals. The Bill provides for the release and supervision of first offenders under 25 years of age by a Probation Officer named by the Court. As the success of the scheme depends on the efficiency of the supervision, Government propose to restrict for the present the scope of the Bill only to certain cases where local conditions are favourable and where it is expected that the system would work properly. Mr. Munshi, who moved the Bill, made out an unanswerable case for its principle and generally for radical reform in our penal system. It is gratifying to note that the principle was supported by every party in the House, and it may be expected that the details of the Bill will be appreciably improved by the Select Committee to which it has been referred. We trust this Bill will be soon followed by a more comprehensive measure to improve our jail administration, which cries out for urgent reform.

THE AHMEDABAD SLUMS.

The facts recounted by Mr. K. F. Nariman in the statement he has issued regarding the slums of Ahmedabad reveal a most deplorable state of things. In many ways the housing position of mill workers in that city is even worse than that in Bombay, as the recent labour office inquiry pointed out. A severe indictment of the situation was made as long ago as in 1931 by the Royal Commission of Labour, and it reflects no credit either upon the Municipality or the mill-owners of Ahmedabad that, far from improving, the housing conditions have actually deteriorated during the last eight years. Mr. Nariman's graphic description of the "Plague Spots" makes most shocking reading. The pity is all the more, considering that the mill industry in Ahmedabad has not fared badly during the last few years. We trust, therefore, that a comprehensive scheme of slum clearance will be undertaken immediately to remove this grave reproach on the second city of the Presidency.

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WITHOUT COMMENT—

Italy heads the list of countries which supplied China with explosives through Hong Kong between December 25 and January 15, according to the figures published in the "Asahi Shimbun," from its Hong Kong correspondent, quoting the Customs House and other authoritative figures. The list is given as follows:—Italy 1,800 tons; Britain 800 tons; Germany 620 tons; United States 450 tons; Denmark 400 tons; Holland 250 tons and Norway 100 tons. The figures have caused a stir here.—Reuter.

* * *

"THAT PERFIDIOUS ALBION!"

TOKIO: Jan. 19.

"To make an enemy of everybody is not good diplomacy. Britain, for example, is a most realistic nation, and it has changed its policy with every change of situation," declared Premier Konoye in a Press interview, published in "Asahi Shimbun."

So the Japanese Premier has, at last, stumbled upon the truth, which was very transparent to the "Little Corsican" more than a century ago.

* * *

"The General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha has asked the Premier and the people of Japan to believe that Hindu India dissociates itself with the Congress condemnation of Japanese Invasion of China."

Now the least that the Permanent President of the All-India Muslim League can do to get even with the Mahasabha is to cable at once his felicitations to Franco on behalf of Muslim India.

* * *

The very imaginative Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha writes in his epistle to the "Osaka Mainichi" that "the Hindus think the Japanese their own co-religionists and brothers-in-faith."

Mr. Jinnah, too, can find his own co-religionists and brothers-in-faith among the Spanish rebel ranks—in the Moors hired by Franco!

* * *

WHERE BOMBAY BEATS BERLIN—

"All food which has not been eaten by guests in German restaurants, and which has been touched only by knife and fork, will be taken back to the kitchens and used again."

When we showed this tit-bit from the latest mail papers to "Mine Host" during lunch yesterday, the old man laughed the laugh of the cognoscenti.....

While we have yet been unable to unravel the mystery of that laugh, we are, however, feeling unaccountably bilious and blue since yesterday.

* * *

How to make roads more artistic?—asks an engineer.

May we suggest that a beginning should be made with the extirpation of the road-hogs?

* * *

JAPAN TO GIVE NO QUARTER TO CHINA.

—Headline.

Unless, of course, China gives half (of herself) to Japan.

* * *

ANSWER TO CORRESPONDENTS

"There may be some faults, and I hope you will correct them. In a word, I request you to make some additions and subtractions in the article and then publish it."

We regret we have only made a long division to avoid multiplication—in the W.P.B.

* * *

CLEARING HOUSE OF WOMEN'S OPINION.

—Headline.

What! Another Tower of Babel?

* * *

TO-DAY'S PRIZE HOWLERS.

(1) The main subject discussed at the post-midnight conference between Messrs. de Valera and Subhas Chandra Bose was whether the Aga Khan will win this year's Derby.

(2) King Farouk has offered the Premiership to Nahas Pasha as a felicitatory gesture on the occasion of his wedding.

* * *

A TEA-TIME THOUGHT—

I remember the time when it took two sheep to clothe a woman; now a single silkworm can do it.

—THOMAS LEVY, M.P.

* * *

"Have you made it up with your wife yet, old chap?"

"Oh, yes! When she saw she was in the wrong, she decided to accept my apology."

Non-Congress Party Leaders' Plans

For Formation Of "More Cohesive Opposition" To Govt.

SEARCH FOR COMMON BASIS OF AGREEMENT

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT).

NOTHING VERY TANGIBLE SEEMS TO BE COMING OUT OF THE INFORMAL DISCUSSIONS OF VARIOUS PARTY AND GROUP LEADERS IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, TO FORM WHAT IS NAIVELY DESCRIBED AS A "MORE COHESIVE" OPPOSITION INSIDE THE HOUSE.

A meeting of the leaders of different Parties and Groups in the Assembly, sitting on the Opposition and non-Government Benches was held recently to find out, if they could not combine their forces together at least on certain subjects.

More Cohesive Opposition

From the talk that I had with the leader of a prominent group, it appears nothing is going to come out of these consultations. I am told that the individual responsible for starting the idea of a "more cohesive" Opposition is a person, who it is said, is more anxious to get some sort of spokesmanship for himself.

SEARCH FOR COMMON BASIS

The suggestion placed before the Parties and Groups is that despite their different programmes and views, they should find out a common basis of agreement, so that they could present a more solid front to the Government. The underlying idea seems to be not so much to pull their weight on the side of beneficial legislation brought forward by the Government, as to offer effective Opposition whenever tactics or expediency may demand one.

Such an attempt was made shortly before the "Interim" Ministry was formed.

The constitutional crisis following the refusal of the Congress Party and the Muslim League to form the Ministries, had brought these leaders together and they made a heroic search for a common line of action. The temptation then was much more powerful in the shape of plums of office, then it is now in the shape of a "more cohesive" Opposition.

PARTY LEADERS

At present in the House there are nearly five or six Groups and Parties. The Muslim League Legislative Party headed by Sir Ali Mahomed Khan Dehlavi, the Progress Party led by Mr. C. P. Bramble, the Peasants and Peoples' Party of Sir Dhunjisha B. Cooper, the Independent Labour Party, of which Dr. B. R. Ambedkar is the leader, the Peasants and Workers' Party, the Democratic Swaraj Party of which Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta is leader, occupy the non-Government Benches.

And then there are a few independent members including the representatives of Labour.

NON-OFFICIAL BENCHES

The non-official benches thus consist of elements who can occupy the extreme swings of a pendulum. And it is these groups that have made an attempt to get together and make their voice felt in a well-knit and organised Opposition.

The prospects of their coming together are, as far as can be seen, not bright. For one reason, the present Government is formed of the Congress Party, and more often than not, each Group finds itself in closer agreement with the Congress Party, than with all the other remaining Groups or Parties.

RELIEF FOR BOMBAY TENANTS

(Continued from Page 1.)

cation for candidates at such election.

"BUDGET GRANTS."

On the motion for the first reading of the Bill, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta (Labour, Railway) supporting the Bill pointed out a few instances where the provisions might entail hardship on the citizens. He suggested that the words "Budget grants" needed clear definition, so as not to include items of income also. He welcomed the provisions in regard to facilitate better water-supply in the city. The Bombay Corporation had been asking for these beneficial provisions for the past 15 years. He described the hardships of the tenants owing to the inadequate water-supply, further accentuated by the apathy of the landlords. It was a tribute to the tenants, Mr. Jamnadas Mehta said, that no serious consequences had followed this attitude of the landlords, in this hardship of insufficient water-supply. As regards the wastage of water, it was not fair to punish the landlords, while it was the tenants who wasted the water. He also agreed with the provision in regard to hawkers and vendors and pointed out that the footpaths and the pavements were chiefly intended for those people, especially women and children who might not find it safe to walk on the highway.

MUCH-MALIGNED HAWKERS.

Mr. K. F. Nariman (Bombay) supporting the Bill wished to put in a plea on behalf of the "much maligned" hawkers. The hawkers rendered a public service and he felt that the clause referring to street-corner barbers and shoe-blacks should not be enforced.

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala (Labour, Railway) said that the hawker carried his goods from place to place without causing the least nuisance or the least obstruction. The Minister had gone a step in the wrong direction, by roping in the barbers, the cobblers besides the hawkers. Except for this provision, he supported the Bill.

The first reading over, the House took up the Bill for consideration clause by clause.

MRS. MUNSHI'S AMENDMENT.

An amendment moved by Mrs Lilavati K. Munshi (Bombay Women) sought to delete the explanation referring to the residence qualification for the election of a councillor by the Fellows of the Senate. Mrs. Munshi said that this explanation would mean that there would be two explanations of the same qualification and, therefore, this should be deleted as it was quite unnecessary. The Amendment was adopted.

The amendment of Mrs. Munshi that the explanation to Clause 5 of the Bill be deleted was accepted by the Minister in charge. The explanation reads that a Fellow shall be deemed to have resided in the city if he resides in any dwelling in the city which he uses from time to time as a sleeping apartment and the Fellow shall not be deemed to cease to reside in the city if there is the liberty of returning to any such dwelling.

FOR ADEQUATE WATER SUPPLY

Mr. S. H. Jhabvala moved an amendment to the effect that the responsibility for adequate water supply to a building shall be of the owners and not of the tenants and owners jointly. The amendment was lost.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta felt that sufficient notice ought to be given both to the owner and the tenants before water connection is cut off as contemplated in one of the clauses.

Mr. Nariman supported Mr. Mehta.

The Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister, objected to the method adopted by Mr. Mehta of making suggestions at the last minute, without even moving the necessary amendment.

Mr. Mehta pleaded guilty to the charge and suggested that the difficulty could be got over by moving the necessary amendment in the Upper House.

LICENCE FOR BARBERS.

The section providing for the licensing of barbers, shoe-makers shoe-blacks etc., by the Municipal Commissioner met with some opposition. Both Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan and Mr. Jhabvala expressed surprise that the Congress Government should have brought forward such a measure. They had expected the abolition of the whole system of licensing hawkers but here was a proposal to extend the system.

Mr. S. K. Patil said that the clause far from being a penal clause, gave protection to the class of persons mentioned above. The clause was adopted.

After adopting 38 out of the 45 clauses of the Bill, the House adjourned till 11 a.m. to-day (Saturday).

VICEROY'S HAPPY FAMILY

Sitting: Lord and Lady Linlithgow. Standing from left to right looking at the photograph, are:—The Lady Anne Hope, The Earl of Hopetoun, The Lady Joan Hope, The Lord John Hope, The Lady Doreen Hope.

Compromise In Sight

Govt. Bill On Local Boards: Electoral Issue

(From Our Correspondent.)

Since Thursday evening, efforts are being made to arrive at some amicable understanding on the question of joint versus seperate electorates for the District Local Board elections. With a view to understand one another's point of view, further consideration of the Bill was postponed yesterday till Saturday.

It appears that the Congress Party have decided in favour of meeting the Muslim point of view, at least half way. At present there are 20 District Local Boards and Government contemplates having served Muslim constituencies in each District as they are going to increase the membership of the Local Boards. Government have decided to offer to the Muslim League that instead of the Muslims in a particular constituency having the option Muslims all over the district should be given the option and if they by a majority decided in favour of joint electorates, Government should make arrangements accordingly.

So far as the members of the Muslim League are concerned, they are prepared to accept the above suggestion of the Government, if they agree to the insertion of another clause in the Bill to the effect, that in case after two or three years, the Muslims of the District find by majority that experience had shown them that they should not in future have joint electorates, they should be given separate electorates.

Enquiries made go to show that the Congress Government might accept this suggestion of the Muslim Leaguers.

The position then will be that Muslims in a District will have the option to choose between joint or separate electorates by a referendum. If Districts decide in favour of joint electorates, now, they will have a further option of reverting to separate electorates by a majority vote, in case experience tells them that joint electorates are against their interests.

RAJEN BABU BETTER

PATNA, January 21.

Latest report regarding Babu Rajendra Prasad's health states that he passed a comfortable night. His blood-pressure was normal, though weakness still persists. The inflammation in the gall bladder disappeared and there was no abdominal discomfort.—United Press.

Leader Who Changed Face Of Province

Jawahar's Tribute To "Frontier Gandhi"

CONGRESS PRESIDENT STRESSES NEED OF POLITICO-ECONOMIC REVOLUTION

ABBOTTABAD: January 21.

"THE FRONTIER PROVINCE HOLDS A POSITION OF UNIQUE IMPORTANCE AS THE FRONTIER OF EVERY COUNTRY. THE EVENTS OF 1930 AND 1932 HAVE BEEN AT ONCE AN EXAMPLE AND INSPIRATION TO THE REST OF INDIA. YOUR PROVINCE HAS PRODUCED A GREAT LEADER OF MEN, WHO BY HIS DYNAMIC SELFLESS WORK, HAS CHANGED THE FACE OF THE PROVINCE," said Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, replying to an address this afternoon on behalf of the citizens of the Abbottabad City and Cantonment, before a mammoth meeting.

NEED OF TWO-FOLD REVOLUTION.

Continuing the Congress President said:—

"Poverty sows the seeds of revolution. Behind the rising tide of India's strength is the urge of hungry and naked millions. A two-fold revolution is needed for India—political and economic—in this changing world of revolutions."

Proceeding Panditji advised the people not to pin much hope in the Congress Ministries. For although they were a symbol of our strength, yet they too were victims of the same worthless system of Government.

Concluding the Congress President advised the audience to rally round the banner of the Congress and increase its strength.

A purse of Rs. 501 was presented by the citizens to Pandit Jawaharlal for the Kamala Memorial Hospital.

FRONTIER WELCOMES CONGRESS PRESIDENT

ABBOTTABAD: Jan. 21.

Amidst scenes of riotous enthusiasm and splendour Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Congress President, commenced early this morning his second seven-day tour in the Frontier.

He changed train at Taxila early before dawn for Havelian. From Taxila to Havelian at all wayside stations crowds besieged the platform in dark early hours, holding big torches and shouting "Hindustan Azad," "Inquilab Zindabad."

TWO LEADERS MEET.

At the Havelian Station Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, who arrived there yesterday night from Peshawar to accompany the Congress President in the tour, cordially embraced him.

Continuous reports of crackers heralded the President's arrival.

After taking tea at the station, Panditji was presented with an address of welcome.

Replying he said that the country's strength was tremendously growing. It was the duty of all to increase organisational power and give a final battle to the forces of reaction.

NO QUARTER TO REACTION.

At 8 o'clock the Congress President, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan and party undertook a forty-mile motor drive to Baffa, situated in the northern-most extremity of the Hazara district. Here another address was presented to him before a huge gathering consisting of shepherds and peasants. An assurance was given in the address that the Frontiermen would dauntlessly march under the banner of the Congress and would unhesitatingly refuse to be misled by communal organisations such as the Muslim League which they thought, was a reactionary body. —United Press.

WE WANT PARTITION

Viscount Craigavon's Message

BELFAST, Jan. 21.

Viscount Craigavon in a message to the constituents or northdown says:

"It will be my constant aim to maintain the unimpaired Ulster's constitutional position within the United Kingdom. We are asking the return of the Government to power on a paramount issue, namely partition."—Reuter.

ABYSSINIAN CURRENCY TO BE SUPPRESSED

ROME, Jan. 21.

Italy is taking the first steps to suppress silver Thaler as the official currency of Abyssinia by publishing a decree discontinuing the link between the Thaler and the Lire and forbidding the quotation of the Thaler in exchange markets.—Reuter

Federal Court To Decide?

Tussle Between Centre And Provinces

Smaller Units Demand Increase In Subvention: Decision On Excise Duty

NEW DELHI: January 21.

The Finance Ministers' Conference concluded to-day after devoting the day to a large extent to a discussion of the scope of the Sales Tax (which is a source of Provincial receipts), and of the Central Excises.

Obscure Position

IT WAS GENERALLY ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THE POSITION UNDER THE ACT WAS OBSCURE AND MIGHT INVOLVE CHALLENGES IN COURTS.

Tussle Continues

SOME MINISTERS WERE DEFINITELY OPPOSED TO THE SUGGESTION OF A LEGISLATION TO CLARIFY THE POSITION, WHILE NO GENERAL AGREEMENT AS TO THE PRACTICAL LINE TO BE DRAWN BETWEEN PROVINCIAL AND CENTRAL SPHERES TAXATION COULD BE ARRIVED AT.

PROVINCIAL DEMANDS

Some Ministers considered that unless Provinces were permitted to invade what was acknowledged to be legally the sphere of taxation of the Centre, no substantial Provincial proceeds were possible. Others thought that they would be able to raise useful sums in the undeniably Provincial sphere.

The kindred subject of a tax on the consumption of electricity and taxes on tobacco were discussed. The smaller Provinces made claims to an increase of the cash subventions, but it was pointed out that this was with difficulty reconcilable with the desire for all the Provinces to be at liberty to invade Central sphere of taxation.

MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING.

Over all the field discussed and even in matters where the Conference did not get much beyond a general interchange of views, it was felt by all present that the meetings had been of value in permitting each party to understand the difficulties and views of the other.—A. P.

FEDERAL COURT TO DECIDE?

Dispute Over "Taxation Of Sales Of Goods" In India Act

NEW DELHI: Jan. 21.

"WE AGREED TO DIFFER."

With these words one Finance Minister described the conclusion of the Finance Ministers' Conference.

It is learnt that after a prolonged discussion no agreed formula in regard to the difference of views about the taxation powers of the Provinces and the Central Government could be evolved.

It appears, the issue may probably be taken to the Federal Court for the interpretation of the words "taxation of sales of goods" in Schedule 7 of the Government of India Act.

MINISTERS LEAVE.

Mr. Bhanjuram Gandhi leaves to-morrow for Peshawar. Mr Mehta, C. P. Minister, leaves to-morrow afternoon, while Premier Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, returns to Lucknow to-morrow evening. Mr. Latthe, Bombay Minister, leaves by the Frontier Mail to-morrow morning.

The Congress Premiers and Ministers were entertained to a largely attended party by Mr. Raghunandan Saran, a local Congress worker.—United Press.

CONGRESS MINISTERS TURN DOWN GRIGG'S FORMULA

NEW DELHI: Jan. 21.

The "United Press" learns that Sir James Grigg offered a compromise proposal, which was some concession to the views of the Provincial representatives. It appears that the "Congress" Provinces did not agree to the Finance Member's formula, which involved an Amendment of the Government of India Act.

The Congress Ministers, it is understood, reiterated their attitude of non-acceptance of the India Act and, on principle, expressed their unwillingness to agree to the proposals for its amendment.—United Press.

BOMBAY AND PUNJAB WIN

Excise Duty For Provinces For Two Years

NEW DELHI, Jan. 20.

It appears that the idea of the conference originated with the proposals for sugar control legislation in the provinces, especially Bihar and the United Provinces, whereby the local Governments have levied duties on sales of sugarcane. The Government of India, it is said, claimed that the provincial Governments could not levy such duties since they were excise in their nature and had been specifically allotted to Federal list. The provincial Governments, on the contrary, maintained that such duties being duties on sales and not on production they came under provincial list. The object of the conference was to evolve a solution of the conflict and, if possible, an agreed interpretation. Another subject which caused difference of opinion among the Centre and the provinces related to Electricity Duties and differences also arose over the interpretation of Excise Duties by the Government of India.

EXCISE DUTY.

It appears that the Government of India tentatively agreed that, for two years after the Government of India Act came into force, Electricity Duties might be retained by the Provinces, after which the Central Government would take charge of such excise duties.

This decision had been communicated to the Governments of the Punjab and Bombay, with whom the difference of opinion first originated. Since the Provinces claim Excise Duties on sales as their preserve, the Conference will consider the interpretation of Schedule 7 at length.—United Press.

MILITARY APPOINTMENTS

LONDON, Jan. 21.

Major General W. G. Holmes has been appointed Commander, 42nd East Lancashire Division, Territorial Army; Vice, Major-General Buchanan. Lt.-Col. F. C. Roberts has been appointed Commander, Poona Independent Brigade area, with the temporary rank of Brigadier Vice Col. T. S. Riddell Webster who has been appointed Director of Movements and quartering, war office.

Lt.-Col. O. G. Body has been appointed Deputy Director of Movements and quartering, army headquarters, India, Vice Colonel Eddis.—Reuter.

ORISSA'S REPRESENTATIVES TO A.-I. C. C.

CUTTACK, January 21.

Sixteen candidates have been elected from Orissa to the All-India Congress Committee. These include the Hon. Mr. Biswanath Das, Premier; Mr. Nityananda Kanungo, Minister, Mr. Harekrishna Mahatab, Mr. Nandakishore Das, Deputy Speaker of the Assembly, and Mrs. Malati Chowdhury (Socialist).—A.P.

TOLL OF AIR-RAID ON BARCELONA

PARIS: Jan. 21.

According to the latest official figures 138 were killed on Wednesday's air raid on Barcelona and about 200 wounded.—Reuter.

Commissioner Upholds Dean's Stand

ECHO OF K. E. M. STUDENTS' ADDRESS TO HON. STAFF

With reference to Corporation Resolution No. 674, dated the 2nd December 1937, requesting him to report on all the relevant facts pertaining to the holding of functions in honour of certain members of the Honorary Staff of the Seth G. S. Medical College, and particularly on the circumstances that led to the refusal of the use of the College premises on 16th November 1937, The Municipal Commissioner says in his report:—

"Towards the end of January 1936, the Hon. General Secretary of the College Gymkhana for that year approached the Dean for permission to present farewell addresses to Drs. Deshmukh, Erulkar and Turner who had ceased to be on the Honorary Staff of the College and Hospital from the preceding term. The Dean readily gave his assent subject to my approval which was obtained subsequently. As usual the Hon. General Secretary was asked to submit the draft addresses for my approval, and a Committee of students was formed to organise the function and to collect subscriptions. The Dean also subscribed his quota for the purpose.

The draft addresses were however, not submitted to the Dean till the end of June 1936.

NO UNREASONABLE DELAY.

As in the meanwhile Dr. Bacha tendered his resignation as an Hon. Member of the College and Hospital staff, a draft address to him was also sent along with the others. The Dean returned the drafts to the Hon. General Secretary suggesting certain modifications and the revised drafts were submitted to him a few days later, *i. e.*, some time early in July 1936. They were shown to me towards the end of that month and I suggested further modifications. It is, therefore, not correct to say that the Dean took six months to obtain my approval to the presentation of the addresses as alleged. Nor is it true, as reported amongst the students, that the Dean took three months to suggest modifications in the drafts submitted to him.

DR. BACHA'S ALLEGATIONS.

As stated above, Dr. A. P. Bacha had sent a letter of resignation, dated the 30th March 1936. In this he alleged that 'many of the recent appointments of the Asst. Honorary staff on the surgical side' had been made on 'an extremely irregular, unjust and communal basis' and adding that 'the most surprising and shameful part of this whole sordid affair is that most of my medical colleagues on the staff and in the Advisory Medical Board have been directly or indirectly responsible for the same rather than anybody of lay persons'. In these allegations was included one prominent member of the Corporation who was also an Honorary Surgeon to the King Edward Memorial Hospital.'

"Dr. Bacha's second letter repeating most of the allegations was received a few days after I had suggested modifications in the draft addresses. The tone of this letter and the aggressive attitude displayed therein towards the staff of the College and the Hospital made it a matter for consideration whether it would be in the best interests of the Institutions to hold in such an atmosphere a farewell function which might turn out to be an occasion for unbecoming criticism.

The Dean discussed the situation with the organisers of the function and it was decided to drop the idea of presenting addresses to all four Honoraries and to return the money collected for the purpose. This was on 6th August 1936.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

"The question of presenting farewell adresses to Dewan Bahadur Dr. Nerurkar, who was due to retire from September 1937, and to Dr. Purandare, who was to give up the Hospital and teaching work from the following October, and of presenting a congratulatory address to the Hon'ble Dr. Gilder, on his appointment as Minister of Health and Excise, arose in September 1937. The present Hon. General Secretary of the College Gymkhana was asked towards the end of September 1937 by the Dean to inquire if the students would like to be associated with the members of the staff in such a function if it was decided upon. On his replying in the affirmative the matter was placed on the agenda of the meetings of the Gymkhana Committee of the College held on 18th September 1937, and of the Advisory Medical Board of the College and Hospital staff held on 1st October 1937.

"At the meeting of the Gymkhana Committee, a suggestion was made that besides the three members of the Honorary Staff mentioned in the agenda addresses should be presented to those who had already retired. The Dean informed the Gymkhana Committee of the circumstances which had led to the dropping of that idea over a year previously, and that it would not look proper to present addresses after such a lapse of time to those who had ceased to be on the staff of the institutions for about 1½ to 2 years. He said, however, that it was for the Committee themselves to decide the point, and that their decision would be carefully considered by him.

The Commitee ultimately resolved to hold the function in honour of Drs. Purandare, Nerurkar and Gilder only, 20 students voting for the Proposition, one against, and one remaining neutral. They also selected six representatives to serve on a Joint Committee of staff and students to make the necessary arrangements.

"The Advisory Medical Board also considered this question at their meeting three days later. They were informed of the discussion in the Gymkhana Committee and after some consideration resolved that 'it was not opportune now to present addresses to those members of the Staff who had retired or resigned in 1935-36." and appointed five members of the Staff on the Joint Committee for the purpose of arranging farewell addresses to Drs. Nerurkar and Purandare and a congratulatory address to the Hon'ble Dr. Gilder.

A meeting of this Joint Committee was convened on the 5th October 1937. A short while before, a typed copy of a representation without date had been sent to the Dean. This representation was placed before the Joint Committee, which on finding that there was no unanimity in the College regarding the addresses to be presented decided to drop the function altogether.

"A meeting of the general body of students was thereafter called by the Dean on 7th October 1937, when he informed them why the idea of presenting addresses to Drs. Deshmukh, Erulkar, Turner and Bacha had not materialised the previous year. Some of the students, however, were dissatisfied and desired to arrange a function themselves. Nine of them saw the Dean on 11th October 1937 and inquired if he would agree to the addresses being given by the students only, and to the function being held in the College. In view, however, of the facts mentioned above, the Dean could not see his way to agree.

DEAN'S STAND.

"In view of such misleading statements, the Dean sent for the nine members of the Students' Committee, and also the Secretaries of the various Gymkhana Departments and told the former that they were not entitled to associate the name of the College with the function, but that they might present the addresses in the name of 'Friends and Admirers' or 'old students' of the ex-honorary staff concerned.

As regards the function itself, only one member of the Honorary Staff and 5 of the Resident Medical Staff attended it. None from the Professorial or Tutorial staff attended. Out of the seven persons announced in the invitation card as the recipients of address, only three, viz., Drs. Deshmukh, Erulkar and Bacha, attended the function.

"I would, however, bring it to the notice of the Corporation that this is not a matter merely of personal prejudice or formal courtesy. As it has developed, it involves grave issues of college discipline and public propriety. No educational institution can be conducted efficiently, unless its Head is empowered to maintain discipline within it, and is wholeheartedly supported by the authorities when his orders are threatened with deliberate defiance. Neither Government, in respect of the Collegiate Institutions directly in their charge, nor the University, nor even Registered Societies or private bodies conducting such institutions ever interfere in their internal management or countenance any attempt at the subversion of such discipline as ought to be maintained within them. In this case the re-opening of the question of presenting addresses after it had been dropped in 1936, the insinuations against the Dean, the misleading statements, and above all the holding of the function in direct contravention of the decision of the authorities constituted a grave violation of propriety and discipline, which no responsible executive in charge of a College can tolerate, without doing serious harm to the Institution itself and to its pupils in the long run.

CORRECT ATTITUDE.

"In my opinion the attitude of the Dean throughout this affair was entirely correct. None can deny that some of the students have acted in a highly objectionable and undisciplined manner in persisting in the venture after the authorities had decided to drop it, in making false insinuations against the Dean, and in offering him gratuitous advice in their representation to him, already referred to, in connection with the decision at which the College authorities had arrived after careful consideration. The Dean in particular would, in my opinion, have failed in his duty had he suffered such conduct to pass unnoticed or omitted to inform all the parties concerned of the true facts."

Deserving Victory For Kashmir

Lancers Out Of W. I. Polo Championships

The curtain went up on Friday afternoon on the Polo season of Western India. Mahaluxmi will be the venue for the Western India Polo Championship Challenge Cup, The Kashmir Cup and for the Trophy presented by His Highness the Maharaja of Rajpipla for the Western India Low Handicap Tournament.

The competition, this year, affords polo enthusiasts to see in play some of the world's finest players.

The fine stretch of green turf of the ground which had been nursed carefully by the Bombay Polo Club was in superb condition, suiting the game admirably. A large crowd was pleased with the polo on the first day.

A start was made with the Western India Championship, in which two matches were down for decision. Golconda the 1936 and 1937 Champions had an effortless entry into the second round as their opponents the Samaritans scratched.

Considerable interest, however, was maintained in the tie where Kashmir met the 17th/21st Lancers.

It will be recalled that in the Ezra Cup at Calcutta the 17th/21st Lancers (plus 5-1/2 goals), playing a team, if memory serves well, with a handicap aggregate of 12, beat Kashmir by 8-1/2 goals to 8.

There, it was said, the Lancers played exceptionally well in an exceedingly fast game.

The line up of the Lancers was somewhat different to-day:— No. 1.— Major R. B. Cooke (5), No. 2—Captain, the Hon. R. G. Hamilton Russell (3), No. 3. Captain H. C. Walford (7), and Back—Mr. B. H. Turner (3), Total—18.

There was one change in the Kashmir team that played in Calcutta, Captain Th. Jaggat Singh did not turn out. The line-up on Friday was: No. 1.—Major General Nawab Khusru Jung (6), No. 2.—Mr. R. Skene (6), No. 3.—Mr. Gerald Balding (9), Back—His Highness The Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir (5) Total—26.

The Lancers failed to settle down and allowed Kashmir to close the first Chukker with a 2 points' advantage (3—1). The second session provided the best polo of the day. The Lancers after allowing Kashmir to get to (5—1), came into their own and played some really astounding polo. At the second bugle the board indicated Kashmir 5, Lancers 4. In the next Chukker Kashmir passed the flags successfully twice, the Lancers replied with an equal number of goals. At the fourth break Kashmir were still in the lead (7—6).

Kashmir were certainly the better mounted side and in the penultimate session this was very noticeable. It closed at (8—6) in Kashmir's favour. Kashmir in the last chukker put on 3 points to their opponent's one.

Mr. Gerald Balding, of international repute and rated at 9 goals in World Ranting was seen to advantage for Kashmir. His constructive play was really spectacular. He was strange to the ground, which perhaps accounted to some wide shootings, seldom seen in his game.

Mr. B. H. Turner, worked tremendously hard for the Lancers at Back and Capt. Hon. Hamilton Russell proved a useful No. 2.

First Chukker:—Kashmir pressed and Skene shot wide. Balding had a clear run through and obtained a goal (1—0). Kashmir scored through Khusru Jung (2—0). The Lancers attacked for a short while and after Hamilton Russell missed Cooke scored (2—1). On the sound of the bugle Balding sent the ball between the flags (3—1).

SCORES:—

Kashmir 3, Lancers 1.

Second Chukker:—Balding took the ball all the way down from Kashmir's territory to that of the Lancers and capped an excellent effort by hitting through (4—1). Balding, once again, scored with a hit almost 60 yards out (5—1). The Lancers now settled down to business. Walford took a 30 yard hit for them and made no mistake (5—2). The Lancers continued to control play and Cooke scored (5—3). Hamilton Russell meeting the ball from a miss—hit increased the Lancers credit (5—4).

Third Chukker:—Balding sent the ball right up, Skene met it, but sent it wide. Lancers travelled to the other end to see Walford throw away a chance of scoring, his dilatoriness allowing Balding to gallop up and clear. Skene with a good effort put Kashmir further ahead (6—4). Shortly before the bugle Cooke was responsible for the Lancers fifth goal (6—5).

Scores:—

Kashmir 6, Lancers 5.

Fourth Chukker:—Play was slow to start with. Cooke broke away but travelled with the ball past the wrong side of the upright. The Maharaja of Kashmir immediately after this relieved the pressure. Khusru Jung got possession and scored (7—5). A 60 yard hit taken by Walford for the Lancers found the mark (7—6). On changing ends Balding was stopped from scoring by Turner brilliantly. Balding threw away two chances for Kashmir, failing to put a 60 yard hit between the flags, following this up by hitting wide when confronted with a vacant goal.

SCORES:—

Kashmir 7, Lancers 6

Fifth Chukker:—A nice movement by the Lancers offered an opportunity to Cooke, when he hit out, Skene, mounted on a very fast pony, was seen to get away to the Lancers' goal. He shot past the uprights on the wrong side. Kashmir was now hot on the attack, and despite Turner's efforts, Balding gave Kashmir another point (8—6).

Scores:—

Kashmir 8, Lancers 6.

Sixth Chukker:—The Lancers were outplayed in the last phase of the game and the better mounted side had the measure of things. Kashmir added three goals Skene, Balding and Khusru Jung scoring. The Lancers, undaunted, reduced the advantage Cooke sending a ball sent up by Turner between the flags (11—7).

Scores:—

Kashmir 11, Lancers 7

Teams:—

Kashmir:—1, Maj. Genl. Nawab Khusru Jung, 6; 2, Mr. R. Skene 6; 3, Mr. G. Balding 9; Back, 1; H. H. the Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir 5. Total 26.

17th/21st Lancers:—1, Major R. B Cooke, 5; 2, Capt. Hon. R. G. Hamilton Russell 3; 3, Capt. H. S. Walford 7; Back, Mr. B. H. Turner 3. Total 18.

JAIPUR PILGRIMS BEATEN

Owing to the Samaritans scratching in the Championship tourney, the second match on Friday was an exhibition game between Golconda and the Jaipur Pilgrims

Polo at it's best was seen here, and Golconda were worthy winners. They beat the famous Jaipur String by 9 goals to 7.

Here again players of international fame participated and the game was a treat to witness.

The Scores ran as follows:—

First Chukker:—Golconda 3, Jaipur 0

Second Chukker: Golconda 4, Jaipur 2.

Third Chukker Golconda 6, Jaipur 4.

Fourth Chukker:—Golconda 7, Jaipur 6.

Fifth Chukker:—Golconda 9, Jaipur 6.

Sixth Chukker:—Golconda 9, Jaipur 7.

Teams:—

Golconda:—1, Capt. Mir Towfik Ali 5; 2, Capt. M. J. Lindsay 4; 3, Capt. H. P. Guiness 8; Back, Mr. Mohd. Hamidulla 5. Total 22.

Jaipur Pilgrims:—1, Rajkumar Prithi Singh 7; 2, Rao Raja Abhey Singh 8; 3, Rao Raja Hanut Singh 9; Back, Capt. P. B. Sanger 7. Total 31.

BOMBAY AND ALL-INDIA OLYMPIC GAMES

Sir Novroji Saklatvala's Appeal

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

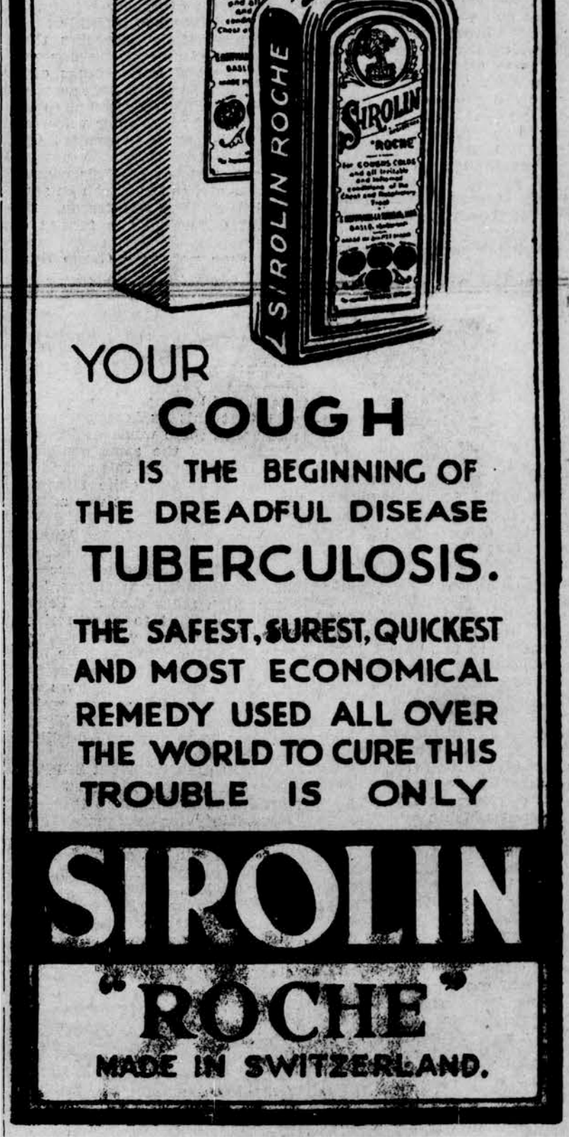
Sir,—May I take the liberty of issuing, through the columns of your esteemed paper, an appeal to the sport-loving citizens of Bombay?

The All-India Olympic Games will be held this year in Calcutta during the first of February. The Bombay Presidency Olympic Association, which has done, and is doing, so much for the encouragement and popularisation of sports in general and athletics in particular in the Bombay Presidency, is anxious that Bombay should be adequately represented in the forthcoming All-India Games. It will be appreciated that for the achievement of this object our best athletes must be sent. This, however, can only be done provided sufficient funds are available for the purpose. The Association is unfortunately not in a position at present to shoulder the entire responsibility of the expense this will involve I would, therefore, like to appeal to the public of Bombay to help the Association as generously as they can to enable it to arrange for a proper representation at the All-India Games at Calcutta.

In this connection, I might draw the attention of the public to the speech of His Excellency the Governor on the occasion of the opening ceremony of the Bombay Presidency Olympic Games recently held in which His Excellency endorsed the Association's appeal to raise funds and hoped that the public-spirited and sport-loving citizens of Bombay would generously contribute toward the Fund and help Bombay to live upto its reputation of being the pioneer province in the Olympic movement in India. His Excellency, in wishing the cause and the Team good luck, also very graciously made the first donation to the Fund himself.

The public of Bombay has at all times in the past generously helped the cause of sports, and I am confident that this appeal will receive at their hands an equally generous response.—Yours etc.

N. B. SAKLATVALA
President,
Bombay Presidency Olympic Association.



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WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

Celebrated Tennis "Stars" Arrive In Bombay

(By Looker On.)

The batch of four professional Tennis players—William Tatem Tilden, Henri Cochet, Robert Ramillon and Albert Burke—who are now touring India, have arrived in Bombay. I offer them a hearty welcome on behalf of the Tennis-loving public of this city. Cochet is no stranger to Bombay's tennis fans. About eight or nine years ago, he paid a visit to Bombay in company with Jacques Bagnon, Landry and Rodel. He gave such an exhibition of tennis that Bombay was literally set on fire. So many foreign teams have come and gone since then, but nobody has been able to capture the imagination of the public to that extent. He still remains their Tennis idol and they will no doubt give him a tumultous ovation which he richly deserves.

"GREATEST PLAYER EVER"

As for Bill Tilden or "Bib Bill" as he is affectionately called all over the Lawn Tennis world, Bombay has been longing to see him since they heard of his wonderful attainments. It is true he is no longer in his prime—he is actually in his 45 year. But he still retains much of his old fire which made him "the greatest tennis player ever" in the domain of Lawn Tennis. The fact that he has actually defeated Cochet eight out of fifteen times they met on Indian soil, proves the above contention. It will indeed be a treat to see these two giants in action.

THE STYLIST.

Though a stranger to Bombay, Ramillon has already created a great reputation for himself in other parts of the country which he visited also last season through the generosity of the Prince of Cutch. Some of our promising youngsters like Sawhney, Ghaus Mahomed, and Jimmy Mehta are greatly indebted to him for his excellent coaching. Although Ramillon is not in the same class as Tilden or Cochet as a master of stroke production or wizard of the court as they are, he is a stylish par excellence. He is sure to take our youthful players by storms by the elegance of his exquisitely beautiful strokes.

ONLY REGRET.

Barke seems to have drawn the unlucky number of the quartette. His regular form has refused to return to him so far despite persistent efforts and pleadings. A player who is known to have helped the growth and rise of the famous "musketeers" of France by his superlative play against them, has been unable to beat Tilden even once and has vanquished Cochet and Ramillon only once each during the present tour. It may be that he will find him real form in Bombay, as the local courts are more to his taste, and do himself justice at last.

My only regret is that none or our amateur players will have an opportunity of measuring strength with the visitors, in public. The International Lawn Tennis Federation has strictly banned such a meeting. As amateurs Tilden and Cochet were worshipped at Wimbledon and elsewhere and as professionals they are treated like parasites by the same crowd. The sooner this suobbery is uprooted, the better it will be for the game.

ALL-INDIA CHAMPIONSHIP.

I notice that the All-India Lawn Tennis Championship Tournament which was to be held at Allahabad has been abandoned owing to "poor and unrepresentative entries" received by the Committee. This is, perhaps, the first time in the history of the tournament that such a thing has happened. But in view of the phenomenal rise and popularity of the Zone Championships which are more or less of an All-India character, this is not at all surprising. Allahabad has little attraction for players. It is good that the A. I. L. T. A. has already decided to stage this National Championship Tournament at Bombay, Calcutta, Madras and Lahore by rotation. It is sure to enhance the importance and prestige of this tournament as well as contribute substantially to the finances to the Lawn Tennis Associations. The only regret is that one year should have been needlessly wasted.

B.P.H.A'S STRANGE ACTION.

I am exceedingly surprised to learn that the Bombay Provincial Hockey Association, Ltd., has for some unaccountable reasons, refused to extend its approval to the dates fixed by the Western India Football Association Ltd., for the Gwalior Cup Hockey Tournament, nor have they suggested alternative dates. Consequently the tournament cannot be held this year. I fail to understand why the B.P.H.A. has taken this drastic step. The W. I. F. A. has been running this tournament for several years now—even before the B.P.H.A. came into being And it has grown in popularity from year to year. I have no doubt the stoppage of this Tournament will cause a good deal of heartburning between the two Associations and the hockey players as well. I hope the B.P.H.A. will clarify the issue soon to save further criticism of their apparently arbitrary action.

GURUKULA UNIVERSITY ANNIVERSARY

The Vice-Chancellor Gurukula University writes:

"In response to pressing requests from the public the dates of the 36th Anniversary of the Gurukula University Kangri Hardwar have been changed from March to April when Kumbha falls at Hardwar. The Gurukula will celebrate its annual function from 10th to the 17th of April thus enabling visitors to the Gurukula to enjoy the Kumbha also. As most of the visitors would like to be in Hardwar from the beginning of April arrangements are being made to set up tents from the 1st of April."

"Did you miss me while I was away, dear?" he asked.

"Oh, no," replied his wife. "Every night I took some of your old clothes and scattered them over the floor Then I burned some strong tobacco and trampled mud from the garden all over the floor and it felt just as if you were here."

Mr. K. L. Shenoy, a young air-pilot, hailing from Ernakulam (Cochin), who recently made a daring flight over the Western Ghats at an altitude of 10,200 ft. from Madras to Cochin Mr. Shenoy, who is only 26 years of age, is a second engineer officer on board one of the Scindia steamers. He took to aviation only three months ago and obtained the pilot's "A" licence within 18 days, after only 7 hours' instruction. He will shortly sit for his "B" licence and proposes to fly to England in May next, if circumstances permit.

P. V. M. TENNIS TOURNAMENT

Mrs. Tew And Mrs. Bell Carry Finals Honours

The Princess Victoria Mary Tennis Tournament for Women held under the auspices of the P. V. M. Gymkhana came to a finish on Friday.

The Singles winner was Mrs. Tew, who had an easy win over Mrs. Genge (6—3, 6—1).

The winners of the Doubles event were Mrs. Tew and Mrs. Bell. The runners up were Misses Dias and D'Lima (6—1, 6—3).

Miss F. Talyarkhan umpired both the finals.

At the conclusion of the matches, Miss Bastavala, Secretary of the Gymkhana in proposing Mrs. Dadachanji to give away the cups, said that considering the difficulties they had encountered in the conduction of the tournament, the fair conclusion of it so encouragingly was a commendable thing. She deplored that even in a city like Bombay, a sporting co-operation from certain quarters was a difficult thing.

Individual cups were then given to all the winners and runners-up.

The tournament had concluded its third year and as many as 17 contestants for the Singles, and 15 teams for Doubles had entered it this year.

KARNATIC UNIFICATION

Governor's Remarks Resented: Gangadhar Rao Speaks Out

Sjt. Gangadharrao Deshpande, President of the Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee has issued the following statement to the press regarding the remarks passed by His Excellency the Governor of Bombay regarding Karnatak Unification while replying to the addresses presented by the Municipality and the Dist. Local Board Belgaum:—

While speaking about the demand for the formation of the separate province for Karnatak His Excellency is reported to have remarked that the proposal is not practical politics that if the Bombay Presidency were split up into three linguistic provinces much additional expenditure would be required. He has added that if the reason for the demand is that Karnatak is neglected the remedy lies in better representation of demands by Karnatak Members in the Legislature and not in the formation of a separate Province.

I am sorry to remark that such a reply by the head of such a big Presidency with regard to one of the most insistent and unanimous demands by the province of Karnatak is wholly disappointing and shows lack of imagination and betrays utter want of sympathy with the legitimate aspirations of the province. I do think that the remarks of His Excellency are obviously due to want of full information as he has but recently taken up the reins of administration.

SEPARATION ON PRINCIPLE.

The principle of the formation of the provinces on the basis of language, homogeneity, etc., has not only been approved of and included in number of Government reports such as Montague Chelmsford report and others but it has also been acted upon in the case of the formation of Behar, Sindha and Orissa provinces quite recently. His Excellency seems to have overlooked the fact that Karnatak consists not only of the four districts of Bombay Presidency but includes Mangalore Bellary and Coorg of the Madras Presidency, and that the total population would be more than 65 lakhs and the total revenue about three crores.

His Excellency ought to note that Karnatak does not base its claim for a separate province merely on the fact that it is not well treated or that it is neglected. It believes that it can rise to its full height and contribute its mite to India only if it has a separate autonomous province and this is not merely an imaginary picture. Since its formation as a linguistic province in the Congress constitution it has advanced to a very great extent in the matter of common efforts for the revival and progress of its language, arts, history, its commerce and industries. There to-day exist a number of institutions common to the whole of Karnatak in the different fields such as languages literature, commerce, Ayurved and so on.

Therefore I feel that the unanimous claim for an autonomous province of Karnatak is well founded on principle and can be a practical proposition if all concerned consider it sympathetically and try to fulfil it. I appeal to all to do their best in this great cause.

Saklatvala Day In Ahmedabad

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 16.

Saklatvala Day was observed in Ahmedabad by the Mill Kamdar Union this evening and two public meetings were held at which comrades Dinkar Mehta, Jugunkhan, Abdul Hai, Maganbhai Patel and Shakur explained the principles for which Saklatvala had lived and died two years ago. He was a great communist who fought for India's freedom for workers' emancipation in England. The speakers exhorted the audience to emulate his example and said that his was the path by which alone India could achieve her goal.

"AKHANDA JYOTI" TO HARIPURA

Immortal Flame Will Be Permanently Placed In "Bharat Mata Mandir"

POONA, Jan. 21.

The Congress Torch "Akhanada Jyoti" (Immortal flame) that was taken from Bombay to Faizpur before the last Congress session there, will be taken to Haripura on February 4 morning when the flag salutation ceremony will take place.

The annual journey of "Akhanda Jyoti" will be continued from one Congress session to another. When a future Session of the Congress will be held in Benares, "Akhanda Jyoti" will be permanently placed in the "Bharat Mata Mandir".—United Press.

Wind And Rain Sweep Over Quetta

QUETTA January 18.

High winds and rains swept over Quetta last night and later in night it was followed by snow which fell about two inches deep in Quetta and suburbs. The surrounding hills are all snow-clad. Reports from Pishin indicate that there was a heavy rainfall in Pishin sub-division last night.—A. P.

Lahore.—A sentence of five years' rigorous imprisonment was passed to-day by the Special Magistrate on a Hindu young man on charges of cheating and forgery. The accused was arrested at Khushab Railway station while alleged to be travelling with a used railway ticket, the date of which had been changed

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About Films And Film Stars

"High Flyers" at Capitol.

'HIGH FLYERS' AT CAPITOL

Wheeler And Woolsey Hold A Hollywood Film Record

Those past-masters in the fine art of fun-making, Bert Wheeler and Robert Woolsey add to their long list of stellar box office attractions one more rollicking comedy, "High Flyers" co-starring the famous team, which is being screened at the Capitol from Saturday, 22nd instant. From smuggling jewels in a stolen police plane, to solving thefts in detective guise, and incidentally making hurricane love to provocative beauties, the erratic but resourceful partners in merry adventure set a record pace for hilarious antics that never slackens up to the film's smashing climax. The story presents Wheeler as an aviator and Woolsey as a side-show barker who, together, unwittingly steal a police plane to do a bit of smuggling and wind up posing as sleuthe on the train of a series of strange thefts at a palatial country estate. They suspect all the wrong persons while trying to keep out of the penitentiary themselves and keep their host's family in near-hysterics. Tempestuous Lupe Velez, playing a high voltage Spanish maid, and beautiful Marjorie Lord, offer pleasing performances as the romantic interests of the two dizzy aviators and do their share toward involving the boys in trouble. Jack Carson as a crooked newspaper man, Paul Harvey, as the millionaire, Margaret Dumont, as the latter's crystal-gazing wife, are excellent in their respective roles. David Dreyer and Herman Ruby are responsible for the tuneful melodies which are interpolated through the comedy. Benny Ribin and Bert Granet adapted the story for the screen from the stage play by Victor Mapes. The picture was directed by Edward Cline and produced by Lee Marcus.

THE GREAT GARRICK

A Rollicking Comedy At Regal

Tall, good-looking, British-born Brian Aherne plays the same part, with lovely Olivia de Havilland as the lass who arouses his romantic interest. Supporting these stars are such capable and popular players as Edward Everett Horton, Melville Cooper, Lionel Atwill, Fritz Leiber, Henry O'Neill, Luis Alberni, Etienne Girardot, Marie Wilson, Lana Turner and Linda Perry. Whale was the director. "The story by Ernst Vijda does not pretend to be biographical, historical or anything else but sheer fun" says LeRoy. "It's one of those thing—as Mark Twain explained about the 'The Prince the Pauper'—that may or may not have happened—but could have happened. It seems that the Great Garrick, ending a long run in London, is going by invitation to France to play at the Comedie Francaise. But preceding him, is a false rumour that he said in London he was going to "Teach the French how to act." Angry the Comedie Francaise people decide to frame him. They rent a suburban hotel, man it with actors instead of the regular staff, and prepare to give Garrick a royal welcome. A young travelling noblewoman whose coach has broken down, Olivia de Havilland, comes seeking shelter for the night. Garrick, who has penetrated the disguises of the others, figures her to be another trouper from Comedie Francaise. He makes love to her, it is reciprocated—and then he tells her she is a poor actress. How all these difficulties are straightened out, and how the lovers get together, make the basis of the suspenseful and gay comedy. "The Great Garrick." Aherne is delightful as David. Olivia goes on to another triumph in her long, successive row of triumphs, the rest of them are more than competent, and altogether the picture is one that by all means should be on everyone's "must" list.

"The Great Garrick" at Regal.

A bevy of belles in Eddie Cantor's musical comedy "Alibaba Goes To Town" which will be shown this week at the Capitol.

"THE KING STEPS OUT"

Grace Moore At The Broadway

Once in a while, something electrifying happens on the screen, a new picture, a new personality emerges to make audiences tingle. The time it is a picture flushed with enchanting music, cleaved with a gay, amusing story, directed with the utmost finesse, acted by an excellent cast—and possessed of the screen's loveliest voice —Grace Moore's.

At the Broadway, Kingsway, Khodadad Circle, Dadar this week, Columbia's musical romance "The King Steps Out," burst forth in all its Viennese splendour. In it, Miss Moore lifts her lyric soprano voice to the tune of Fritz Kreisler music, and succeed in thrilling all within hearing.

Handsome, talented Frachot Tone plays opposite the diva in the role of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria, a young monarch in search of a bride; he plays the part in fine fashion.

The story goes that the young ruler wants a bride and his ambitious mother selects for him Duke's daughter Helena, without the girl's knowledge or consent. The Duke has always been on bad terms with the Dowager Empress, who is his sister-in-law. Wanting to be on the scene, he takes his daughter Cissy with him incognito to the castle town. There the Emperor, thinking Cissy a seamstress, falls in love with her just as he has announced his betrothal to her sister Helena.

Naturally things come out all right; but not before Miss Moore has filled the theatre many times with her golden voice. "The King Steps Out" is a winning picture, steeped in melody, romance, gaiety and entertainment.

Programme also includes many interesting films.

"SMILIN' THROUGH"

Brilliant Drama At The Palace

That a "thing of beauty is a joy for ever" on the screen is reaffirmed at The Palace this week, where Norma Shearer in "Smilin' Through" is the current featured attraction. This beautiful story which had stirred the hearts of countless theatre-goers since it was first presented on the New York stage, takes on a new glow under the witchery of Norma Shearer's acting. In this she is rendered superb support by Fredric March, Leslie Howard, O. P. Heggie and others.

England of 1868 contrasted with the modern times of excitement which attended the last war is the background of this wistful tale. The story is that of a man who cannot forget the memory of a tragedy when the fulfilment of his love is blighted on his wedding day. Fifty years later the son of the man who caused his bitterness returns and falls in love with his niece. Out of bitterness he seeks to keep the young lovers apart, and only when the spirit of his departed one returns does he find it in his heart to relent.

Norma Shearer reaches new heights in her dual portrayal of the two girls. In making a departure from the sophistry of her usual modern roles she is a buoyant, radiant and refreshing spirit

Sunday morning extra show at 10-30 a.m.

"Our Relation" with Laurel and Hardy.

Mukti At Lamington

Barua Plays Leading Role Of Artist Hero

"What do people matter to us? You and I—that is our universe" said the artist to his wife. They adored each other. They were happy and content with themselves. But there was just one rift. The artist would have nothing to do with the world outside. She, on the other hand, brought up in the modern ways of social life in an upper middle class household, was attached to social life. Her father was an enthusiastic society host. He was proud of his son-in-law's artistic ability. He would have him introduced to society, would like to hear him talked about as a genius.

But the artist would not care. He would sincerely agree to join a party at his father-in-law's house but, once in his studio, would be so engrossed in his work that he would forget all about his appointment.

Things could not go on like that for long. Evil tongues got busy with unworthy insinuations. Tempers rose, and matters came to an head.

The hearts that God and Cupid had joined together, society tore asunder.

Thus goes the first part of the intensely human drama picturised by New Theatres into the soul-stirring film "Mukti". So powerful is the sequel, and so realistic is the production, that the Lamington Theatre where the picture was released last Friday, is literally packed at every show every day.

Interest in the film is heightened by the fact that P. C. Barua has directed it and also plays the part of hero in it. Barua is one of the few genuinely great directors in India. As director of "Devdas", he is one of the still fewer immortals in Indian screenland.

Barua is an artist himself. His portrayal of an artist in "Mukti" is therefore, a performance of special significance. It is uniformly good, generally convincing, and occasionally inspired. The artist hero of "Mukti" is conceived as a sporting, athletic, sensitive and iron-willed character. Barua, personally, looks—and is—every inch in answer to that description.

Leaving home, destroying his studio, the artist wanders into wilderness, where he sees life in the raw—both in its loveliness and its cruelty. The story comes to an end with a climax super-charged with emotion.

Kananbala, in the role of the heroine, views with Barua for the honours of the piece. It is exhilarating mental exercise to adjudicate between the two. Both are convincing performers, with a remarkable tidiness and economy of movement. Both can command force and controlled emphasis in dialogue.

The dialogue of "Mukti", by the way, is a praiseworthy achievement. It is concise, pity, natural, simple, and straightforward. There is no attempt at that ornamentation which makes a dialogue look learned but sound unreal. Neither is it so profuse as to make the characters appear exceptionally talkative.

A large part of the burden of guiding the audience through story development thus falls on the acting ability of the cast. All members of it, however, respond splendidly to the call. They include old favourites like Jagdish, Nawab, Menaka and Kapoor.

The result is a dramatic story, powerfully told, authentically directed and convincingly performed. That is "Mukti".

PAUL MUNI AT THE EDWARD

Is it his intensity? Is it his sincerity? Or is it the technique he learned in his long apprenticeship playing every kind of part in the Theatre? We only know that in Paul Muni the screen has found an actor big enough to play heroic roles. And as the FUGITIVE FROM A CHAIN GANG in Warner's new screen drama he gives a vital, a tragically moving performance.

You remember "SCARFACE" and "EMILEZOLA". You remember particularly the man who played the title role—the actor who made your blood run cold as the ruthless killer. That man, that actor, MUNI, has made "I AM A FUGITIVE FROM A CHAIN GANG" a dramatic movie history. You should see it again and again.

There is also a Vitaphone Broadway Brevities in Technicolor CHANGING ON THE GAURD featuring SYBIL JASON.

"MAD HOLIDAY"

Thrilling Detective Mystery At The Wellington

Concerned fully as much with entertaining and amusing its audiences, as with the more familiar one of mystifying them, "Mad Holiday" comes to the Wellington Talkies this week presenting the amusingly different phenomena of a murder mystery "kidding" murder mysteries. Edmund Lowe, and the sophisticated Elissa Landi are in the leading roles cast as a temperamental Hollywood player of detective characterizations, and Miss Landi as a successful author. The authoress, in order to keep the interest of Lowe, hoax a murder, which to everybody's amazement turns out to be a real one. Director George B. Seitz has balanced his mystery elements with an equal share of comedy as such laugh headliners in the cast as Zasu Pitts and Ted Healy testify. Others who contribute excellent support include Edmund Gwenn, Edgar Kennedy, Soo Yong, Walter Kingsford and Herbert Rawlinson.

"The King Steps Out" at Broadway Talkies.

Novarro As Sheik

Makes Love In Modern Way In Film At Excelsior

At last a worthy successor has been found for the mantle of the late Rudolph Valentino, who introduced "sheikh technique" into modern romancing, whose name became a byword for an entire generation.

Ramon Novarro proved by his performance at the Excelsior Theatre, in the title role of Republic's "The Sheik Steps Out," that humour, and a greater imagination, is here to stay, and desert songs and flying burnooses are just as glamorous in this day and age as they were ten years ago.

The modern sheik has a sense of humour, and a greater imagnnation than his predecessor. He wins the palpitating maiden, of course, by the power of his dominating personality, but added to this elemental "menace" are all the niceties of modern love making, including suave wise-cracks and a dash of polished and urbane frivolity. Only a 1937 model sheik could successfully break up his loved one's wedding and carry off the bride—with a calm and polite "Excuse me" to the disappointed groom!

Lola Lane, who plays opposite Novarro, makes a very appealing heroine, and audiences will probably share this reviewer's opinion that there hasn't been enough of this talented player in recent months. Her role in "Marked Women" was singularly successful, and demanded an early return to the 'big' time."

Kathleen Burke, the celebrated "panther woman," scores in the role of Lola's jealous cousin, who does all in her power to win the prized sheik for herself. Gene Lockhart is excellent as the father, a corkscrew magnate, and Charlotte Treadway wins many laughs as the fair, fat and forty aunt of the corkscrew heiress. Other roles are ably taken by George Renavent, George Sorel, Jean De Briac, Billy Bevan, Stanley Fields, Jamiel Hasson, Robert Coote and Leonid Kinskey.

'KANHOPATRA' BOOKED FOR MAJESTIC

Shalini's devotional Marathi picture, "Kanhopatra," has been passed by the Bombay Board of Censors and is awaiting release at the Majestic Cinema, Bombay.

Miss Leela is starring the picture, supported by G. M. Londhe, Chintamanrao Kolhatkar, Dinkar Dhere, Danve, V. B. Date, Paranjpe, Vidyadhar Joshi and others. The picture is directed by Mr. Bhal G. Pendharkar.

Trials Of Stardom

Sabita Devi Relates Interesting Experiences On Radio

The trials and tribulations of a film star's life were described by Sabita Devi, the well-known star, in the course of radio talk she broadcast recently from the Bombay Station.

At the very outset she sought to debunk the popular notion that the life of a screen artiste was all bouquets and complimentary fan mail with only occasional periods of work and a huge salary. "To stand under the blazing lights of the studio from morning till the evening and sometimes even throughout the night is not a pleasant experience. In Hollywood all the important stars have 'stand-ins' who act as substitutes for all preliminary focussing and trials. In India the system is unknown. Here for hours the film artiste has to stand in the blinding glare of 50 thousand candle power lamps for hours while the position of the lights and the camera is fixed."

"A RARE SPECIES!"

Nor were the star's trials ended in the studio. One of their most trying experiences is to be recognized in some public place for people have a disconcerting habit of surrounding a film star as if he or she was a rare specie. That is why most of the film stars have to deny themselves the common pleasures of shopping, visiting public parks or walking down a popular promenade.

SAVED FROM DROWNING

Accidents, too, may happen during the "shooting" of scenes. Sabita Devi described how in the early stages of her career she was once almost drowned in a lake in Calcutta when the "hero" who was supposed to rescue her failed to live up to his pretensions as a swimmer. On another occasion a huge studio lamp suddenly burst during a scene, the glass splinters all about her. Her latest accident was during the filming of a riot scene in "Kokila" when one of the "rioters" hit her with a lathi, causing serious injuries necessitating a prolonged stay in hospital.

She gave an interesting description of her fan mail, how some write to propose marriage, others seeking jobs in the studio, and some even asking for loans of money. "I really feel happy", she said, "that I have now such a big family but naturally it is impossible for me to help them all with jobs or loans though sometimes I do try to help in some really deserving cases".

Ramon Novarro in "The Sheik Steps Out" at the Excelsior.

Rs. 3 CRORES FOR STUDIES IN ECONOMICS

Princely Gift By Chairman Of General Motors

Mr. Alfred P. Sloan, Jr., Chairman of General Motors Corporation, in announcing the donation of three crores of rupees as an endowment to the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation, mentioned that the transaction had nothing whatever to do with General Motors Corporation or his official relationship with it. It was entirely a personal matter. In defining the objectives of the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation, he said:—

"It has as its general purposes, in common with all such organizations, the advancement in any proper way of the interests of the community at large. While the scope of all such welfare activities is unlimited, this particular Foundation proposes to concentrate, to an important degree, on a single objective; i.e., the promotion of a wider knowledge of basic economic truths generally accepted as such by authorities of recognized standing and as demonstrated by experience, as well as a better understanding of economic problems in which we are to-day so greatly involved and as to which we are so importantly concerned. All will agree as to the importance such matters are now assuming in the public consciousness. Many will recognize the vital necessity of their intelligent interpretation in the form of national policies as affecting the well-being of all.

Mr. Sloan, Chairman of the General Motors who has donated three crores of rupees for studies in Economics.

While down through the years many successful men and women of America have contributed in the aggregate large sums for the benefit of those less fortunate, very little has been specifically directed toward the cause of economic education—undoubtedly due to the fact that the importance of that problem has only recently become generally recognized as one in which every one is so individually concerned. While the Alfred P. Sloan Foundation may undertake or promote activities on its own behalf, it will give preference to encouraging, through financial grants and otherwise, such useful agencies as already exist, thus stimulating a broader approach to the common objective, although it might be added its activities will necessarily be limited to the areas of education and research.

Having been connected with industry during my entire life, it seems eminently proper that I should turn back, in part, the proceeds of that activity with the hope of promoting a broader as well as a better understanding of the economic principles and national policies which have characterized American enterprise down through the years, and as a result of which its truly marvellous development has been made possible. All this with the belief that its progress may not only be maintained but accelerated through a more constructive opportunity resulting from a more enlightened understanding on the part of more of our people. Thus, in the exercise of their rights, they may be better advised as to our national policies and, according to their beliefs, may promote the objectives that all have so much in mind—more things for more people, everywhere—an opportunity for achievement—and greater security and stability, as well."

Sentenced For Giving False Information

POONA, (By Mail.)

Mr. S. M. Joshi, of Chakau village, about 17 miles on Poona-Nasik Road, was convicted on Saturday by the Additional District Magistrate, Poona, Mr. Chaoudhary, of giving false information to the District Superintendent of Police, Poona to the effect that the Head constable Zangale and other policemen of Chakau were receiving illegal gratification and in an application to the D.S.P., the accused is alleged to have stated that Zangale on 16th October, 1936, took a bribe from the father of a widow, Tanoobai Keshavgir Gosavi, who wished to conceal the birth of her child and had secretly disposed of the Body.

After holding an inquiry the D.S.P. lodged a complaint under Sec. 182 I.P.C., and after recording evidence, the Magistrate found that the allegations regarding above and that police got monthly payment from bus drivers and owners of Chakau were false, and malicious.

He sentenced Mr. Joshi to one month's rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 or six weeks. —A. P.

RATNAGIRI GIRLS' SCHOOL

(From Our Correspondent)

RATNAGIRI: (By Mail).

A meeting of the citizens of Ratnagiri was held to mourn the loss the Indian nation has sustained in the death of Mrs. Swaruprani Nehru, the revered mother of the nation's beloved President. Mr. V K. Bhagwat, Pleader, pressing the need of co-operation to Pandit Jawaharlal was passed.

BRAHMINS SOCIAL GATHERING

A social gathering of Brahmans of all sub-castes was held on Friday evening at the Damodar Cinema House in Ratnagiri, under the presidentship of Mr. G. R. Purohit, leader of the local bar. The meeting was largely attended Several speeches were made, stressing the need of -co-operation among Brahmins. Every speaker, however, was emphatic on one point, namely, that no communal society or institution must in any way hamper the national progress towards the goal Singing of the national anthem terminated the proceedings, after distribution of Tilgul to the members of the meeting.

GATHERING OF MAHILA VIDYALAYA

The annual social gathering of the Mahila Vidyalaya, (Girls' School), Ratnagiri, was held on Saturday. The prize giving ceremony of the school also took place on the same day in the evening, under the presidentship of Mr. D. R. Naik. Vice-Chairman of the Maharashtra Chambers of Commerce. Various dialogues in English, Marathi, Hindi, and Sanskrit were impressively performed by girls between the ages of 8 to 16. A mass drill of the girls showed good discipline and fine skill. Prizes were given away by the President who commended the enterprise of girls' education in a small town like Ratnagiri. Almost all the important gentry of the city attended the prize giving ceremony. At night the school girls staged a Marathi drama. This performance was preceded by a few musical hits by Master Shahu Modak, the cinema star, of "Shyamasundar" fame, who is at present in Ratnagiri on a holiday visit.

FINE PROGRESS OF THE SCHOOL

It would not be out of place here to give a short account of the institution. The Mahila Vidyalaya was started in 1925 by Mr. J. V. Joshi, Pleader, and his wife Mrs. Malati Joshi, who is a G.A. of the All-India Women's University of Hingne, Poona, founded by the revered social reformer, Prof. D. K. Karwe. The school was started under very discouraging circumstances. Female education was not looked upon with any favour by the local gentry, who formed mostly the orthodox section of the community. It started with the modest number of 13 girls; but by dint of persistent efforts of Mr. and Mrs. Joshi the number has now increased to 128 pupils, learning in five standards of secondary education. What was originally a private school has now expanded into the 'Ratnagiri Education Society', and it hopes to develop into a full-fledged high school very soon. The school possesses its own building and spacious premises in an airy but well protected spot just near the highway. The credit of this great progress made by the school goes undoubtedly to the untiring and herculean efforts of Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Joshi.

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5 Amritsar	13. Colombo	21. Karachi	29. Nairobi (East Africa)	37. Shillong
6. Asansol	14. Cuttuck	22. Karwar (North Kanara)	30. Najibabad	38. Sialkot
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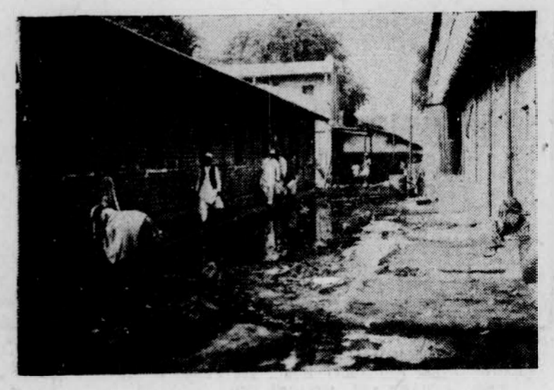

Ramanpur Chawl—around which are pools of dirty water—

Labourers showing Mr. K. F. Nariman the condition of roofing through which neither air nor light can penetrate "Plinths" are below road level.

Mr. Nariman bending his head when coming out of the Chawl as the roofing is too low.

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"Kisan"—Fortnightly From Ahmedabad

(From A Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Jan. 16.

With a view to further the peasant movement and organisation in Gujarat, a fortnightly journal named "Kisan" will be published under the editorship of Sjt. Chandrabhai Bhatt. The policy of the journal will be on the lines of All-India Kisan Sabha and Gujarat Kisan Committee and will come out by the time of Haripura Congress.

His Excellency the Governor of Pondicherry arrived here last night and is staying here as the guest of His Excellency the Governor of Bihar.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Fund System In Lieu Of Pensions

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It has been the sad experience of Government servants that, if after a faithful service to Government for some years a Government servant dies, his family gets nothing for its sheer maintenance. There are instances in which it has been found that on the deaths of Government servants after putting up a meritorious service of even 29 years, their families have been wrecked to complete poverty for want of help.

All this evil is due to the fact of Government not taking notice of the consequences resulting from such premature deaths, and following up the old "system of Pensionary Payments." The second system which is called the "Fund System" and which is followed by most of the Railway Companies, Commercial Firms and Municipalities, has been found to be beneficial to the employer and the employee as well. From the economic point of view, it saves the employer of the clerical labour of verification of services, preparation of pension papers, and the subsequent labour of paying monthly pensions. Equally beneficial is the system to the employee who can engage the accumulations of his sweated labour in the purchase of some house or property of his own choice and spend the rest of his life in peace and happiness.

The average life of an Indian is 25 years and the chances of enjoying pension in the old age are but too remote and dreamy. In a Society after swept away by deadly epidemics and with the economic structure eaten up by the cancer of poverty, the hope of enjoying pension in the old age is but Utopian.

It is, therefore, requested that the Congress authorities in power will divert their attention to this most important life and death question of Government servants and introduce the "System of Fund Payments" in Government services, as early as possible.—Yours, etc.

R. G. KUNTE.

Mr. Hooseinbhoy And The League

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I have carefully gone through the correspondence on the controversy between Mr. Hooseinbhoy Lalljee and the League. Before I go further, I may say that I know many Muslim League men and can say further that many of them deplore this frivolous and unjustifiable move. In their attempt to sling mud at Mr. Hooseinbhoy the Bombay Presidency Muslim League has lowered itself in the public. Sir, as you have put it in your esteemed editorial, such actions show to what a pretty pass the League matters have come to. The correspondence has vindicated Mr. Lalljee the trifling nature of the charges have demonstrated thoroughly what has been foretold in the Press before now, that it is an attempt to sling mud (which has become practice) towards any one leaving that body. It is only the warped genius of Muslim League which can object to such actions as sending the congratulatory telegram?—Yours, etc.

ABDUR KANE.

II

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—After going through Mr. Hooseinbhoy's "crushing rejoinder" (as you have appropriately said) to the extremely childish charges brought against him by the League, I have been, indeed, shocked that his explanations were not accepted. I have also been amazed that such an absurd attitude has been adopted unanimously including by Mr. Jinnah. Personally I feel many would have shown deference to such well-reasoned explanations and would have liked to save the local League being criticised. I cannot reconcile to the idea that all members could be inclined without an exception to adopt such a foolish course. The whole affair seems to be most deplorable.

I can only tell to the Muslim Leaguers that such vindictiveness will not take them very far, specially when directed against such trusted leader like Mr. Hooseinbhoy Lalljee. Perhaps this advice is out of place when one considers how much more these leaders in the League represent themselves than the Muslims. Such irresponsible acts show how frail is their claim to be representatives of Muslim interests.—Yours, etc.,

MOHMED HASSAN SHAIK.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Nayudu For Madras Test

"A well-wisher" suggests in an open letter to the Test Cricket Selection Committee that Major Nayudu should be invited to skipper the Indian team in the Madras Test Match. The correspondent feels that Nayudu will be very useful as a bowler on the Madras pitch.

City Tram-Cars

S. K. BALSE complains against the condition of the tram-cars, which ply between Dadar and Museum West via Girgaum, which he says are very old and very unclean.

The Local Boards Bill

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—It is hardly surprising that the Muslim League party in the Assembly should oppose the Bill. It is in the interests of their own class at the cost of the Moslem masses, who have been till now kept ignorant, illiterate, and uninformed as to their rights. They are well aware of their losing their tight hold on them. Do they need reminding, that this Bill concerns mainly the interests of the masses, the peasants and workers in the rural areas? The Muslims there have always lived and worked side by side with the Hindus for centuries in trade as well as on farms, mainly a product of the same soil. The ignorant Moslem peasants, of to-day have been looking to the Congress for the protection of their interests, even as they did to the British officials erstwhile. Apparently the Muslim masses may be said to have returned members, but in reality they do not represent their interest. The present League members have till now neglected the Moslem masses, the peasantry and the workers in almost every way. It is incumbent upon the Congress Government boldly to resort to legislation of this type if it believes that it is for the good of the Moslem masses. If it is conscious as to the utility of the principle of joint electorate amongst the Muslims, it should boldly stand by it. The voice of these Muslim masses has been stifled. The Government will be failing in their duty if they would hesitate to eradicate the evil of separation.—Yours, etc.,

A MUSLIM ADVOCATE.

Primary Education Committee

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—We read in to day's papers that Mr. Mirza Akhtar, M.L.A., has taken exception to the nomination of Mr. A. H. Lalljee, Bar-at-Law,, to the new Committee appointed by the Government. We were not surprised at these remarks coming as they did from Mr. Akhtar. Mr. Akhtar will be surprised to learn that Mr. Lalljee has already been congratulated for the nomination by as many as half a dozen Muslim League members of the legislature. These are persons who have come by direct election and are, therefore, more representative than by Mr. Akhtar himself. These members have come into close contact with Mr. Laljee and evidently have full confidence in his abilities and feel the Muslim interests have not suffered by his appointment. He was on the Working Committee of the League and in that capacity was the most active and progressive member. He was also wholly responsible for the Nationalist and advanced manifesto of the Parliamentary Board. In view of this, it is little surprising that those in Muslim League who know him do not feel that an undeserving man has been brought in.

Well, as for the non-Leaguers, we do not think there is a single dissentient voice. Mr. Lalljee is regarded in very high esteem by the Nationalists, particularly the youth who have come into contact with him for his public spirit, political ideas and erudition. As far as this Committee is concerned, he is amply fitted by reason of wide reading in Law, Economics, Politics, Sociology and Biology and as a trained scholar. In addition to his very extensive general knowledge, Mr. Lalljee has been in contact with educational problems both in theory and practice of the province and the city. He is the Managing Trustee of two educational Trusts and of the best Muslim residential school in this province for the last three years, ever since he returned to India. Further does Mr. Akhtar know that practitioners on the original side of High Court are regarded after a few years practice as competent to be appointed as Lecturers at Law College attended by Graduates and Post-Graduates?

It is wrong to say that Muslims are displeased by such appointment. The Muslim League people talk as if they are the sole representatives of the Muslims, and all Muslim appointments should be filled from their ranks. These gentlemen should realise once for all that they represent themselves and their admirers and none others. There are so many independent candidates who were opposed by League candidates and the electorates have given their verdict against the League. Even of late, the Kolaba by-election has proved to the hilt that there is a strong opinion against the League. Should these elements be neglected by the Government just because they agree with the Government policy?.

We may say here that since Mr. Lalljee has left the League he has become an anathema to an extreme section of that body to which Mr. Akhtar belongs. Moreover it is a patent fallacy to argue that a particular Muslim who is on the Committee it supposed to represent them any more than that the Hindu members in the Committee represent the Hindus and so on.

As far as Mr. Akhtar's representative character is concerned, he represents a constituency of 8 to 9 persons. Twice Mr. Akhtar had the hardihood of contesting seat in the Assembly from general Muslim Constituency and on both occasions he very narrowly missed forfeiting his deposits.—Yours etc.,

ABDUL BARI
B.A. BL
S. M. ABBAS
B.A. LLB

A.-I. STUDENTS' CONFERENCE

Masani's Fruitless Efforts; Appeal For Concerted Action

In reply to misleading reports that have appeared in the press regarding the recent All-India Students' Conference at Madras, Messrs. Ansar Harvam, Siddiq Ahmed Sidiqui, and Shanti N. Master have issued the following:

On the very first day when the election of the Working Committee was to take place, we found the atmosphere hostile to our desire of having unity in our ranks The Working Committee decided that the election of a new Committee by the All-India Students' Council should be held by Provincial Federations. The Working Committee was guided in arriving at the decision by a provision in the constitution. But a section finding that this decision of the Working Committee would not suit its purpose, tried to flout it, which, naturally resulted in the break-up of the meeting of the All-India Students' Council.

PRESIDENT'S RULING.

On a request from all sections of the delegates, Mr. Masani, President-elect of the session, intervened and an agreed panel for the Working Committee was decided upon. But, when a resolution on the new constitution of Soviet Russia was moved, one of the delegates opposed and challenged the claim of the resolution that the constitution was the most democratic in the world; and when a poll was demanded, the move; and supporters, finding themselves in a minority refused to abide by the method of voting provided in the constitution and chose to wreck the Conference.

One of them raised a point of order questioning the validity of the Conference on technical grounds. The President of the Conference in the face of the constitutional objection, had no option but to interpret the constitution He gave the ruling according to which majority of the provinces were deprived of their votes Thus whole Conference was reduced to a mere farce. The President, under the circumstances dissolved the Conference.

It is very unfortunate that the Conference should have come to an abrupt end on mere technical grounds of minor importance to which the opposition stuck to the end and forced the President to dissolve the Conference.

But this should not in any way dishearten us. Every organisation has to face such difficulties so long as there are black sheep in their ranks. A strong will and concerted action on the part of the students all over the country will keep the flag of the All-India Students' Federation flying in spite of opposition coming from any quarters. We hope the students would rise to the occasion and prove that this unhappy incident was but a boon in disguise.

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Cuticura Works Wonders

Follow these Directions: Wash the affected part night and morning with Cuticura Soap and warm water. Dry gently and apply Cuticura Ointment. This daily treatment relieves itching and allays inflammation at once. The soothing, healing, antiseptic Cuticura penetrates to the depths of the eruption. It destroys the lurking germs which keep the disease active, it heals the festering sores and establishes a healthy condition of the skin which leads to complete recovery. The comfort and benefit even from the first application will amaze and delight you. Cuticura treatment is equally efficacious in the skin troubles of adults.

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Anti-Indian Legislation In South Africa

Tanganyika And Uganda To Follow Zanzibar: Sheth Abdul Hussein Kaderbhoy On Difficulties Of Indians

"We have been accused by the East African Standard, the organ of the European Settlers, that we have been judging and seeing everything on racial lines. This Congress will no doubt show that it is not we Indians who judge and see things from a racial point of view but it is the Kenya Government and the European Settlers who treat the just demands of the Indian community with a racial bias", observed Sheth Abdul Hussein Kaderbhoy in the course of his presidential address at the East Africa Indian National Congress held at Nairobi.

The following are excerpts from his speech.

As usual our important demands and grievances have remained unnoticed and unattended to by the Local Government as well as the Imperial Government and meanwhile new currents appear to have been set in motion which are likely to prove disastrous to the existence of the Indian community, not only in Kenya but in the neighbouring territories of Tanganyika, Uganda and Zanzibar as well.

At the outset I would like to refer to the Government's policy in regard to highlands. I do not intend to cover the old ground again. But there are historical facts which must be borne in mind both by the Public as well as the Government concerned. You are aware and indeed the Imperial Government is much more aware than anybody else that the first and foremost reason for acquiring this territory was to provide an outlet for the labours of His Majesty's Indian subjects and to protect their interests, the political reasons being secondary. And therefore when in the beginning of this century a movement was set afoot for reserving areas for Europeans only, the Indian community opposed the proposal and protested from time to time against that policy but in vain. But it now seems our friends, the Europeans resent even a word of protest and ask us to keep quiet over this important question which involves an Empire problem.

RIGHT NOT GRACE

Thus it has been suggested that the part played by the Indian community has been requited by protection, trading facilities and freedom and we should not grumble. In other words we are told that we are here by the grace of Europeans typically representative of the view expressed. Let me emphasise the fact that what we have been asking for and shall continue to ask for is not such grace but what belongs to us and should be ours by right as British subjects, nothing more, nothing less.

His Excellency the Governor announced in the Legislative Council last month that the draft legislation which would be necessary to enact in order to carry out the recommendations of the Land Commission together with a draft memorandum, had been referred to a select committee of the Executive Council for reconsideration, and that when its report has received the approval of the Executive Council and if necessary that of the Secretary of State for the Colonies, the memorandum and the proposed Bills will be laid on the table for criticism.

This legislation when enacted and assented to in His Majesty's name will put a final seal on this question of reservation of highlands for Europeans only. This should make us think seriously to devise means for attracting attention of the Governments to justice of our cause. It is high time that all necessary steps are taken to bring this glaring piece of injustice and its implications to the notice of the Governments and people concerned.

ONE-SIDED DEVELOPMENT

A very unsympathetic attitude was adopted by the European elected members during the recent Budget session of the Kenya Legislative Council when the Indian elected members asked for inclusion of an Indian member on the committee that was then appointed to consider what further assistance and facilities to new settlers can reasonably be provided, and to make recommendations for the inauguration of practical settlement schemes. We have never opposed any scheme of productive development if it was beneficial to the country. On the contrary we have been asking for such development. What we object to is one-sided development. As is abundantly clear from the debate in the Council, the labours of the committee referred to will be confined to consideration of proposals for closer settlement of Europeans alone.

SECURITY OF TENURE.

Of immediate importance to the Indian community is the problem of security of tenure in Native Reserves. According to the practice followed by the Government temporary occupation licences are granted to Indian Traders in the reserves. After the publication of the Carter Land Commission Report, who among other things recommended that the farms at present owned and cultivated by Indian settlers in or about Muhoroni area should be merged in the European highlands for ever, should such farms come to the market for sale and should a European happen to purchase same, that recommendation, along with other prevailing conditions, naturally created apprehensions in the minds of the Indian Traders as to security of the tenure of their holdings.

Last month a motion was tabled by Honourable Mr. Shams-ud-din the object of which was that leases for such plots in all trading centres in the Native Reserves should be granted to all Non-Natives for periods not exceeding 33 years but calculated according to the period equivalent to their residence in such Native Reserves prior to the passing of the Native Land Trust Ordinance 1930 and that the yearly licence system in vogue at present should not be applicable to any Non-Native present in the reserve prior to the passing of that Ordinance.

ZANZIBAR DEADLOCK.

The legislation introduced by Zanzibar Government at the instance of a few individual Europeans is a typical example which lays bare the hollowness of that and other similar assurances which have proved to be empty platitudes. Mr. K. P. S. Menon who was specially sent out from India to study the problem on the spot, stated in his report, "If, then, an absolute stabilization of prices is, in the nature of things, impracticable, such stabilization as is feasible can be secured without resort to the drastic expedient of establishing a monopoly in cloves."

If the measures introduced were merely for regulating the production and trade of cloves, it could have been done as suggested by Mr. K. P. S. Menon. But the real motive being to deprive the Indian settlers of their legitimate rights and to pass on the profits thereof to a few Europeans, who cannot compete with the Indians and succeed otherwise, the British Resident was persuaded to resort to measures which are definitely racial.

That is the situation now obtaining in Zanzibar, the Mother of East Africa. Shall we in Kenya, Tanganyika and Uganda sit hands folded and passively watch only? And can the Government and the people in India afford to do likewise? Certainly not. My appeal, which is at the same time a warning also to the Government of India and the people in India, is that since the cause of our brethren in Zanzibar is just, the propriety of which none can doubt or challenge, it should not be betrayed by those whose children they are, to whom they look for their care, and who are their own emmissaries to distant lands.

ANTI-INDIAN LEGISLATION

It is not only in Kenya and Zanzibar that we are faced with measures that are detrimental to the interests, nay, the very existence of Indians. Similar measures have been and are being introduced in Tanganyika and Uganda as well. The case of Tanganyika is more serious than we have it in Uganda. I refer to co-operative societies legislation enacted in that territory. The investigation by Mr. Menon showed that the marketing legislation had already eliminated a substantial number of Indian Traders from the produce trade and increased the distress of the small traders. A very recent example of the legislation that has been designed by the Governments of Kenya and Tanganyika and put on their Statute Books is the law for regulation of Transport.

We have been accused by the East African Standard, the organ of the European settlers, that we have been judging and seeing everything on racial lines. This Congress will no doubt show that it is not we Indians who judge and see things from a racial point of view and on racial lines but it is the Kenya Government and the European settlers who treat the just demands of the Indian Community with a racial bias.

Can they say that the Transport Law is not going to harm the Indians and is not aimed to oust them from the Industry? Can they say that they are not advocating closer white settlement alone on racial lines? Can they challenge the fact that even in social services like public health, municipal services, medical facilities and educational matters they have failed to become fair and just and have ignored repeated and just demands of the Indians? The attitude of the Governor, his officers and the elected European members during the last session of the Legislative Council clearly showed who is responsible to keep racialism in the lime light.

BURLINGTON
Cigarettes
complete the picture

NBK 5.

OUR LONDON LETTER

(Continued from Page 6.)

romance in it, and for those who are younger than myself I assure them that if foreign domination has its darker aspects, it provides plenty of romance for young men and women looking for an adventurous career. I assure you further that you have not only plenty of romance for you and the more persecution it may be your lot to suffer at the hands of the foreign imperialist, the more affection you will get from your own countrymen."

My Backbone Is Straight

"I feel exceedingly fortunate and proud if I may say so that in spite of all I have been through my backbone is still straight. I hope it will always remain straight. But while saying this I must also in fairness to my countrymen and women say that their affection and their sympathy in the hour of trial has certainly gone a long way to keeping up our spirits. Therefore, I can assure you from my experience and the experience of thousands of my sisters and brothers who have gone through the same experience, that you will have plenty to compensate you even if a great deal of suffering comes your way."

Congress And Office

Subhas then gave a broad outline of the problems that Indians were facing and would be facing in the near future in India against the background of world events. As Palme Dutt had pointed out there was a change in India. Following the introduction of the new Constitution and especially following the acceptance of office by Congress. A great deal of speculation had gone on as to what would be the ultimate upshot of that experiment to take office, and no doubt everyone had heard contrary views as the speaker himself had. "But I would like to assure you that the Congress Ministries are in office to-day and will be there only so long as they feel that they can serve some useful purpose in the direction of advancing our national cause. The moment they feel that they can serve no useful purpose, no longer add strength to our resistance to foreign domination, that moment they will lay down office. And if there is a contrary tendency in our ranks (and I say that advisedly), we can rest assured that the Executive of the Congress and the Working Committee, in which there is no Minister represented, will see to it that our Ministers are always kept in their proper places. So that there is not the slightest danger of their being swallowed up by the Administration. The moment we are approaching that danger, we will come out for our Ministers to lay down office and carry on the struggle outside the Chambers of the Legislation. That is a thing we shall certainly point out to any of our critics."

Federation Will Be Resisted

"Another question I should like to place before you is the question which is hanging fire, that of the Federation. You know that up till now only a portion of the Constitution, has been put into operation, forming the Provincial Parliament, and the part which refers to the Federal centre has still to be introduced. Since I landed here last night I have heard remarks from various quarters to the effect that it is hoped that just as the Indian National Congress gradually drifted into acceptance of office so also they will drift on the question of the Federation. I would like to make it clear that there is no analogy between these two questions. In the provincial autonomy under the constitution we had a certain measure of power which we could use to some purpose, and naturally a section of the Congress thought that we could use it in a certain way. But the Federation part of the Constitution has yet to find a single Congress representative who believes that there is something which is worthwhile trying to work. Even outside the ranks of Congress I have yet to find a single Party which believes in working the Federal Government. You will know very well that the British Government have tried to use certain sections, the Muslim League, for instance, but if they now look forward to any sort of help from the Muslim League in the matter of working the Federation, I should like to refer them to the resolutions of the Muslim League and to the view of Mr. Jinnah and other leaders."

NURIE TO TOUR SURAT

The Hon. Mr. M. Y. Nurie, Minister for Public Works, will leave Bombay on January 22 on a tour of inspection of roads in the Surat district. He will return to Bombay on the morning of January 25.

Better Late Than Never!

GWALIOR, Jan. 20.

In reaching its destination 39 miles away and returning back to the sender, a card took 11 years to complete this journey.

Posted on August 15, 1926, at Bina (district Saugor) to an addressee in Lalitpur (district Jhansi), the card returned to the sender recently with remarks that the addressee refused it.

And the sender had to pay half an anna at his end as the price of cards had been increased since it was first sent out on its long pilgrimage.—A. P.

Eggs of Black Minorca fowls are larger in size than those of White Leghorns but the Minorcas do not lay as many as Leghorns do. Persons interested in both these Breeds are requested to write to the Asian Poultry Institute, 11, Konnot Road, Poona. (Advt).

"LOVE IS BLIND"
—say some.

"LOVE IS DIVINE"
—say others.

They are both right

For Love is Truly Divine when it is Blind to Oneself

And

Such was Uma's Love
for her husband;
Such was Rammu's
Love for Uma.

See it yourself.

in

BOMBAY TALKIES'

Jeevan Prabhat

The wonderful picture of the year

Starring

DEVIKA RANI

Supported by a fine cast of all your old favourites.

13TH WEEK

Daily 3 Shows
5-30; 8; 10-30.

Matinee to-day and Tomorrow 2-45.

PLEASE NOTE:—

ZENANA SHOW
Every Thursday at 1-30 p.m.

MINERVA
TALKIES

MEMBERS OF THE CONGRESS PARTY

of

THE BOMBAY LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

will attend 8 p. m. show

of

"NAND KUMAR"

TO-DAY

The
"KING OF KINGS"

Great news indeed, is the coming of the "King of Kings", the Lord of Lords, at the Cinema Central!

"NAND KUMAR"

JAYASHREE FILMS'

prestige picture.

You'll love to meet—
You'll love to hear—

The lovely Lord Shri

KRISHNA —
NAND KUMAR

who gave the world the Geeta—
The Song Celestial!

HEAR him singing his Celestial Songs to the Gopis of Gokul!

AT THE

CENTRAL CINEMA

Daily at 5-15, 8, 10-45 p. m.
Sat., Sun., Hol., 2-30 p. m.

GREET THE

KING OF KINGS

It's Your

SACRED PRIVILEGE!

Dear Bombay Public

My brother, Robert E. Burns, is now a fugitive from a chain gang. He has been branded a convict, that makes him a hunted thing on the earth.

In hiding he wrote a book of his experiences. This made the Police even more eager to "get" him. Warner Bros. have made his story with PAUL MUNI into a movie that gives all the facts of his case.

The scenes in this picture are true and authentic being based upon my brother's actual experiences. Will you please see this picture at the Edward on & from to-day and add your protest to ours?

Faithfully yours,
REV. VINCENT G. BURNS.

PAUL MUNI

PAUL MUNI

ACADEMY AWARD WINNER IN

I Am A Fugitive

FROM A CHAIN GANG
TO-NIGHT AND THIS WEEK.

THE EDWARD

DAILY AT 4, 8-30, & 10 P. M.
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10 A.M.

'COLOUR'—Scenes at the 'Globe'

BOMBAY'S BELOVED

'DIAMOND' Picture

"DUNIYA KYA HAI"?

'Royal' Release

Non-Stop Twelfth Tolstoy's 12 WEEK "RESURRECTION"

Running at 2 Theatres
at
GLOBE SANDHURST RD. GIRGAON.
and
KOHINOOR DADAR.
CINEMA.

Daily 5-15, 8, 10-45 p. m.
Matinee: To-day & To-morrow at 2-30 p. m.

She would forget,
BUT
She could not Forgive!

KANANBALA

in

NEW THEATRES' TRIUMPH

MUKTI

with

Artist Barua
in an
Artist's Role!

supported by
Jagdish, Nawab, Menaka

Director: P. C. BARUA

2ND WEEK

Daily: 5-15, 8, 10-45 p. m.
Sat., Sun., Hol., 2-30 p. m.

LAMINGTON

Around The Courts

MAGISTRATE CRITICISES POLICE DELAY

BOMBAY, Friday.

The practice of keeping in custody under-trial prisoners for a long time without a trial was strongly criticised to-day by the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, when Mr. Thanawala, Police Prosecutor, asked for an adjournment of a case in which four persons were charged with forging a "Hundi" of the value of Rs. 8,000.

More than five months have elapsed since the accused were arrested, and three of them are still in police custody.

The accused in this case are:—Manalal Jarbhiram Bhooptani, Mahomedally Kara Jeethabhai, Nandlal Thobair and Jafferali Shampee.

The case stands adjourned to January 31.

MOTOR ACCIDENT.

Two boys riding on a cycle were knocked down this morning at Chinch Bunder Road by a motor-lorry and sustained severe injuries. They were removed to the J. J. Hospital and detained for treatment.

ARREST AT RACE COURSE.

Adamalli Ghulam Hussein and Kadar Hussein Abdul, who were arrested on suspicion in the first enclosure at the Mahalaxmi Race Course on December 18 last, were ordered to be discharged by the Girgaum Magistrate to-day.

A large sum of money amounting to Rs. 1,154 was found on their person at the time of the arrest.

CHARGE OF CHEATING.

Lyal Lal Ramji Vadgama was arrested this morning by the Maharbowri Police on a charge of cheating under sec. 420 I.P.C., and placed before Mr. Haji, Presidency Magistrate Mazagaon.

It was stated that the Inspector of Post Offices, Girgaum Division, received communication from the Superintendent of Police, Jhelum, that one Des Raj, son of Shiv Dyal, was wanted under Sec. 420 I.P.C. with information that he generally visited different places as D. R. Wadwa or Professor W. R. Wadwa.

Accordingly a postman traced a man with a similar name at Harihar Nivas, Sandhurst Road, and a bogus letter was addressed to Prof. D. R. Wadwa, which was delivered by postman No. 4. to the accused himself who accepted it. The postman was accompanied by a plain-clothes man. He was placed under arrest and offered bail in Rs. 1,000 with one surety in a like amount and a cash deposit of Rs. 1,000 which he has failed to furnish.

He was therefore remanded into Police custody till the 4th February pending investigation.

Devchand Mulji, who was accused of accepting race bets, was ordered to be acquitted by the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum, on Friday.

Police Get Clue To Motor Thefts

Allegations that they were responsible for the recent motor thefts in the city were made to-day before the Presidency Magistrate by Sergeant Reed against three Anglo-Indian boys when they were placed on a charge of theft of motor-cars.

The Magistrate directed the accused to be remanded to police custody till February 4.

WELLINGTON

Daily: 3-30; 6-30; 10 p. m.

All-Star Comedy Cast sets the mad, mystifying pace!

MAD HOLIDAY

M-G-M's Merriest Thriller, with

EDMUND LOWE
ELISSA LANDI
ZASU PITTS

It's a scream—every merry moment of it.

PLANS OPEN Phone 22666

Sunday Morning Show at 10 a. m.

ESKIMO

with Mala and Lotus

BUDGET DISCUSSION IN CORPORATION

No Quorum For Some Time

There was a piquant situation in the Municipal Corporation on Friday as the Mayor had to wait with a handful of councillors for other councillors to form a quorum. Fifteen minutes were wasted in the expectation of a few more councillors coming in to begin the proceedings and to all intents and purposes, it was thought, that the corporation would adjourn for want of a quorum but fortunately two members rushed in at 8-15 p.m. (B.T.) and their presence enabled the Mayor to proceed with the work.

The councillors seem to have been tired out by daily attending the corporation meetings since Monday last. Friday was the fifth consecutive day of calling the corporation meeting and that accounted for the lukewarm interest of the councillors. Although the quorum was formed, the councillors present were not in a mood to go on with the business as two important items were to be discussed, viz., the budget for 1938-39 and the Amendment of the Municipal Act which referred to the Adult Franchise and sub-division of wards

Some of the councillors therefore took upon themselves to make prolonged speeches and thus gain time so that the Mayor may not put the question to vote. They succeeded in their object as they spoke till 4-40 (B. T.) on the budget thus leaving only twenty minutes for the discussion on the Amendment of the Municipal Act. This matter will again be discussed and finally decided on Monday.

POOR CHILDREN'S CAUSE.

Prof. Davar continued the debate on the budget estimates for 1938-39 and pointed out how the Standing Committee had succeeded in turning the deficit budget into a surplus budget. The Standing Committee, he said, was against increasing the taxation by one per cent as recommended by the Municipal Commissioner. They therefore had to take advantage of the "Net Premia Fund" which had accumulated to Rs. 53 lacs. Prof. Davar defended the Chairman of the Standing Committee in making use of this fund. The object of this fund he said, was to assist the sinking fund and depreciations and short realisations, and the Standing Committee was justified in making use of it instead of increasing taxation. Prof. Davar then pleaded for the poor children attending the municipal schools and asked the house to follow the example of the London County Council in providing them with milk.

Mr. Y. J. Meherally congratulated the Standing Committee in turning the deficit budget into a surplus budget and said they should have imposed one per cent. additional taxation and give the city more amenities. He also appealed to the Congress Government to treat the municipal corporation fairly by contributing to an appreciable extent their share towards the primary education.

Dr. M. C. Javle urged the house to carry out the obligatory duties within their means and also appeal to the Government for their share in the Entertainment Tax.

Dr. P. G. Solanki pointed out how the salaries of the teachers of primary schools were increased a few years ago which the Schools Committee now found difficult to reduce.

Dr. J. Collaco pleaded for the supply of milk not only to the poor undernourished school children but also to the children attending municipal dispensaries. The B Ward he said was too much congested and required some open play grounds and requested the Municipal Commissioner to give some plots to the children of this locality.

At this stage further debate was adjourned.

ADULT FRANCHISE.

The next twenty minutes were then utilized on the debate on the Amendment of the Municipal Act. Prof. S. R. Davar opposed the adult franchise as people were too illiterate to exercise their votes intelligently and independently. Even in ten rupee franchise under which the last election took place, a number of voters were led like sheep as they did not know how to vote. He therefore thought that they should give a fair trial to the five rupee franchise before granting adult franchise

Dr. P. H. Mehesheri then moved the seventh amendment to increase elective seats to 112 from 106 and to give the extra six seats to B ward.

Mr. V. S. Velinker moved the eighth amendment to distribute seats strictly on population basis.

As it was already 5 p.m. (B. T.) the Mayor adjourned further debate till Monday.

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And they were right — seeing the way all roads led to the

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India's 1st Colour Picture is breaking all crowd records with its excellent colour and a colourful story of our villages

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That rare topical GUNGA — HAMIDA FIGHT is shown with the picture

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Sjt. Baburao Patel

The Fearless Film Critic and the worthy Editor of

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About this grand picture

"VIDYAPATI" is a poem of art written on the canvas of Life with a Blazing Philosophy of Eternal Love. In Bringing "VIDYAPATI" to the screen DEVKI BABU has given to it a New Soul"

8
EIGHTH GLORIOUS WEEK

New Theatres Ltd.'s greatest of musical screen spectacle

THE ROXY
NEW QUEEN'S - ROAD.

Time: 5-15, 8 & 10-45 p. m.
Sat., Sun., Holidays,
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VIDYAPATI

Starring:—
PAHARI SANYAL & KANAN BALA with Chhayadevi, Prithviraj, B. A., Leela Desai, K. C. Dey, Mohamed Isak, Rampiyari & Nemo.

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The biggest danger in fevers is the poisons which destroy nerve and muscle tissues. That's why you feel shaky and exhausted.

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EXCELLENT SITUATION, New Building, New Furniture — Sanitary Fittings, Bath Tubs, Showers and attached Baths, Single & Double Rooms and Suites.
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RATES REASONABLE

Special Provisions Of India Act

Can Emoluments Of Govt. Servants Be Reduced?

MR. S. G. VELINKER'S VIEWS

II

Provisions have been made regarding persons appointed by the Secretary of State in Council and as to persons holding reserved posts and Commissioned officers in Civil employment (Sec. 250). It would unnecessarily prolong this contribution to go into these lengthy provisions in detail here.

The special provisions as to the appointment of an Advocate General and District Judges. Subordinate Judges etc. will be of interest to the legal profession and may be now summarised

Under Sec 55 the Governor of each province shall appoint an Advocate General for the Province whose duty will be to give advice to the Provincial Government upon such legal matters as may be referred to him by the Governor and perform such other duties of a legal character as may be assigned to him by the Governor. He holds office during the pleasure of the Governor and receives such remuneration as the Governor may determine. The Governor has to exercise his individual judgment in exercising his powers in respect of the apparent and dismissal of the Advocate General and the determination of his remuneration.

Judicial Officers

It will be interesting to note that under Sec. 114 of the Government of India Act 1915 the Advocates General of Bengal, Madras and Bombay had to be appointed by His Majesty. by warrant under his sign Manual. This is not so under the Act of 1935. The salary of the Advocate General is chargeable on the revenues of the Province (Sec. 78 (3) (c))

Special provisions as to Judicial Officers are made under Sections 253 to 256 of the Act of 1935. Appointment of persons to be and the posting and promotion of District Judges in any province has to be made by the Governor. exercising his individual judgment, and the High Court has to be consulted before a recommendation as to the making of any such appointment is submitted to the Governor. A Barrister or pleader of not less than 5 years standing if recommended by the High Court for appointment is eligible to be appointed as a District Judge, which expression includes additional joint and assistant district Judges to Chief Judge of a Small Causes Court, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and Sessions Judge and additional and assistant Sessions Judges (Sec. 254 (1) (2) (3).

After consultation with the Provincial Public Service Commissioner and the High Court the Governor has to make rules defining the standard of qualifications to be attained by entrants in the "Subordinate Civil Judicial Service" of the Province which expression means a service consisting exclusively of persons intended to fill Civil Judicial posts inferior to the post of District Judge as defined above. The Provincial Public Service Commission of each Province after holding such examination, if any, as the Governor may think necessary, has to prepare from time to time act of the candidates for appointment to the Subordinate Judicial Service, lists of persons whom they think fit for appointment in that service. The Governor has to make appointments from the persons included in such lists in accordance with certain regulations made by him from time to time as to the number of persons in that service who are to belong to different communities in the Province (Sec. 255 (1) (2).

Altered Condition

It should be noted that under this Act after the 1st of April 1937, the High Court is not given the right to recommend persons for appointment to Subordinate Judicial Service as in the old days. The posting and promotion of and the grant of leave to persons in that service holding any post inferior to that of a District Judge is in the hands of the High Court. The right of appeal given to a member of the Subordinate Civil Judicial Service, as explained and summarized in the earlier paragraphs of this contribution are preserved to them and the High Court is not authorized to deal with any such member otherwise than in accordance with the conditions of his service as explained earlier herein. (Sec. 255 (3)).

Dealing now with the Magistracy, it is provided that no recommendation shall be made for the grant of Magisterial powers or enhanced Magisterial powers to. or the withdrawal of any Magisterial powers from any person save after Consultation of the District Magistrate of the district in which that person is working or with the Chief Presidency Magistrate as the case may be (Sec. 256)

Last but not the least reference may now be made to the constitution of the High Courts in British India. For the purposes of the Government of India Act 1935, the High Courts in Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Allahabad, Lahore and Patna, the Chief Court in Oudh, the Judicial Commissioner's Courts in the Central Provinces and Berar, in the North-West Frontier Province and Sind have in relation to British India to be deemed to be High Courts. Besides these, any other Court in British India constituted or reconstituted under Chapter 2 of Part 9 of the Government of India Act 1935, which will be presently referred to and any other comparable Court in British India which His Majesty in Council may declare to be a High Court for the purposes of that Act shall also be deemed to be a High Court (Sec. 219). Every High Court shall be a Court of record and shall consist of a Chief Justice and such other Judges as His Majesty may deem it necessary to appoint. His Majesty in Council is empowered to fix the maximum number of Judges for each High Court including the Additional Judges appointed by the Governor-General. (Sec. 220 (1)). The tenure of office of every High Court Judge is till he attains the age of 60 years and he may resign his office by sending his resignation under his hand to the Governor Barristers of at least 10 years standing, members of the Indian Civil Service of at least 10 years standing who have for at least 3 years served as District Judges, Sub-ordinate Judges of at least 5 years standing, judges of a Small Cause Court and High Court pleaders of at least 10 years standing are competent to be appointed as High Court Judges. A person shall not, unless he is or when first appointed to judicial office was, a barristers, or members of the Faculty of Advocates or a pleader, he qualified for appointment as Chief Justice of a High Court constituted by letters Patent, until he has served for not less than 3 years as a Judge of the High Court (Sec 220 (2) and (3)). The hearing of this on members of the Indian Court Service and other persons such as Subordinate Judges and Judges of the Small Cause Court (Clauses (b) and (c) of Sec 220 (3) should be noted

The salaries, allowances, leave and pensions of High Court Judges have to be fixed by His Majesty in Council from time to time and their salaries, a rights in respect of leave, absence or pension are not liable to be varied to their disadvantage after their appointments (Sec. 221).

G. G.'s Discretion

The Governor-General in his discretion, may, subject to the maximum number of Judges of the High Court under this Act, appoint additional judges for a period not exceeding 2 years, if by reason of any temporary increase in the business of any High Court or the arrears therein, provided they are duly qualified (Sec. 222 (3)).

A High Court Judge may be removed from his office by His Majesty by warrant under the Royal sign Manual on the ground of (1) misbehaviour or (2) of infirmity of mind or body, of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, on reference made to them by His Majesty, report that the Judge might, on any such ground to be removed (s. 220 (2) (b).).

Order is given to His Majesty to constitute or unconstitute High Court by Letters Patent (s. 23[illegible] (1).).

Dismissal Of Govt. Servants

Before concluding, reference may be made to two recent cases, decided by the Privy Council on 8th December, 1936, which deal with the dismissal of Government servants and will greatly interest them. The first of these is R. T. Rangachari v. The Secretary of State for India (1937) 39 Ban. L. Reported 688. The facts very briefly were, that a Sub-Inspector of Police was charged with improper conduct in the execution of his duties and an inquiry was held in the manner provided by Rule 14 of the Statutory Rules, 1924, made under s. 96-B (2) of the Government of India Act, 1915. The Sub-Inspector had been ill for some time before the day on which the inquiry was concluded. On the date it was concluded by an Assistant Superintendent of Police, Mr. Charlesley, the Sub-Inspector applied to him that as he felt unfit for service he may be sent to the District Medical Officer for being invalided. Just then another Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Mr. Kalimulla had taken over from Mr. Charlesley and the decision of the inquiry rested with the former. A medical certificate was granted to the Sub-Inspector and an invalid pension of Rs. 41 per month was sanctioned and such pension was paid to him for 3 months. Mr. Kalimulla went out of office and one Mr. Lovelock succeeded him. It seems Mr. Charlesley had made an adverse report against the Sub-Inspector, which was brought to the notice of the superiors and the upshot was that the pension was suspended at first and later its grant was annulled. The Sub-Inspector memoralized the Government of Madras unsuccessfully. Then an action was brought by him against the Secretary of State for India, but it failed and an appeal was taken to the Privy Council. Two questions were raised before the Privy Council, namely (1) had the Sub-Inspector suffered a wrong and (2) if so was the wrong actionable and ought the Sub-Inspector to succeed in the action. The Privy Council held that the Sub-Inspector had suffered a wrong. As to the second question, their Lordships considered section 96-B of the Government of India Act, 1915 which laid down that no person in the Civil Service of the Crown may be dismissed by any authority subordinate to that by which he was appointed. (See s. 240 (2) of the Government of India Act, 1935, which is in the same terms). The Sub-Inspector was dismissed by the Inspector-General who had appointed him and the lower Courts had held that to this Inspector-General had been lawfully delegated the power to dismiss, and therefore the dismissal was proper. The Privy Council were of opinion that the dismissal was by reason of its origin bad and inoperative. They said: "it is manifest that the stipulation or proviso as to dismissal is itself of statutory force and stands on a footing quite other than any matters of rule which are of infinite variety and can be changed from time to time. It is plainly necessary that this statutory safeguard should be observed with the utmost care and that a deprivation of pension based upon a dismissal purporting to be made by an official who is prohibited by Statute from making it, rests upon an illegal and improper foundation." The appeal was however dismissed on the ground that the claim made by the Sub-Inspector in his action for a declaration that he was not liable to be dismissed was a claim virtually for a declaration that he is entitled to a pension and is barred under s. 4 of the Pensions Act, 1871. Feeling however the hardship that would follow their Lordships concluded: "they cannot doubt that the charter and the pledge contained in the Statute and in the consequential rules are generally observed and fulfilled, and though in this instance for reasons, which are comprehensible, but as now appears insufficient, this has so far unfortunately not proved to be the case, there is yet both time and opportunity for the appropriate action to be taken by the executive now that the important questions of principle are exposed of". Thus was justice tempered with sympathy and mercy.

Another Appeal

Another appeal to the Privy Council from the Madras High Court came up about the same time as the last case, in which s. 96 (B) of the Government of India Act, 1915 (see new s. 240 (1) of the Government of India Act, 1935, which is in the same terms) under which every servant of the Crown holds his office during the pleasure of the Crown feel to be construed. The facts were these. A reader in the Government Press, Madras and as such holding office in the Civil Service of the Crown in India was suspected in connection with the leakage of information in respect of the pleadership examination papers. The matter was investigated and the reader directed to vindicate his character in a Court of law. He did so and got judgment by default for nominal damages against a candidate for that examination who

(Continued on Page 16).

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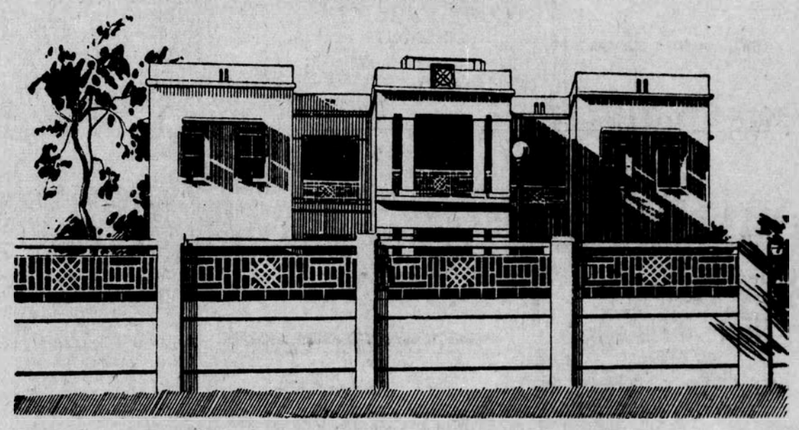

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E. I. Cotton Association Replies To Rly. Board

RATES MUST BE REDUCED WHEN PRICES DECLINE

The Secretary of the E.I.C.A. Ltd., has sent the following letter to the Director, Railway Board, Delhi:—

My Board feel that in stressing the Railway point of view, the Government of India have overlooked some fundamental considerations which can be urged in the interests of the cotton grower, the trader and the general public.

OPPOSITION TO REDUCTION

In paragraph 3 of your letter you mention that the manipulation of Railway freights is not a suitable method of relieving the cotton producer, nor is it a sound policy to alter freight rates from time to time to meet trade fluctuations. My Board would urge in reply that their request for relief to the cotton grower is based on the principles of equity and justice as the cotton grower is taxed beyond reason by the several increases in railway rates which have taken place during and since the war. Nor is it an ordinary trade fluctuation from which he needs relief, but a critical situation which has been caused by the present policy of the U.S.A. Government which places the cotton grower in an extraordinarily difficult position. As my Board have already pointed out in previous communications, and as you yourselves have admitted, railway rates were raised in a period of rising costs and prices. What justification is there then for opposing a reduction in those very railway rates which were raised, at a time when prices and costs are considerably lower than those which ruled when the higher scale of rates was stabilised? Are railway rates to be adjusted only when prices and costs go up?

In para 4 of your letter you admit that the Railway rates of cotton of the B.B and C.I. Railway and the G.I.P. Railway are now generally 25 per cent higher than the pre-war rates, and of the N.W. Railway 25 per cent higher than the 1919 rates, which in their turn are higher than the pre-war rates by about 50 per cent. (Difference between 0.33 pie per maund per mile and .50 per pie maund per mile). No justification appears to have been made for the increase in the rates of the N.W. Railway, beyond the bare assertion that cotton could stand a higher basis of charge. And for the increase in rates since 1919 the plea is advanced that it was made in order to obtain increased revenue to meet the post-war increase in the working expenses of Railways.

LOWER RATES

In your letter under reply you lay great stress on the anomalous position of the N.W. Railway when it charged lower scale of rates than the B.B. and C.I. Railway and the G.I.P. Railway and on the preferential treatment which the producers on the first-named Railway were supposed to have received from the viewpoint of the producers in Central India. This anomaly my Board wish to point out, could have been corrected by reducing the rates of the B.B. and C.I. Railway and the G.I.P. Railway on the ground that the N.W. Railway could profitably carry cotton at the lower scale of rates. The Railways, however, in their own one-sided interest, took the opposite course.

Talking of anomalies, will the Railway Board explain why the G.I.P. Railway is still allowed the maximum rate on cotton of 1 pie per maund per mile while all other Railways have to rest content with 0.62 pie per maund per mile? On their own line of reasoning the Railway Board should either ask the G.I.P. Railway to reduce the rates or allow the other Railways to raise theirs. My Board feel sure that the Railway Board will not even think of the second alternative, and urge that the Railway Board adopt the former course!

SMALL ARRIVALS

The lower arrivals from these areas are to some extent due to smaller arrivals from up-country owing to low prices of cotton. But every day brings a large number of motor lorries loaded with cotton to Bombay from these very regions, and the only traffic which the Railways get is of consignments which are smaller than one lorry-load. As pointed out by my Board the rates on the G.I.P. Railway are even on a higher scale than on the other Railways, and therefore it is all the more necessary to reduce them to what may be called an economic competitive level.

My Board note that the revision of freights urged by them would involve a sacrifice of approximately one and a half crore of rupees. Part of this would be made up by the increased traffic as pointed out above. And the balance is well within the capacities of the Railways to bear, as Railway revenues have, during the current year, my Board note with satisfaction, advanced over the previous year by more than Rs. 3 crores.

INABILITY TO ACCEDE

In noting paragraph 7 of your letter that the Government of India regret their inability to accede to this Association's request, my Board wish to inquire whether the Government of India feel satisfied with their complete inactivity to render any assistance to the cotton grower of India in the present circumstances and feel that a negative reply of the sort under reference is the best that they can put forward for the cotton-grower of India. The Railways of India are a Central Subject. The cotton-grower of India is under various Provincial Governments, and the attitude of the Government of India in this question is very far from being an encouraging one if it is an indication of what the Central Government is likely to do under conditions admitted to be critical for the tiller of the soil in the various Provinces. The activities and practical proof of sympathy of the President of the U.S.A. since 1931 stand out in marked contrast to the complete indifference shown by the Government of India towards the grower of a staple product of India, and my Board regret to have to observe that they are very disappointed with the reply of the Government of India.

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French Strike Affects Copper

Messrs. M. and B. Stern have received the following cable:

"Copper think decline is only temporary due French strike. Look for gradually higher prices."

LONDON SEEDS

London, Jan 20

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton January sellers	£12-16-3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton January sellers	£15-0-0
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. ton January sellers	£15-5-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton Jan Feb sellers	£14-5-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. ton Jan Feb sellers	£13-15-0

SPECIAL PROVISIONS OF INDIA ACT

(Continued from Page 15).

was said to have informed against him. Before the case was determined, the Reader was suspended and dismissed. An appeal by memorial to the Government was rejected and then a suit was brought against the Secretary of State for India on the ground among others that his dismissal was contrary to the statute in that it was not preceded by the inquiry prescribed by Rule 14 of the Civil Service Classification Rules. At the trial BEASLEY J. held that the requirements of Rule 14 were not satisfied but having decided the questions of law arising in the case against the reader dismissed his suit. This question of law will appear from what is stated later.

The appeal against this decree was also dismissed. There was an appeal to the Privy Council. One of the questions of law was whether the reader had a right of action against Government in a Court of Law for his dismissal from Service. It was held that no such right existed, whether the dismissal was rightful or wrongful, under Sec. 96 b or for a breach of any of this rules made under Sec. 96 (B) of the Government of India Act, 1915, and that the proper remedy in such a case is by administrative process and not by a law suit. It was further held that the rules framed by the Secretary of State for India in Council or by any other authority under Sec. 96 B, regarding conditions of Service, pay, allowances, discipline, conduct etc. of Government servants do not form a contractual relationship between the Crown and its servants but they are mere directions given by the Crown to the administrative authorities for their general guidance. It should be noted that the older cases reported in (1926) I.L.R. 54 Cal. 44; (1929) I.L.R. 57 Cal. 231 and (1929) I.L.R. 8 Rang. 215 were not followed and the decision followed 2 English cases namely (1895) A.C. 229 and (1896) A.C. 574.

Conclusion

This then is the position of Government servants at the present day. This case lays down however that the terms of Sec. 96 B contain a statutory and solemn assurance to Government servants that the tenure of their office though at the pleasure of the Crown will not be subject to capricious or arbitrary action on the part of Government but will be regulated by rule and supreme care should be taken that this assurance is carried out in the letter and in the spirit and the very fact that Government in the end is the supreme determining body makes it the more important both that the rules should be strictly adhered to and that the rights of appeal should be real rights involving consideration by another authority prepared to admit errors, if error there be, and to make poper redress if wrong has been done.

In the first of the English cases relied on by the Secretary of State, one Dr. Smith, who was employed in West Australia was dismissed and brought an action for damages but failed. On appeal to the Privy Council their lordships enunciated the principles laid down in the later Madras case in which Lord Roche observed: "To give redress is the responsibility and their lordships can only trust will be the pleasure of the Executive Government." So happily said and there the matter must rest (Sec. (1936) 39 Ban. Law Reporter 699) It is however to err, and mistakes similar to the grave ones committed in these 2 cases appear to be almost unthinkable, but all the same they were committed. This shows that the administrative appellate authorities must scrutinise every appeal most carefully and not be carried away by the impression that orders appealed against must be right. This means that they must apply their individual independent and unbiassed judgments to each case and not be led away by any 'a priori' impressions.

The sections of the Government of India Act, 1935, which I have cited, will, I hope, relieve the anxiety caused to Government servants by the recent talk in the papers about "cuts in salaries" The axe cannot be applied there except in accordance with the Statute. Nor need Government servants be nervous over the fact that they hold their posts during the pleasure of the Crown. The Privy Council cases cited above will be their safeguard.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Wheat	6,095 Cwts
Linseed	3,934 Cwts.
Gingellyseed	427 Cwts.
Poppyseed	26 Cwts.
Groundnuts	22,587 Cwts.
Castorseed	1,203 Cwts.
Rice	16,657 Cwts.
Myrabollams	3,263 Cwts
Cottonseed	29,989 Cwts.
Gram	1,055 Cwts.
Joowar	1,364 Cwts.
Bajree	4,396 Cwts.
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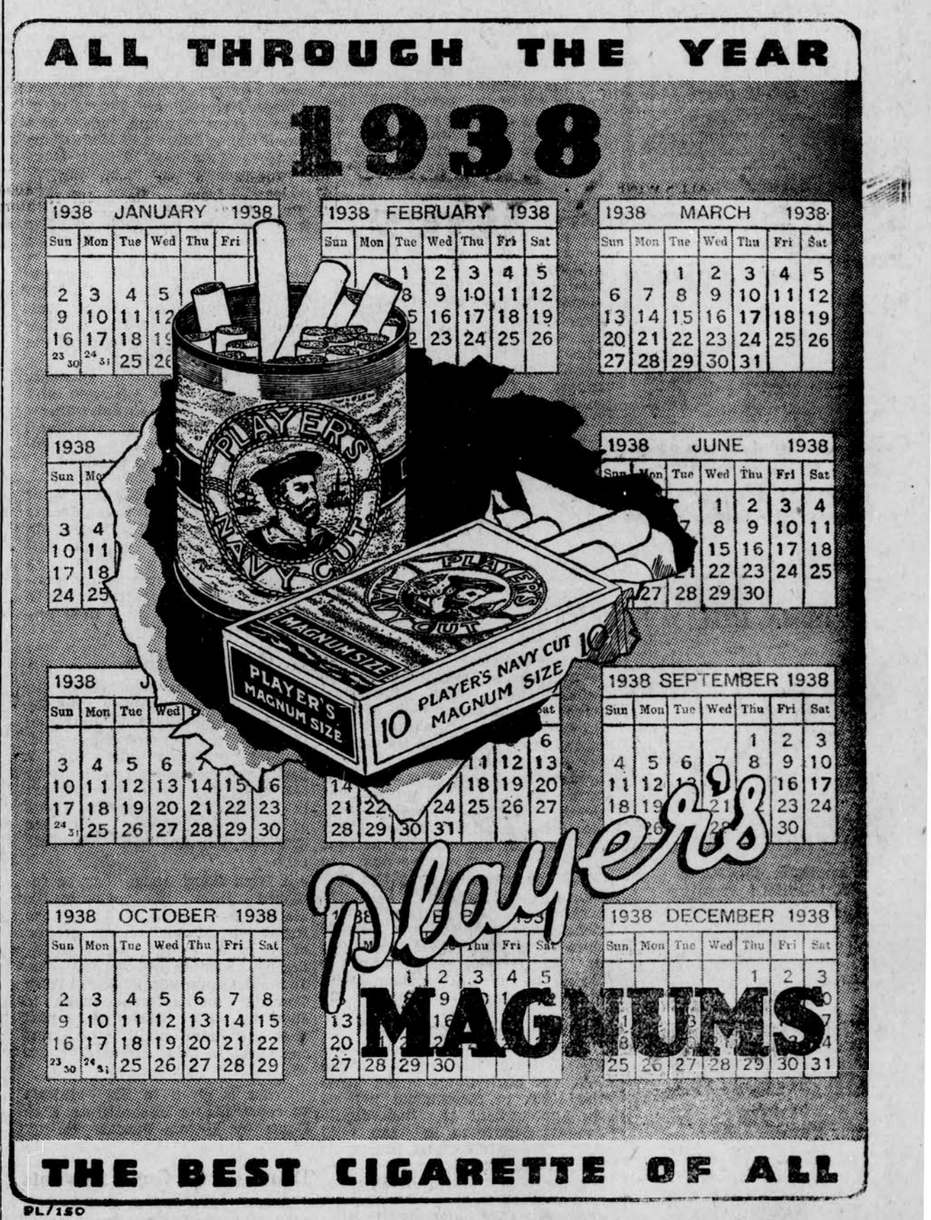

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Turmeric 11-12-0, Cumin White 12-8-0, New 14-0-0 to 17-0-0, Corriander 5-0-0 to 8-0-0, Pepper 16-4-0, Mirch White 34-6-0, Chillies 14-0-0 to 19-0-0, Poppy seed 11-8-0, Salt Sambhar 2-8-0, Salt Rock 3-9-0, Cardamoms Small 4-0-0 to 5-0-0, Large 40-0-0, Catacheu Cawnpore 30-0-0 to 44-0-0, Machine 42-0-0 to 43-0-0, Almonds 41-0-0 to 42-0-0.

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London, Jan 20

T T London on:—	
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Paris	150.50
Berlin	12.40 3/4
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Amsterdam	8.78 15/16
Brussels	29.54 1/2
Milan	94.97
Berne	21.62 3/4
Prague	142.43

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, Jan 21

	To-day.	Total
Bengal	300	600
Oomra	1050	2100

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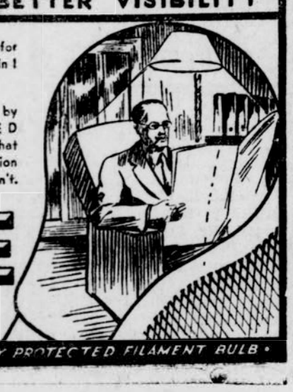

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Gilt-Edged Market Dull

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)
BOMBAY, January 21.

The seasonal demand for short-term funds was in evidence during the past week and call loans were placed at 1 per cent. The deposits of banks with the Reserve Bank of India declined by Rs. 45 lacs to Rs. 17.58 lacs. The figures of the Imperial Bank Return dated 14th January reveal an increase of Rs. 29 lacs in Cash Credits and Rs. 100 lacs in loans. Deposits, on the other hand, are slightly lower. All this points to an improvement in demand from trade. Fixed deposit rates, however, were unchanged at 1-1/4 per cent. for three months and 1-1/2 per cent. for six months. Total applications for this week's sale of Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 4,13,25,000 of which Rs. 2 crores were accepted at an average rate of Rs 1-4-4 per cent. per annum. Maturities amounted to Rs. 1 crore. Government repaid Rs. 1 crore to the Reserve Bank of India against ways and means of borrowings. Government deposits with the Bank amounted to Rs. 10.60 lacs as per the Bank's statement dated 14th January, 1938.

GILT-EDGED

The gilt-edged market was devoid of interest, there being practically no change in prices. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock improved by 5 shillings to £93-1/2, while 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper moved narrowly between Rs. 98-3 and Rs. 98-6. There was little doing in other scrips. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan closed at Rs. 100-5; 3 per cent. 1941 loan at Rs. 103-8; and 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan at Rs. 102-8. 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan was quoted at Rs. 106-4; 4 per cent. 1943 loan at Rs. 108-5 4 per cent. 1,960-70 loan at Rs. 114 and 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan at Rs. 119-8. 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan declined from Rs. 104-15 to Rs. 104-12; 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan from Rs. 107-15 to Rs. 107-13; and 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan from Rs. 120-6 to Rs. 120-4.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was steady during the week, sellers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 6-3/32d. and buyers 1s. 6-5/32d. Locally, there was little business by way of merchandise export bills, showing on the market but a fair business was reported from outside markets, particularly Madras, in connection with the export of seeds and groundnuts. Sterling tenders this week, accordingly, were larger at £1,605,000 at 1s. 6-1/8d., which were allotted approximately 62 per cent.

In the foreign exchange market in London, the franc fluctuated nervously owing to the fall of the French Cabinet. The sterling/franc rate touched the high level of frs. 154.00, but due to the intervention of the Government Control, the rate declined to frs. 148.71. At the close, however, there was a recrudescence of nervous selling and the franc was quoted at 150.50. The discount on three months' forward francs, after widening to frs. 9.750 mid-week, narrowed to frs. 5.000 on the formation of the new French Government, but later reversed and closed at frs. 5,125. The sterling/dollar rate reflected partially the movements of the franc and fluctuated between 498.85 cents and 500.02 cents, closing at 499.80 cents, while the premium on three months' forward dollars showed a fractional change from dol. 0.70 to dol. 0.77. The guilder fluctuated between 8.97-3/4 and 8.96-15/16 for spot, while the premium on three months' forward delivery ranged between 1.25 cents and 1.56 cents. The belga oscillated between 29.55-1/2 and 29.52-1/4 and the Italian lira between 95.00 and 94.90.

GOLD

The price of gold in the local market was maintained within a range of one anna, the highest touched being Rs. 34-7-6 and the lowest Rs. 34-6-6 for spot. The quotation in London too was unchanged at 139s. 7-1/2d. throughout the week barring a temporary rise to 139s. 8-1/2d. on Monday. The price in the local market was above parity practically all the time and fresh business for export was therefore not practicable. The premium on gold in the London market over the dollar arbitrage parity widened from the opening level of 3-1/2d. to as high as 7d. at the close. Sovereigns were in good demand and the price advanced mid-week to Rs. 22-7-9, but closed at Rs. 22-7 for spot and forward deliveries. Stocks of gold in the local market are estimated at about 75,000 tolas, while the offtake is unchanged at 1,000 tolas a day. Daily arrivals from upcountry are estimated at about 10,000 tolas. Imports during the week amounted to Rs 1,85,719 in gold bullion and coins. Last week's shipment to London per s.s. "Strathaird" is valued at Rs. 25.08 lacs. The highest and lowest rates registered during the past week were: Rs. 34-7-6 and Rs. 34-6-6 for spot, Rs. 34-7-9 and Rs 34-6-9 for February settlement, Rs. 34-8 and Rs. 34-7 for March settlement and Rs. 34-7-3 and Rs. 34-6-9 for April settlement.

SILVER.

The silver market ruled steady throughout the week, prices recording a substantial gain mid-week. The quotation for spot advanced from Rs. 49-14-6 to Rs. 50-15, but reacted to Rs. 50-5 at the close. Bear-recovering in the local market as well as in London was largely responsible for the improvement in quotation. The spot price in London advanced from 19-13/16d. to 20-3/8d., while two months' forward rose from 19-7/16d. to 20-1/8d. but closed at 20-3-16d. and 19-15/16d. respectively. The premium on spot narrowed from 5/16d. to 1/4d. at the close.

There were small dealings for April settlement, which was quoted at a premium of eight annas above March owing to rumours of a possible reduction in the import duty on silver in the forthcoming budget. At this time of the year, varying rumours in connection with duty determine the difference between the pre-budget and post budget settlements. This will probably continue till the publication of the budget at the end of February. Stocks of silver are estimated at about 6,000 bars, but there is an additional amount of about 4,000 to 5,000 bars cold storage silver. The offtake is some 90 bars a day. Silver coins worth Rs. 1,32,643 were imported throughout the week.

during the week, while 463 bars valued at Rs. 5.87 lacs were shipped to London per s.s. "Strathaird" last week. Yesterday's arrivals per s.s. "Comorin" is valued at £4,000. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 50-15 and Rs. 49-10-6 for spot Rs. 50-15 and Rs. 49-11 for February settlement and Rs. 51-0 and Rs. 49-12-6 for March Settlement.

SHARES

Another difficult settlement was negotiated by the market with comparative smoothness and there was only one minor failure among the members. The market re-opened on Monday after a long holiday with a hesitant tone. Cotton mill shares showed an improvement over the previous closing, while steels and other industrials were severely marked down. Tata Iron Deferreds, which had closed at Rs. 1,232-8, dropped precipitately to Rs. 990, but reacted to Rs. 1,075 at the close. Ordys. likewise declined from Rs. 277-8 to Rs. 243-8, but closed better at Rs. 250. In the miscellaneous section, Bombay Burmas declined by nearly 50 points to Rs. 600, but closed at Rs. 625. Associated Cements, which had been remarkably steady at around Rs. 142-8, declined sharply on heavy unloading to Rs. 132-8, closing better at Rs. 135. The shares carry a dividend of Rs. 7-8 per share payable shortly. Among the Hydro-electrics, Tata Powers declined steeply to Rs. 1,335 despite improved earnings of the Company. Some of the cotton mill shares, on the other hand, showed an improvement over the previous close. Bombay Dyeings gained over 25 points to Rs. 1,011-4, Centuries improved to Rs. 273-12, and New Greats to Rs. 288-12, but profit-taking at the higher levels caused a recession in rates, Bombay Dyeings closed at Rs. 991-4, Centuries at Rs. 265 and New Greats at Rs. 278-12. Colabas lost about 10 points to Rs. 231-4. At the close, the tone of the market was somewhat better and it would appear that most of the weak holders have been liquidated which goes a long way to improve the technical position.

CALCUTTA

In the Calcutta Stock market, the price of Hessians for forward delivery gradually declined from Rs. 7-0-0 to Rs. 6-13 at the close, while Jute shares were dull

Bombay's Piecegoods Imports And Exports

NOVEMBER FIGURES INDICATE MAINTENANCE OF HIGH LEVELS

BOMBAY, Jan. 21.

Sea-borne trade returns of the Bombay Presidency (excluding Sind) for the month of November 1937 indicate that the importation of both cotton yarn and cotton piece goods into the Presidency of Bombay (excluding Sind) were maintained at the same high levels as were recorded for the previous month.

Imports of cotton yarn of all descriptions remained more or less stationary at under 1.4 million lbs. Japan maintained her sendings at 1.3 million lbs.. but the United Kingdom's share dropped from 126,000 lbs to 85,000 lbs.

AGGREGATE IMPORTS

The aggregate imports of cotton piecegoods during the month totalled 30.1 million yards, or about 2 million yards less than in October. Arrivals from Japan totalled 25 million Yards as against 26.7 million yards in the previous month. while sendings from the United Kingdom dropped from 4.7 million yards to 4.4 million yards.

Importations of plain grey goods dropped from 7½ million yards to 5.3 million yards owing to shrinkage in Japan's sendings of longcloths and shirtings which constitute the principal line of goods coming under this head.

In the case of bordered greys, imports for the month rose from 10,000 yards to 33,000 yards. The United Kingdom increased her sendings by 3,000 yards to 13,000 yards, while Japan, for the first time since July shipped 20,000 yards.

BLEACHED GOODS

Imports of bleached goods shot up from 5.6 million yards to 10.4 million yards owing to a substantial rise in shipments from Japan, mostly of bleached longcloths and shirtings. Japan's share of the total trade in bleached goods at 8.5 million yards, compared with 4.0 millions yards, or less than half this quantity in October, and with an average monthly import of 1.2 million yards only for the first ten months of this year. Arrivals from the United Kingdom also rose by 200,000 yards to 1.6 million yards.

There was a very substantial increase in the importations of artificial silk yarn, imports for the month rising by over 1 million lb. to just under 4 million lbs. This was due mainly to larger shipments from Japan—3.7 million lbs. as compared with 2.7 million lbs. in October. It may be mentioned that Japan's imports for the month under review were very nearly three times the average of her sending into the Bombay Presidency in the first ten months of this year, which amounted to under 1.4 million lbs. Italy's shipments also rose by 10,000 lbs to 213,000 lbs.

ARTIFICIAL SILK

Importations of artificial silk piecegoods were also considerably higher than in October, the month's imports amounting to over 11 1/4 million yards as against 8 million yards in the previous month. Japan continued to dominate the trade, and the increase, noted during the month, was mainly due to larger shipments of pure artificial silk piecegoods—9.6 million yards as against 6.3 million yards in October. Importations of artificial silk mixed goods at 1.7 million yards were, however, slightly less than those of a month ago.

AGGREGATE EXPORTS

The aggregate exports of Indian-made cotton yarn remained stationary at just over 2½ million lbs. mostly made up of grey single yarn. The Levant continued to be the largest single overseas market with an offtake of 754,000 lbs. as compared with 629,000 lbs. in October. European countries came next with an offtake of 582,000 lbs. or 60,000 lbs. less than in the previous month. Shipments to China also dropped by 13,000 lbs. to 429,000 lbs. Exports to Ceylon and the Straits Settlements rose by 8,000 lbs to 379,000 lbs. during the month, while shipments to the Persian Gulf deteriorated from 160,000 lbs to 138,000 lbs.

PIECEGOODS TOTAL

In the case of cotton piecegoods, it is satisfactory to note that the sudden deterioration, which set in October, did not persist in November and shipments for the month reached the proportions attained in the last few months. The total exports for the month amounted to 12.9 million yards as against 6 million yards

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THE PIONEERS OF THE BISCUIT INDUSTRY

Payment Of Subsidies On Loan Cotton

Markets Await Farm Bill

GENERAL BUYING AND REALISING SUSTAIN PRICES

Bombay, Jan. 21.

On Thursday the New York cotton market was inactive but prices moved quietly upward. Considerable importance was attached to the Farm Bill Amendment proposing subsidies to be paid on cotton already in the loan but trade was generally disposed to await more definite evidence of the Farm Bill which will emerge from the conference.

The market opened steady and was higher owing to the scarcity of contracts and fair demand from trade, shorts and locals which easily absorbed moderate hedging and long liquidation. Spot sales were moderate but textiles were very quiet. Finally prices declined partially on realising but the session closed steady.

PRICE MOVEMENT

At the opening March was quoted 4 points up at 8.53 but declined 3 points from the opening level to 8.50 which was the lowest level for the day. Later on under improved buying prices improved to 8.55 which was the highest level. The market finally closed at a net rise of 3 to 5 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 8.62c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 3 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 8.76c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton market opened at a rise of 4 points with March 4.81. In a stalemate market pending the clarification of crop control uncertainties. Scattered buying on firmness of overseas markets and trade calling absorbed profit-taking and hedging. Later on there was short covering, trade calling and local support which found offerings light. The market closed at a net rise of 7 to 8 points. Middling American spot cotton prices improved one point at 4.91d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was steady and Giza futures closed at a rise of 5 to 9 points. Uppers futures advanced 6 points. The Alexandria cotton market was closed on Thursday.

OBSCURE SITUATION

"As the old year draws to a close the cotton market is beset by many problems which make the future unusually obscure. These include not only the artificial situation arising out of the Government loan and the proposed farm legislation but also many outside factors affecting the domestic and foreign political situations, the new acute business depression, the weakness of the stock market, the uncertainties of the attitude of the Government towards business, and probable developments in the next session of Congress.

Cotton prices have held fairly steady in the absence of pressure from the South, where cotton is still going into the Government loan. Resistance developed, however, at the level of about 8½c., which diverted more cotton into trade channels, and this caused hesitation among buyers, while the sharp declines in the securities markets and in some other commodities undermined confidence. Demand for spot cotton is very moderate, partly because of the holidays and of stock-takings, and the same applies to textiles, which have not resumed their recent activity.

FARM LEGISLATION

The prospects for early farm legislation are now very uncertain. The Senate and the Congress bills are now at conference, and they differ widely in their general provisions, making it extremely difficult to combine them into one bill acceptable to both Houses and to the Administration. Consequently many observers believe that actual legislation will probably be delayed, especially as opposition is expected in the House of Representatives in connection with the recent action of Southern representatives over the Wages and Hours Bill.

Some business economists are optimistic as regards possible general business developments in the first quarter of the new year, although sentiment generally is pessimistic in spite of reports of low stocks, especially of textiles, where merchants are quite confident of an improvement because of the comparatively low prices.—"M. G. C."

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (11-5 a.m.)	3.55+06
New York March lowest (10-11 a.m.)	3.50+01
Liverpool March highest	4.84+07
Liverpool March lowest	4.80+03

Messrs. Devkaran Nanjee have received the following telegram from New York:

'Fixing price reducing open interest. Washington advises Farm Bill Conference Committee agreement expected this week. Total into sight figures India Egypt and America 48 per cent against 64 per cent a year ago.'

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Steadier market. Hedge offerings light. Sentiment encouraged by New York cables predicting that Farm Bill will shortly emerge from Conference incorporating compulsory control measures. Business however remains mainly professional.

New York: Recent decline seems technical reaction. Cotton goods market quiet resulting in no incentive to buy contract aggressively. Hedge selling light. Prefer buying on moderate decline.

New York: Trade and foreign demand offset scattered liquidation. Liverpool selling and hedge selling.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan 20

March	8.52+03
May	8.58+03
July	8.64+04
October	8.73+05
December	8.77+05
Middling Spot	8.62+03

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Jan 20

March	8.66+03
May	8.72+03
July	8.76+03
Middling Spot	8.76+03

NEW YORK

New York, Jan 20

11-00 A.M. RANGES—

March	8.54/8.53
May	8.60/8.60
July	8.65/8.65

NOON CALL—

March	8.51
May	8.59
July	8.65

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Jan 20

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	13,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	6,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	10,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 20

January	4.79+06
February	4.82+07
March	4.84+07
April	4.87+06
May	4.90+06
June	4.91+07
July	4.93+07
August	4.95+07
September	4.97+07
October	5.00+06
November	5.01+06
Middling Spot	4.91+01

10-12 a.m. quotations

March	4.81
May	4.87

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 20

F G F Spot	8.43
GIZA —	
Spot	7.60+7
January	7.32+9
March	7.13+8
May	7.14+6
July	7.14+6
October	7.09+5
November	7.12+5
UPPER—	
Spot	6.28+6
January	6.10+6
March	6.01+6
May	6.01+6
July	6.02+6
October	6.03+6
November	6.03+6

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Jan 20

BROACH—	
Fully good (good staple)	3.85
Fine (good staple)	4.19
Superfine (good staple)	4.25
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	4.10
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	4.25
Choice (No. 1 staple)	4.40
BENGAL—	
Good	3.50
Fully Good	3.60
Fine	3.75

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan 20

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£72 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£80 3/8
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£93 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£113
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£75 3/4
Conversion loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£103 5/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£102 5/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£113 5/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£112 1/8
Chartered Bank of India A and China	£12 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£87
National Bank of India	£41
P and O Banking Corporation	£9 1/2

LONDON RUBBER

London, Jan 20

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb
Sellers 7 1/4

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Jan 20

Spot rio coffee No. 7 quality
Sellers 6 7/16

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Jan 20

Bank bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent
Bank bills 6 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 5/8 per cent
Fine trade bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent
Fine trade bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent
Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent
Interest 7 days market loan 1/2 per cent

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Jan 20

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels Jan Feb sellers	42
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels Jan Feb sellers	42/3
Wheat South Australian parcels Jan Feb nominal	38

LINSEED OIL

London, Jan 20

Linseed oil London per cwt naked
February sellers 28/1 1/2
Linseed oil London per cwt naked
May Aug paid 28

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Jan 21

Following a small rise of 3 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 172/14 for Broach A/M delivery and under scattered selling prices declined to Rs. 172/8. To-day being settlement of monthly options business was restricted and fluctuations were narrow.

Liverpool market opened quiet at a decline of 2 points but the local market ruled steady and closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. a. p.
Broach A/M	172 4 0
Broach J/A	174 12 0
Oomra D/J	156 10 0
Oomra March	154 10 0
Oomra May	155 6 0
Bengal D/J	138 6 0
Bengal March	134 10 0
Bengal May	135 2 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Jan. 21.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	F.G.	Good
M. G.—					
Bengal U.P.	145	143	141	139	
Punjab	145	143	141	139	
Rajputana	146	144	142	140	
Oomra No. 3	164	161	158	155	...
C. P. No. 1	179	176	173	170	...
C. P. No. 2	170	167	164	161	...

Ready Cotton Sales

Bombay, Jan. 21.

75 Samji Karamshi Amreli 138
50 Samji Karamshi Botad 139
136 Samji Karamshi Mahuva 139
486 A Damodar Dhulia 146
125 Japan T and Co. Amraoti 161
50 Japan T and Co. Hansi 142
58 Japan T and Co. Pusad 159 1/2
100 Japan T and Co. Hansi 142
51 Japan T and Co. Pusad 159 1/2
160 G G Kesha and Co. Khamgaon 160 1/2
92 G G Kesha and Co. Dondaicha 8 off
177 G G Kesha and Co. Dhulia 151
56 G G Amraoti 161 3/4
67 H Nenshi Arvi 186 1/4
50 Nisho and Co. Karanja 160 1/2
100 A H Diyab Miyagaon 154 1/2
50 A Hdiyab Palej 154 1/2
114 Narshi Nagshi Amod 152

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Jan. 21.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year	Last year.
Khandesh	1,884	13,616	141,397
Central India	818	6,080	168,893
Barsi and Nagar	2,761	37,925	89,517
Hyderabad-Gaorani	1,023	12,871	37,341
Berar	3,888	81,488	320,004
Central Provinces	1,115	18,004	70,559
Total Oomras	11,489	169,984	827,711
Dholera	333	15,491	12,666
N.-W. Provinces	148	1,920	4,347
Rajputana	103	885	27,915
Sind-Punjab	6,837	245,913	166,021
Broach		1,611	2,981
Coompta and Dharwar	180	9,129	9,964
Westerns-Northerns	219	1,810	11,074
Cocoanada		12	124
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	908		2,543
American	386	96,864	3,144
Egyptian, African and Sudan	373	156,554	105,468
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		970	15
Total	20,068	102,111	1173,973

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Bengal Superfine	148/50
Bengal Fine	142/44
C. P. 1	173/74
C. P. 2	163/64
Arvi	166/67
Amraoti	160/62
Ellichpur	164/65
Berar	159/60
Khandesh	149/52
Jalna/Sailu	150/52
Burwah Sanavad	164/66
Khandwa	162/63
Harda-Khirkiya	164/66
Mathia	134/36
Malkapur	154/57
Punjab 4 F.	190/95
Punjab 289F.	243/45
Sindh 4 F.	187/91
Sindh N. T.	228/33

Cotton Arrivals

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 19th January	14,692
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1937	682,043
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	1,144,531
Decrease	462,488

Osaka Cotton

Osaka, Jan 21

March	51.70
April	52.00

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales	1937-38	1936-37
Receipts to date 20-1-38	6268000	5426000
Receipts Yesterday 20-1-38	13000	12000
Exports to date 20-1-38	3806000	3370000
Stock at Ports 14-1-38	3235000	2644000
Stock at Interior Towns 14-1-38	2611000	2141000
Stock at Liverpool 14-1-38	1106000	927000
Visible Supply 14-1-38	7674000	6342000
Quantity in sight 14-1-38	10644000	10117000
Quantity out of sight 14-1-38	5851000	7027000

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY
1st Sept. to 13th Jan.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yester-day	This year	Last year.
Europe	1,545	80,747	122,709
Japan and China	5,350	92,821	524,440
Coast Ports	6	28,731	7,448
Up-country by Rail		137,834	82,235
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan		30,711	35,252
Total	6,901	370,844	772,084

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Jan 21

Yesterday London gold prices closed unchanged at £6-19-7 1/2. London Paris Exchange rate was 179 points up at 150.50. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.99 7/8. London silver prices declined 3/16d. to 20 3/16d. Speculators sold and there was not much support. New York silver was unchanged while Montreal futures closed 25 points down to 40 points up. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 1/4. The local market was quiet with scattered selling and there was no support.

GOLD

Ready	34 6 9
Maha delivery	34 7 3
Maha tejimandi	0 2 6
Fagan delivery	34 6 6
Fagan tejimandi	0 5 0

SILVER

Ready	50 4 0
Maha delivery	50 5 0
Maha tejimandi	1 1 0
Fagan delivery	50 13 0
Fag tejimandi	1 13 0

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan 20

Spot	20 3/16
Forward	19 15/16

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan 20

Gold Bars Fine per oz £6-19-7 1/2

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Jan 20

January	45.50—25
March	45.00+30
May	45.00+40

LONDON METALS

London, Jan 20

Copper	£41 8 9
Lead	£15 16 3
Spelter	£14 17 6
Tin	£184 15 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Jan 21

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£41-5-0
Standard copper 3 months	£41-7-6
Electrolytic copper	£46-10-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 39-0-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 45-4-0

Tone: Steady.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Yesterday Liverpool wheat market was quietly steady whilst Chicago was influenced by higher Winnipeg advices consequent upon renewed export business in North American markets. The Argentine Ministry of Agriculture reports that drought has substantially affected the bulk of the cereal zone, damaging maize generally but Linseed less in proportion. The drought has however assisted the harvesting of wheat. The local market was fairly steady with a moderate turnover and quotations were as under

Linseed May	8 0 3
Linseed September	8 3 0
Wheat January	5 5 3
Wheat May	4 14 0
Wheat September	4 14 3

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, Jan. 20.

February £11-2-6.

GROUNDNUTS AND SEEDS

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Groundnuts Feb.—	
Opening	30 2 6
Highest	30 2 9
Lowest	29 14 6
Closing	29 15 0
Groundnuts May—	
Opening	31 5 6
Highest	31 5 6
Lowest	31 2 0
Closing	31 2 6
Castorseeds May—	
Opening	34 5 0
Highest	34 5 6
Lowest	33 13 0
Closing	33 14 6
Cottonseeds Jan—	
Opening	18 9 0
Highest	18 9 6
Lowest	18 8 3
Closing	18 9 6
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	19 4 6
Highest	19 6 0
Lowest	19 4 0
Closing	19 5 6
Linseeds May—	
Opening	8 0 3
Highest	8 0 3
Lowest	8 0 0
Closing	8 0 0

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, Jan. 20.

March	91 7/8d.
May	91 3/8d.
July	91 3/8d.

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, Jan. 20.

May	dol 0.95 3/4.
July	dol 0.90 1/4.
September	dol 0.89 1/2.

LONDON SUGAR

London, Jan 20

March sh. 5 11 1/4d.

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Ready Javas Rs. 15-8.
Shipment Feb.-March Rs. 5-12-6.
Shipment April-June Rs. 5-12-6.
Shipment July-Sept. Rs. 5-13-6.
Kesar Rs. 11-10.
Saraya Rs. 11-2.
Java Spot F. 7.00.

New York Sugar

New York, Jan. 20.

March	2.27 Unchgd.
May	2.29+1.
July	2.30 Unchgd.
September	2.31 Unchgd.

GOVT. SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan 21

2 3/4 per cent 1948/57	100/4
3 per cent 1951/54	102/8
3 per cent 1941	103/8
5 per cent U P Bonds	97
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	98/5
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	106/4
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	108/6
4 per cent 1960/70	114
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119/10
5 per cent 1939/44	104/12
5 per cent 1940/43	107/12
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	102/8

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63	112/4
5 per cent 1955	123
5 per cent 1945/55	120/2
5 1/2 per cent 1939 Mysore	102/8

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974	110/2
4 per cent M Deb 1974	109/8
5 per cent M Deb 1949	119
5 per cent 1954	131/8
6 per cent K P T 1956	131

Tone: Weak.

RUNNING YIELDS.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	100	6	0	2.70
3 per cent 1941	103	8	0	1.99
3 per cent 1951/54	102	9	0	2.73
3 1/2 per cent Paper	98	4	0	3.56
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	106	5	0	2.77
4 per cent 1943	108	9	0	2.34
4 per cent 1960/70	113	15	0	3.57
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	119	8	0	3.05
5 per cent 1939/44	104	14	0	1.69
5 per cent 1940/43	107	13	0	2.04
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	102	10	0	2.90
5 per cent 1945/55 T. F.	120	5	0	2.13

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Jan 21

B. C. RATES—
T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying T T 1/6 5/32
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/16
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 266
Bank's buying T T 264

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1,122
Bank's buying T T 1,142

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 77 1/2
Bank's buying T T 77

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 67 1/4

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 67

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 83 1/2

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 79 1/2

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 156 1/4

BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 92 1/4

CROSS RATE—
New York London 4.99 7/8 20th instant
Japan London 1/2 21st instant
Hongkong London 1/3 1/16 21st instant
Shanghai London 1/2 1/4 21st instant
Java London 8.94 7/8 21st instant
London Paris 15.50 20th instant
London Belgium 29.54 1/2 20th instant
London Switzerland 21.62 3/4 20th instant
London Berlin 12.40 3/4 20th instant
London Stockholm 19.39 7/8 20th instant
London New York 4.99.80 20th instant
London Amsterdam 8.97 1/8 20th instant
London Italy 94.97 20th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £6-19-7 1/2 19th instant
Gold £6-19-7 1/2 20th instant
Silver London Ready 20 3/8 19th instant
Silver London Ready 20 3/16 20th instant
Silver London Forward 20 1/8 19th instant
Silver London Forward 19 15/16 20th instant
Silver New York Ready 45 19th instant
Silver New York Ready 45 20th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 19th instant
London discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 20th instant
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 19th instant
London discounts 6 months 5/8 per cent 20th instant
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent

Money:—
Call 3/4 per cent.
3 months 3/4 per cent.
6 months 1 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Jan 20

Call loan London	1/2
3 per cent	80 3/8
3 1/2 per cent	93 1/2
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	103 1/2
4 per cent 1948/53	108 1/8
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	113
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	116
5 per cent 1942/47	110 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	98 1/2
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	75 3/4
3 1/2 per cent War loan	102 5/8
4 per cent Funding loan 1960/90	113 7/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	51/3

Sterling Share Quotations

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special Cablegram from London to-day:—

Name of Company	Latest prices. £
Asam Bengal Railway Ord. Stock	79 0 0
Atlas Elect. and Genl. Trust Ord.	0 4 6
Bank of London and S. America	5 9 0
British South Africa Co. Ord.	1 11 3
B. B. and C. I. Rly. Ord. Stock	114 10 0
Borneo Ltd. Ord.	0 4 9
Borneo Ltd. 7 p.c. Pref.	0 19 0
Cables and Wireless (Holding) Ord. Stk.	64 15 0
Cawnpore Electric Sup. Ord.	2 2 0
Lansil Ltd. Ord.	0 12 3
Cross and Blackwell New Ord.	0 0 9
Foreign Rly. Inv. Trust 5 p.c. Pfd. Stk.	22 0 0
Genl. and Coml. Invest. Trust Defd. Stk.	98 0 0
Eastern Bank Ltd.	6 5 0
Hyderabad Deccan Co. Ord.	1 9 6
J. Lyons and Co. "A" Ord.	5 13 6
C. and E. Morton 7 p.c. Pref.	0 6 9
United Serdang Rub. Plantn. Ord.	0 3 9
Salt (Saltaires) Ord.	0 5 3
United Premier Oil and Cake Ord.	0 8 3

Tired Selling In Steel Shares

Cotton Mills And Cements Quiet

ABSENCE OF ANY IMPORTANT SUPPORT

BOMBAY, January 21.

As pointed out yesterday professional operators are inclined to depress prices the local Share Bazar ruled quiet to-day despite better Wall Street advices.

It appears the confidence is returning in the Wall Street market and yesterday U. S. Steel shares closed at a rise of dol. 1 1/8 and Anaconda Coppers gained dol. 3/4.

In sympathy with above favourable advices the local market opened steady but in the absence of any professional support prices declined. There was moderate tired long liquidation and in the absence of any important business prices fluctuated within a narrow range and the tone of the market was very quiet throughout the session.

Outside business is becoming scarce and the market was mostly to Bazar operators. There was not much selling pressure as the market is well liquidated but there is less inclination to enter on the bull side pending the clarification of the result of conferences between President Roosevelt and Big businessmen in U. S. A.

Tata Steel shares declined on long liquidation. Cotton Mills and Associated Cements were quiet with scattered selling.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1,000 and declined to Rs. 977. Century Mill shares opened at Rs. 268 and closed at Rs. 256. Central India's were quiet at Rs. 261. Simplex shares were placed at Rs. 94.

Associated Cement shares opened at Rs. 136, but under increased selling declined to Rs. 133|12. Andhras closed at Rs. 1,450. Tata Powers opened at Rs. 1,345 and closed at Rs. 1,337|8.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,100 and declined to Rs. 1,057. Ordinary shares eased off to Rs. 247|8. Bombay Burmas closed at Rs. 622.

Bombay, Jan. 21.

100	Ahm. Advance (Rs. 6)	373 12
250	BOM DYEING (Rs. 25)	977 3
100	CENTURY	256 4
100	CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	261 4
100	COLABA (Rs. 2-8)	227 8
100	Coorla (Rs. 5)	110 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn (Rs. 10)	340 0
1	E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-6-6
100	Finlay (Rs. 2)	139 6
100	GOKAK (Rs. 4-8)	186 4
1000	Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1 720 0
100	Indore	66 4
100	Khatau (Rs. 3)	123 2
100	KOHINOOR (Rs. 10)	348 12
250	Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	575 0
250	Madras United	35 0
1000	Morarji (nil)	1,255 0
250	Model	53 12
50	MYSORE (Rs. 2)	120 0
200	NEW GREAT (nil)	276 4
100	Osmanshahi (Rs. 1)	42 8
100	Phoenix (nil)	247 8
25	SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	64 0
1000	Sholapur (Rs. 50)	1,950 0
50	SIMPLEX (Rs. 2)	94 6
100	SWADESHI (Rs. 5)	248 12
100	Swan	101 4
500	Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1255 0
1000	Western (Rs 10)	915 0
	BANKS.	
50-100	Baroda (Rs 2-8)	118 0
25-50	Central (Rs. 12)	33 4
500	Imperial (Rs. 20) XD	1570 0
125-500	I Conty. (Rs. 7-8) XD	383 12
50-100	India (Rs. 2-8)	147 0
100	Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-8)	124 0
5	Union (As. 4)	5 9
	CEMENTS.	
100	ASSOCIATED	133 12
	INSURANCE.	
100-500	Empire (Rs. 14)	857 0
15-100	Jupiter (As. 12)	14 9
20	Mercantile	54 8
15-70	New India (Rs. 1-4)	41 10
200	Oriental (125)	4450 0
10-50	Vulcan (Rs. 8)	7 8
	ELECTRIC.	
100	Ahm. Old	141 4
1000	ANDHRA VALLEY (Rs. 40)	1450 0
10	Ajmer (As. 4)	13 0
50	BOM. TRAM (Rs. 2-8)	119 1
100	B'bay Suburban (Rs 6)	165 0
10	Broach (As. 5)	14 0
100	Karachi (4)	215 0
100	Poona (4)	212 8
100	Surat (Rs. 6)	180 0
100	TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	150 10
1000	TATA POWER (Rs. 37-8)	1,337 8
	RAILWAYS.	
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	920 0
100	C. Province	98 0
100	Dh. Baramati	104 4
100	Gujarat	99 0
100	Mandra Bhon	97 0
100	Pachora Jamner	94 12
100	Sara Sirajgunj	102 0
500	Tapti Valley	755 0
	MININGS.	
8	Burma Corp. (As. 11)	8 2
2sh.	Indian Copper (As. 1-8)	2 10
10	Indian Iron and Steel (Re. 1)	33 12
10	SHIVRAJPUR (Rs. 2)	49 0
30	Tata Steel Dfd. (Rs. 36-3-6)	1,057 8
7b	TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 10)	247 8
	MISCELLANEOUS.	
100	ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	327 8
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	161 4
200-250	B'bay Safe Dep. (Rs. 13-12)	855 0
250	Bombay Steam (Rs. 13-12)	251 4
125	B. BURMA (Rs. 12)	602 8
50	D. Conty (Rs. 8)	213 12
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol (nil)	4 0
50	TELEPHONE (Rs. 1-8)	95 0
100	I. BLEACHING (Rs. 3)	141 4
50	I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	47 8
100	I. Radio Defd. (12)	527 8
100	I. Radio Ord. (15)	440 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Jan 21

Bombay Dyeing (991/4) 1000 990 992 987 990 978 977
Century (265) 268 258 256
Central India (265) 266 261
Kohinoor (348/12) 380 348
New Great (278/12) 281 278 276
Simplex (96/14) 97 94
Swadeshi (253/12) 255 248
Associated Cement (135) 136/8 134/8 135/8 133/8 133/12
Andhra (1457/8) 1460 1450
Tata Hydro (150/10) 150/10
Tata Power (1341/4) 1345 1347 1342 1347 1335 1337/8
Tram Ord (118/12) 119/1
T Steel Defd (1075) 1100 1070 1082 1085 1077 1060 1055 1057
T Steel Ord (250) 255 250/8 252/8 250 252 248 243 247 247/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (164/4) 164/4
Bellapur (161/14) 162 161
B Steam (251/4) 251/4
B Burma (625) 631 625 635 631 635 622

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Jan 20

Broach A/M 1938 opening 172 highest 172 1/2 lowest 171 1/2 closing 171 7/8
Broach J/A opening 174 1/4 highest 174 3/4 lowest 173 3/4 closing 174 1/4
Oomra D/J opening 156 1/4 highest 176 3/4 lowest 175 3/4 closing 156
Oomra March opening 154 1/2 highest 154 3/4 lowest 154 1/4 closing 154 1/2
Oomra May opening 154 3/4 highest 155 1/4 lowest 154 1/2 closing 155
Bengal D/J opening 136 1/4 highest 137 1/2 lowest 136 1/4 closing 137 1/2
Bengal March opening 133 1/4 highest 135 1/4 lowest 133 1/4 closing 134 1/2
Bengal May opening 134 highest 135 1/4 lowest 134 closing 135
Tejimandi for Broach April May (21-2-38) Rs. 7
Tejimandi for Broach April May (31-3-38) Rs. 11 1/2
Tejimandi for Broach July August (24-6-38) Rs. 19 1/2

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: March 154 May 160 July 160 October 165 December 165 at cross rate 4.99 7/8
Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1938 172/8 Liverpool May 1938 4.90 Rs. 40 1/2 at exchange 1/6
Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1938 174/14 Liverpool July 4.93 Rs. 39 1/2 at exchange 1/6
Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1938 172/8 New York May 8.58 Rs. 18 1/4 at cross rate 4.99 7/8
Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1938 174/14 New York July 8.64 Rs. 17 1/4 at cross rate 4.99 7/8

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Jan 21

March	237.50
April	237.00+10
May	233.10—50
July	231.30+30

1000	Port Canning (Rs. 26)	650 0
30	PREMIER CON. (Rs. 2-15)	75 0
15	Scindia	21 14
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	28 0
	PREFERENCE.	
7	p.c Andhra Valley	1500 0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	288 12
7	p.c. B'bay Tram (T.F.)	75 0
5	p. c. Central India (T.F.)	537 8
6-1/4	p.c Prem Const 1st	108 0
6 1/4	p.c Prem Const 2nd	103 0
7	p.c Tata Hydro	152 8
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1,555 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	202 8
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	164 4
7	p.c. Vishnu	703 12
	DEBENTURES	
3 3/4	p.c Andhra Valley	101 8
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	108 14
4	p.c. Bom Telephone	51 12
7	p.c. Sholapur	83 12
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	109 6

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on Forward List).

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON FOUR POINTS DOWN

Scattered Selling In Sterling Dollar

CONSIDERABLE SELLING PRESSURE IN FRANC

Wheat Active

BOMBAY, Jan. 21.

NEW YORK COTTON.

Cotton displayed very little activity due to absence of any fresh news from Washington where interest at present in focussed.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Opened steady and then prices advanced on scattered buying despite easiness of overseas cables.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

Opened steady. Prices advanced slightly on scattered local buying.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1938.

New York, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	8.52
To-day's opening	8.54
Difference	+.02
To-day's closing	8.48
Difference	—.04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1938

Liverpool, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	4.84
To-day's opening	4.82
Difference	—.02
To-day's closing	4.81
Difference	—.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 170

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Jan. 21.

New York cotton displayed very little activity due to absence of any fresh news from Washington where interest is at present focussed on account of developments in connection with Farm Bill. Traders are meanwhile watching Bombay market developments wherein are early awaited.

Trading in March commenced at 8.54 i.e. two points higher than previous. Prices early advanced on better Liverpool and some trade buying but thereafter trading turned quiet although undertone kept steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Jan. 21.

The following were the opening ranges:—

March (8.53/8.53) 8.54/8.55
May (8.60/8.59) 8.61/8.60
July (8.65/8.64) 8.66/8.65

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Jan. 21.

January (4.76) 4.78
March (4.81) 4.83
January (7.26) 7.31
March (7.07) 7.12

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Jan. 21.

Trading in Broach commenced at Rs. 172/12 market early showed activity as result of speculative and option dealers operations but thereafter prices eased on scattered selling and liquidation subsequently some activity developed on scattered purchases following better New York cables.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Jan. 21.

The rates at 2-30 p. m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-0 1/2) 1-1
Indian Pekoe higher (1-3 1/4) 1-7
Ceylon Pekoe (1-1 1/2) 1-1 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (1-9 1/2) 1-11

JUTE

New Crop (18 7/8 value) 18 7/8 sellers
Dunlop January (£21 1/4) £21 1/4
Lightning January (£22 1/4) £20 1/4

RUBBER

Spot (7 3/16 sellers) 7 1/4 buyers
Forward April June (7 5/16 paid buyers) 7 3/8 paid buyers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay January February (£13 3/4 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta January February (£15 sellers) £15 1/16 sellers
Linseed La Plata January February (£12 13/16 sellers) £12 7/8 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal February (£11 3/16 sellers) £11 3/16 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Jan. 21.

Liverpool wheat opened steady March 92 May 91 1/2 market was moderately active on scattered buying despite easiness of overseas cables but thereafter trading turned apathetic.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Jan. 21.

Chicago wheat opened steady with May at 0.95 7/8. Prices advanced slightly on scattered local buying but demand was generally slow in absence of any good foreign demand.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

New York, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	4.99 7/8
To-day's opening	4.99 13/16
To-day's closing	4.99 13/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	4.99.80
To-day's opening	4.99.85
To-day's closing	4.99.87

FRANC RATE

London, Jan. 21.

Previous closing	150.50
To-day's opening	149.62
To-day's closing	151.18

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Jan. 21.

London exchanges opened with sterling dollar at 4.99.85 and then fell to 4.99.82 on scattered selling with rate otherwise maintaining fairly steady tendency.

Franc opened at 149.62 and then quickly fell to 150.62 on considerable selling pressure from outside but subsequently adopted steadier trend.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (11.214) 11.404
New York on Bombay (37.76) 37.76
Berlin on Bombay (0.93 5/8) 0.93 5/8
London Milan (95.00) 94.97
London on Shanghai (1-2 3/16) 1-2 3/16
London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent.
6 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£182 1/4 buyers £182 1/2 sellers steady) £182 1/4 buyers £182 3/4 sellers
Lead (£15 13/16 buyers £15 7/8 sellers) £15 7/16 buyers £15 9/16 sellers
Electrolytic Copper (£45 1/2 to £46 1/2) £44 3/4 to £45 3/4

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Jan. 21.

The following cable information was received from London:—

"Small speculative selling not much activity steady at decline."

LONDON SILVER

London, Jan. 21.

Spot	(20 3/16—3/16) 20—3/16
Forward	(19 15/16—3/16) 19 13/16—1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan. 21.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£6-19-7 1/2) £6-19-8

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Closing Quotation

Liverpool, Jan. 21.

Liverpool wheat market closed at 92 1/4

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Jan. 21.

10 p.m. quotations:—	Rs. a. p.
Wheat January	5 5 0
Wheat May	4 13 9
Wheat September	4 14 0
Linseed May	7 15 3
Linseed September	8 2 0

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Jan. 21.

10 p.m. quotation—	Rs. a. p.
Silver ready	50 6 0
Silver Magh	50 7 0
Silver Fagan	50 15 0
Gold ready	34 7 0
Gold Magh	34 7 3
Gold Fagan	34 6 9
Sovereign	22 7 0

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Bombay, Jan. 21.

	Rs. a. p.
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	8 0 6
Rates at 12-0 noon	8 0 6
Rates at 3 p.m	8 0 3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	8 0 3

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, Jan. 21.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government paper was quoted Rs. 98-5-0 finally at 5 p.m. Fluctuations were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	98	5	0
Highest	98	5	6
Lowest	98	4	6
Closing	98	5	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Jan. 21.

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan not received.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Jan. 21. 2-30 p.m

3 per cent Indian (£98 3/4) £98 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£93 1/2) £93 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£113) £113
4 1/2 per cent Indian 1958-63 (£116) £116
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£108) £108
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/70 (£107 1/2) £107 5/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£75 3/4) £76 51-3
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103 5/8) £103 3/4
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£106 5/8) £106 5/8
5 per cent Funding Loan (£113 3/4) £113 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£102 5/8) £102 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£112) £112 1/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Jan. 21.

London Stock Exchange was quiet Gilt-edged securities kept quiet but steady with very little business passing three and a half quoted at 93 1/4 i.e. five shillings lower than previous closing.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (15-3) 15-3
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (60-0) 58-9
Hydro Electric (5-3) 5-3
Musical Industries (15-7 1/2 15-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (37-0) 36-9
Imperial Chemical (34-4 1/2) 34-4 1/2
Woolsworth New Ordinary (66-9) 66-3
Realisation 1930 (£42-0) £43-0
Dunlop Rubber (32-9) 32-9
Unilever Ordinary (38-4 1/2) 40-4 1/2
Ford Motors (22-8) 22-9
Cables and Wireless new ordinary (£64-6) £64-3
British American Tobacco Ordinary (106-10 1/2) 106-10 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£7-6) £7-6
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (149-4 1/2) 150-7 1/2
P. and O. S. N. Company Deferred (23-7 1/2) 23-7 1/2
Distillers (103) 103-6
Bredfords Dyers (£5-3) £5-3
British Celanese (£4-3) £4-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (40-10 1/2) 40-10 1/2
Courtaulds Ordinary (46-9) 46-9
Fine Cotton Spinners (6-1 1/2) 6-1 1/2
Vickers Limited Ordinary (25-9) 25-1 1/2
Inter Nickels (50-6) 51-0
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (51-3)
Tata Steel Preference (£103) £103

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-6) 19-3
Donaro Tea (42-6) 42-6
Empire of India (29-0) 30-0

RUBBLR SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (29-6) 29-6
Gula Kelampong (31-3) 31-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (28-3) 28-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (9) 9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (55-0) 56-3
Burma Corporation (12-7 1/2) 12-7 1/2
Rio Tintos (£18-3) £18-3
East Rand Proprietors (57-6) 58-9
Rand Mines (£8-4 1/2) £8-4 1/2

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15-4 1/2) £15-6
Associated Portland Cement (87-6) 87-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (97-6) 98-9
Sub Nigel (£10-3) £10-3
Spring Mines Split Shares (30-7 1/2) 30-7 1/2
Union Corporation (8-3) £8-3

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (37-6) 38-1 1/2
Anglo Iranian (77-6) 78-1 1/2
Burma Oil (117-6) 116-3
Mexican Eagle (12-1 1/2) 12-1 1/2
Shell Transfer (96-3) 95-0
Royal Dutch (40-9) 40-9

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Jan. 21.

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

U S Steel Common (dol 59 7/8) dol 60
General Motors (dol 36 1/2) dol 37 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 34 1/4) dol 33 1/2
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted.

ANCIENT AND MODERN EDUCATION

Under the auspices of the Nagerseth's Navechatan Night High School a public lecture on the subject "Modes of Ancient and Modern Education" will be delivered by well-known Sjt. C. M. Lohar, L.S.E., at the premises of the above school (186, Thackurdwar Road, Lohana Mahajanwadi, Bombay) to-day (Saturday), at 9 p.m. Dr. M. N. Nagerseth has kindly consented to preside.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Business Reduced To Minimum: Wall Street Opens Steady

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Jan. 21.

On the Stock Exchange business was reduced to a minimum. Home rails were bought on provincial support. Argentine rails were easier on fears of crop situation. Oils were activer but changes were small. Rubbers were higher in sympathy with the commodity market.

Among commodities rubber was firm on Russian buying and speculative interest was greater.

Wall Street was steady then irregular with profit-taking.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET REPORT

Jutes Dull

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

In jutes dull conditions prevailed and business was also very much limited. Coals revealed no fresh feature and ruled steady at their decline. Teas were practically neglected. In miscellaneous, speculative issues opened a bit firmed this morning on good speculative buying but again receded as the day progressed but again finished quiet at close. Government securities were steady. The following were the closing quotations:—

Government Securities:—Three and half per cent. Government paper 98/6; four per cent loan 1960/70 114/6; small odd lot.

Banks:—Central 33/8; Imperial conty. 383 ex-Div.; reserve 121.

Cotton:—Cawnpore textiles 3/8.

Cials:—Aldih 4/1; Burrakur 15/13; Burra Dhemo 3/10; equitable 38/2; Kuardi 2; Mundulpoor 9; New Beerbhoom 20/15; Pench Valley 36/12; Raneegunge 35/12; Searsole 5/6; South Karanpura 6; Talcher 1/7; West Jamuria 33/12.

Jutes:—Anglo-India 280; Belvedere 303; Gondalpara 630; Howrah 44/4; Kamarhatty 435; Northbrook pref. 124 small lot; Reliance 54/8 small lots; Union 302.

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 8; consolidated tin 6/6 ex div; Indian Copper 2/11; Rhodesia Copper 2; Tavoy tin 22; Dalmia Cement ordy. 10; Braithwaite and Co. 6/4; Britannia Building and Iron 4/13; Britannia Engineering 1/2; Indian Malleable Casting defd. 2/8; Indian Iron 33/8; National Iron Steel 5/5; Steel Corporation ordy. 6/4; Steel Corporation pref. 81; British India Coporation ordy. 3/11; Dunlop Rubber ordy. 16 small lot; Indian wood products 24/8 small lot; Indian National Airways pref. 5/6; Macfarlane defd. 2/5; Star Trading and Investment ordy. 27/4; British Burma Petrol 4/2; Humayan proper defd. 1/4; Buland 10/4.

Teas:—Bishnauth 25/12 ex. div; Eastern Cachar 10/12.

Debentures:—5-1/2 per cent. 1935/50 Great Eastern Hotel 105/8; 6s/4 1933/43 Rohtas Sugar 101/4; 4-1/2 per cent. 1936/86 Clive Buildings 104.—A. P.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Jan 20

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amr Water Works Com	12
Amr Power and Light Com	6
Amr Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	29
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	40
Int Tel and Tel	7
Northern S Power A	12
American Tel and Tel	146 1/2
Western Union Telg	26 1/2
New York Central Rly	18 1/2
Union Pacific Rly	83
Amr Water Works Pfd	96
Graham Page	1
Crucible Steel	41
Republic Steel	20
United S Steel	60 1/2
Amr Car Foundry	25
Anaconda Copper Mining	34 1/2
Int Nickel of Canada	51 1/4
Chrysler Motors	61
General Motors	37 1/2
General Electric	43 1/2
Douglas Aircraft	45
American Radiator	13
Union Carbide	77
Socony Oil	15 1/2
St Oil of N J Oil	49
National Distillers	21
Chase Bank	32 1/2
National City Bank	27 3/4
Sun Life of Canada	460

Our opinion of the market improved. Operation capacity of U. S. Steel 31 per cent. Turnover 820,000 shares. Brokers loan down 28 million dollars.

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN

London, Jan 20

	This week
Total Bullion	£327,000,000
Public Deposits	£ 11,100,000
(a) Other Deposits	£161,300,000
Government Securities	£104,400,000
(b) Other Securities	£ 34,700,000
Notes and Coin	£ 51,300,060
Notes in Circulation	£475,700,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	29.77 p.c.
(a) Other Deposits include Bankers	£124,400,000
(b) Other Securities include Discount and Advances	£ 13,000,000

BOMBAY YARN EXCHANGE LTD.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, Jan 21

Yarn No. 6 1/2s February 114; April 113; June 112

Yarn No. 10 1/2s February 132; April 130; June 130

Yarn No. 20 1/2s February 172; April 171; June 171

NEED OF DENTAL ACT

Meeting Of Members Of Profession At Hotel Majestic

Dr. Eklund welcoming the guests on behalf of the Bombay Presidency Dental Association at Hotel Majestic, Apollo Bunder, on Friday evening and requested Major General Buckley to take the chair.

The president then called upon Dr. Eklund to deliver his address on "the Bombay Dental Association and its progress".

Dr. Eklund said: "We are on the threshold of a period when success or failure will have far reaching consequences and the fate of dentistry in the Bombay Presidency is in the balance.

He appealed to the members of the Dental profession, who had not yet become members of the Bombay Presidency Dental Association, to join it to organise Dentistry.

Continuing he said: "On the 4th of February 1930, the Bombay Dental Society was formed and the Presidency Dental Association was formed on the 22nd June, 1934, with Dr. Modd, as our first President.

"The said Association" he continued, "is affiliated to the British Dental Association last year, which entitles each of the members to become affiliated members of this body". He then referred to the drafting of the Dental Act and its submission to the Bombay Government.

Then Dr. V. M. Desai delivered his address on "the necessity of the proposed Dental Act and Dental Education".

Major-General Buckley, President, assured his co-operation and help to put this Act through.

All the members then dined at Hotel Majestic at 8 p. m., when Dr H. Banes and Sir T. Nariman expressed their thanks to the gathering and dwelt on the necessity of the Act. Dr. S. P. Kapadia conveyed the regret of Dr. Gilder that he could not attend the function.

GOVERNMENT'S APPEAL IN THEFT CASE

The appeal filed by the Bombay Government against the acquittal by the City Magistrate, Surat, of one Kalumiya Amirmiya on the charge of theft was disposed of by the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Wassoodev at the High Court.

The case arose out of the loss of some bangles belonging to a young woman while she was sleeping after attending a marriage ceremony on the night of April 8 last.

The defence was that the bangles were given to the accused by the woman to raise money.

Disbelieving the prosecution story as well as the defence plea, the First Class City Magistrate of Surat had acquitted the accused.

In disposing of the Government's appeal, their Lordships observed that this was not really a normal case of theft. It was possible, they thought, that the accused was playing a practical joke on the woman. Whatever his intentions might have been he had committed theft.

Their Lordships sentenced the accused to a fine of Rupees 20 which, if recovered, was ordered to be paid to the complainant as compensation.

Dewan Bahadur Shingne, Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown and Mr. V. N. Chhatrapati defended the accused.

THE PROBLEM OF USURY

(Continued from Page 6)

hieved with the help of policies that seek to strengthen the processes in production and distribution, that make for prosperity of the producers without diversion of the fruit of toil into the drain that continues weakening the forces of production. Social legislation can help this only to a certain extent. The need for it of course remains, not because an abnormal state exists, but because that state has been turned into a chronic occurrence. But it is not social legislation alone that could cope with the situation that faces us to-day.

MEDICAL FILMS TO BE SHOWN

Under the auspices of the above institutions the following Medical Films obtained through Messrs. the Kodak Ltd., will be shown in the Hall of the College, Vaidya Bhuwan, Bhuleshwar, to-day (Saturday) at 8-45 p.m. (S.T.). These films are "open to Medical Persons only." Medical Persons and Students, other than those invited can attend the Show. They should previously see the Hon. Secretary at the above address on any day except Sunday, between 6 to 7 p.m. (S.T.) and obtain passes for the same. No charge will be made for the pass and only one pass will be available for each persons. No one will be admitted without the pass.

1. Preventing Blindness.
2.
3. Care of minor wounds.
4. Development of an embryo.
5. Mechanism of Labour.
6. Osteoplastic Craniotomy.
7. A two-reel comedy.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, Jan. 21.

A I Oil Coy's s.s. British Justice of 4122 reg tons Capt F R Broad arrived from Miri (Sarawak) with cargo of diesel oil.

P and O s.s. Comorin of 8744 reg tons Capt W L Pope arrived from London via Southampton Tangier Gibraltar Marseilles Malta Port Said and Aden with passengers and general cargo

F F Campbell s.s. Graciosa of 1029 reg tons Capt A Markusen arrived from Mersin via Port Said and Suez in water ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 21-1-38

S S Havre Maru (OSK) for China Japan Ports via Karachi Penang and Singapore.

SAILED

J Finlay s.s. Clan Macinnes of 2826 reg tons Capt R S Master sailed for Porebunder Port Okha and Bedi Bunder with same bottom cargo.

B I S N s.s. Varela of 1926 reg tons Capt A Danbrook sailed for Basra via Karachi and Persian Gulf Ports with passengers and local cargo.

P and O S N s.s. Comorin of 8744 reg tons Capt W L Pope sailed for Kobe via Colombo and China Japan Ports with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

F F Campbell s.s. Pres Van Buren of 6505 reg tons Capt J E Murphy sailed for New York via Suez with passengers local and same bottom cargo.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

Alexandra Dock

Bombay, Jan. 21.

1 Querimba 4772 Calcutta 23-1 MM
2 Wildenfels 3794 Karachi 22-1 L Edwards
6 Clan Macinnes 2826 Bedi Bunder 21-1 J Finlay
7 Warfield 3805 Karachi 24-1 M M
8 Trenenfels 5196 Bremen 25-1 L Edwards
11 Pres: Van Buren 6-95 New York 21-1 F F Campbell
14 Day Rose 2606 Port Said for orders 27-1 K Devchand
17 Borneo Maru 4264 Japan 22-1 O S K

Victoria Dock

6 Garbeta 3204 Rangoon 22-1 M M
7 Rufuku Maru 4259 Japan NF N Y K

Prince's Dock

B Garyana 3191 Karachi 22-1 M M
F Alavi 2161 Jeddah 25-1 T Morrison
K Netravati 699 N F, N F, B S N
M Barjora 1908 N F, N F, M M
N Varela 1925 Busra 21-1 M M
P Vita 1955 Karachi 22-1 M M

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Maloja 27-1-38 P and O S N
Strathmore 10-2-38 P and O S N
Naldera 17-2-38 P and O S N
Bangalore 29-1-38 M M

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Durban 22-1-38 K Nixon
Circassia 23-1-38 Anchor Line

FROM HAMBURG

Reichenfels 25-1-38 L Edwards
Meliskerk 9-2-38 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Ceylon 2-2-38 L Edwards
Tai an 16-2-38 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres Van Buren 20-1-38 F F Campbell
Pres Garfield 14-2-38 F F Campbell
Atlanta City 28-1-38 M M

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Verde 15-2-38 Triestino

FROM GENOA

India 29-1-38 L Triestino
Victoria 31-1-38 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Tsushima Maru 21-1-38 N Y Kaisha
Taijir Maru 27-1-38 O S K
Hever Maru 23-1-38 O S K
Bradburn 19-1-38 M B Kaisha
Rawalpindi 21-1-38 P and O S N
Conte Biancamano 27-1-38 L Triestino
Corfu 5-2-38 P and O S N
Conte Rosso 15-2-38 L Triestino
Hakodate Maru 30-1-38 N Y Kaisha

FROM BASRA

Vasna 22-1-38 M M
Bamora 27-1-38 M M
Riv 27-1-38 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Mooltan 29-1-38 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Takliwa 22-1-38 M M
Kenya 5-2-38 M M

FROM BASSIN

Gurna 23-1-38 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalrajan 27-1-38 Scindia S N
Chyebassa 26-1-38 M M
Takada 20-1-38 M M

FROM KARACHI

Vita 27-1-38 M M
Toyama Maru 28-1-38 N Y K

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Corfu 5-2-38 P and O
Cathay 12-2-38 P and O S N
Strathairo 15-1-38 P and O
Rawalpindi 22-1-38 P and O
Mooltan 29-1-38 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Elysia 28-1-38 Anchor Line
City of Canterbury 2-2-38 K Nixon

FOR NEW YORK

President Garfield 15-2-38 F F Campbell
Pres. Van Buren 21-1-38 F F Campbell

FOR HAMBURG

Trauenfels 25-1-38 L Edwards

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 15-2-38 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Conte Biancomano 27-1-38 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Nalder 17-2-38 P and O
Kaiser-i-Hind 3-2-38 P and O S N
Borneo Maru 23-1-38 O S Kaisha
Victoria 31-1-38 L Triestino
Tsushima Maru 26-1-38 N Y Kaisha
Ryufuku Maru 31-1-38 N Y Kaisha
Conte Verde 15-2-38 L Triestino

FOR SYDNEY

Maloja 27-1-38 P and O S N

FOR JEDDAH

Rehmani 29-1-38 T Morrison
Alavi 25-1-38 T Morrison

FOR BASRA

Barpeta 19-1-38 M M
Varela 20-1-38 M M

FOR DURBAN

Kenya 16-2-38 M M
Takliwa 2-2-38 M M

FOR RANGOON

Garbeta 22-1-38 M M

FOR CALCUTTA

City of Bath 21-1-38 F F Campbell

FOR KARACHI

Vita 22-1-38 M M
Gazana 22-8-38 M M
Wildenfels 22-1-38 L Edwards

B P T GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Jeypore 19-1-38
S S C/Bath 19-1-38
S S Clan Macimus 20-1-38
S S Haideri 20-1-38
S S Bhadravati 20-1-38
S S Dayawati 20-1-38
S S Gayana 20-1-38
S S Takada (boats) 20-1-38
S S Vita 21-1-38

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Jan. 21.

S S Warfield for Ghent: 330 bales raw cotton H Nensey; 125 bales raw cotton N Nagsee

For Havre: 55 bales cotton raw S Karamshi.

S S Hermion for Theosoloniki: 100 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan.

S S Borneo Maru for Kobe: 1200 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha; 450 bales raw cotton Kotak; 100 bales raw cotton N Fatehall: 47 bales raw cotton M Amersey; 1000 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha; 100 bales raw cotton The Nissho

For Yokohama: 50 bales raw cotton Kotak; 50 bales raw cotton G K Kaisha

For Osaka: 200 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

S S Ryufuku Maru for Kobe: 500 bales raw cotton Sassoon J David; 500 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading; 400 bales raw cotton Kilachand Devchand; 1000 bales raw cotton N Nagsee

For Osaka: 200 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading.

S S Comorin for Hongkong: 25 bales cotton grey yarn David Sasson; 30 bales cotton grey yarn E D Sassoon; 25 bales cotton grey yarn Pavri Sons.

S S Rawalpindi for London: 26 bales raw wool M Umersey; 9 bales goat skins M Nissim; 40 bags gum N Muljee 33 bags gum S Khetsey; 104 bags kang grain K Dewji; 40 bags henna leaves D Abraham; 54 cases bristles B Phillips and Hayley; 10 cases bristles Bombay Company; 37 cases bristles Cox and Kings (Agents); 15 bags fish Damji Mavji.

For Hodida: 10 bales dry ginger M Vandranan,

S S Truenfels for Hamburg: 14 bags gum N Muljee; 55 bales raw cotton N Nagsee.

IMPORTS.

M V Volpi Agents L Triestino from Trieste: 23 cases machy parts

From Fuime: 7998 pcs pine rough boards.

From Venice: 36 cases glass; 65 bales cotton and art silk carpets; 102 bales shaddy and cotton rugs; 35 cases woollen and cotton rugs.

From Bari: 340 bags almonds.

From Brindisi: 800 bags almonds.

From Calamata: 200 cases figs

From Port Said: 50 cases oranges; 50 cases grape fruit.

S S Strathaird Agent M Mackenzie from Melbourne: 245 cases dried milk powder; 55 cases drippings; 197 csks tallow; 49 cases jams; 92 cases cnd fruit

From Sydney: 89 bales wool; 47 cases cnd fruit; 80 bales butter; 72 csks tallow.

S S Sudan Agent M Mackenzie from Otam: 750 bags farina supra

From Shanghai: 362 bales green tea.

FEDERATION ONLY IN NAME

Elected Representatives Of People Have No Voice In It, Says Bhulabhai

The apathy of the people of the city to recognise their duty as members of the body-politic was severely criticised by Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai speaking on "Federation" at a public meeting held at the Young Men's Hindu Association Girgaum, on Friday Dr. G. V. Deshmukh presided.

The arguments advanced during election time like "what have I to do with this, that or the other Government," Let me carry on my business," "Please pardon me this time" were some of samples given by the lecturer and translated in Marathi, in the course of his speech delivered in English to demonstrate the fact that the political consciousness had not taken deep root while the peasants had done their duty as was evidenced in the last elections and as he gathered from his personal experience during his recent intensive travel in the Presidency. "The peasants have done their duty without faltering and without hesitation" the speaker added. "But how many of you have become Congress members?" he asked.

Referring to the other part of the Federal question, as it existed at present under the Government of India Act of 1935 he said it was a difficult matter, as it made self-government difficult He presumed that India could have a Federal constitution, but their quarrel with the Federation which was Federation only in name, was that it was so constructed in structure, that the elected representatives of the people had no voice in it.

COMMITTEE FOR VALUATION OF CROPS.

BOMBAY, Jan. 20.

Mr. Triambaklal Tribhovan Dagli wires to the United Press as follows from Wadhwan City:—

As a sequel to the complaints from the villagers of Mota Gharodia, the Palitana Durbar has appointed a committee of six members with four unofficial ones forming the majority, for the purposes of valuation of the crops in the State. All are agreed and highly appreciate this step taken by the Durbar.—United Press.

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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta · Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

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Tel. No 27396. Telegram: Joshi Lodge.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, JANUARY 22, 1938

Postal Ban Removed

"Declaration Of Independence" May Now Be Transmitted

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

The Congress declarations of Independence or 'Independence Day' announcements also the resolution beginning "We believe that it is the inalienable right of the Indian people" etc., issued by the Congress President from Allahabad on January 17 will not be detained in the course of transmission by post.

Orders to this effect are understood to have been issued to all post offices by the Postmaster-General, Bengal and Assam circle, who in this connection draws attention to the Government of India's recent order cancelling their earlier notification.

The notification declared the forfeiture to Government of all copies of publication and all other documents containing copies of prints translations or extracts from the aforesaid declarations any resolution.—A. P.

ANDAMANS EMPTIED OF ITS POLITICALS

Last Batch Arrives In Calcutta

CALCUTTA, January 21.

S. S. "Maharaja" with 109 repatriated prisoners from the Andamans arrived this afternoon.

The Andamans prisoners who arrived to-day include Ananqil Singh, Loknath Bal, Dr. Narain Chandra Roy. The first two were convicted in the Chittagong Armoury Raid Case and the third is an ex-councillor of the Calcutta Corporation.

This is the last batch of prisoners repatriated from the island.—A. P.

RELEASE POLITICALS

SANTINIKETAN: Jan. 21.

Expedition in the release of political prisoners, who have eschewed violence, is urged by Poet Rabindranath Tagore in the course of an appeal issued through the Associated Press.

The appeal says:—"I trust that everything will be done to help Mahatmaji to recover his health at this critical juncture, and those in authority will also do all in their power to expedite the release of those political prisoners who have given their word of honour that they have eschewed violence."

Mr. C. F. Andrews is proceeding to Calcutta to-day with the object of tackling the problem of political prisoners, as also the Zanzibar and emigrant questions

FIRE IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

A fire broke in an electrical goods shop in Pollock Street, in the business centre of the city, early this morning. Several fire engines are fighting the flames which have not yet been controlled.—A. P.

GROUP TAKEN ON THURSDAY AT THE ANNUAL SOCIAL GATHERING OF THE BHAGINI SAMAJ SEVA MANDAL WHICH IS WORKING FOR HARIJAN UPLIFT. MR. GULJARILAL NANDA (seated fourth from right), M.L.A. PRESIDED.

'Bholanath', the famous Allahabad bull who is known to possess supernatural powers in answering any question correctly, by rubbing its nose against persons concerned. It is also known to have pointed out persons that had committed thefts. This bull has been brought to Bombay at present by its owner.

VISVESWARAYA COMMITTEE

Six Witnesses Examined In Irrigation Inquiry

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

The Visveswaraya Committee appointed by the Government of Bombay to enquire into the irrigation policy and suggest ways and means of overhauling the present system, concluded their preliminary enquiry in Bombay on Thursday. In all they examined six witnesses all of them Government Servants regarding the technical side of Irrigation.

It is gathered that the Committee has decided that hereafter the water supplied to the peasants should be measured, though it does not mean that only a certain amount will be supplied to the cultivators. As a matter of fact the Committee have decided in favour of the cultivators making their own arrangements for irrigating the lands without any sort of interference from the employees of the Irrigation Department. Government will be responsible to reach water upto the land and will not place any sort of restriction as to how the land should be irrigated. Water supply will not be cut off, as and when the Irrigation Department employee feels it should be. All the other hardships that the cultivator has been experiencing till to-day in getting the necessary amount of water supply will be removed

The Committee are still considering the question of making it compulsory for the cultivator to have both the crops, instead of only one as is done at present. It is being found out if some sort of Legislation is not practicable in the matter, so that, the cultivator is bound to take water supply for both the crops thus making it incumbent on him to produce two crops during the year.

This additional water supply does not affect the supply of water to the sugar-growers, as it is stated, plenty of water is reserved.

The Committee meets at Kopergaon on the 25th of this month. After four they will leave for Poona where they will examine witnesses for five days. From there they will proceed to Dharwar, where they stay for three days. After about a week's respite, the Committee will proceed to Northern Division.

Their recommendations are expected to be ready sometime in April this year.

Has Moratorium Bill Left Loophole?

Revenue Minister Alive To Danger: Protection To Small Holder

(From Our Special Correspondent)

Enquiries made in informed circles regarding the fear that is entertained by some people that the Moratorium Bill did not solve the problem and left a loophole, for the Sahukar to attach crops and cattle, it is gathered that though no provision is made in the Bill proper for preventing the attachment of food and cattle Government are not blind to the dangers to which the small holder is exposed.

It appears that they have been exploring the various possibilities of protection which could be given to the small holder against the impounding of crops, milk, cattle, etc. The Hon. Mr. Morarji Desai, Revenue Minister who has a personal knowledge of rural life, is said to be contemplating certain definite instructions under the existing law to prevent such attachments.

These orders which will be passed within the coming few days, might affect not only the small holders but other peasants also. Of course if the peasants have cash, which it has been suggested by those who have been demanding a moratorium they have not, then they would have to give up at least a portion towards indebtedness. But their food and entire crops will not be touched. It appears that instructions would be sent to the effect that a certain percentage of the crops should be unattachable.

Thus it will be seen that Government are trying their best not to leave a single loophole, which might throw the poor peasants on the streets and lead to starvation.

NOTICE ON LUCKNOW CONGRESS SECRETARY

LUCKNOW, Jan. 21.

A notice under section 107 Cr. P.C., was served upon Mr. Triloki Singh, Secretary of the District Congress Committee, Lucknow, to show cause why he should not be required to furnish securities to keep good behaviour for one year.

It is alleged that during the past three weeks such notices have been served upon more than fifty congressmen, including many prominent workers of the district.

A committee was appointed to enquire into the alleged Sabhanagar incident and the Committee will be holding enquiries from January 23 on the spot.

It will be recalled that as a sequel to the tension between Kissans and Zamindars some Congressite Kisans were arrested and later bailed out.—United Press.

ABRUPT END OF U. P. DEBTORS' RELIEF BILL?

LUCKNOW, Jan. 21.

When Mr. Z. H. Lari's Debtors' Relief Bill was progressing in the United Provinces Legislative Assembly this afternoon, at 5-30, an interesting incident took place, resulting in the abrupt and summary ending of the Bill.

The Chairman, Mr Mohammad Ismail Khan, forgetting that it was the last non-official day, adjourned the House till to-morrow, whereupon some members pointed out that to-day was the last non-official day. Mr. Ismail Khan took the sense of the House, but the majority decided to end the discussion and so, the House adjourned debarring the discussion of the Bill any further.—United Press.

Congress-League Contest

JUBBULPORE, Jan. 21.

To-day being the last date for the withdrawal of candidature for by-election to the C. P. Assembly from the Saugor-Narsinghpur rural Muslim constituency, three of the five candidates, namely, Mr. Abdul Gaffar (Congress), Mr. Abdul Majeed (Muslim League) and Mr. Tajuddin (Independent) withdrew their candidature, leaving Moulvi Chiraguddin (Congress) and Mr. Wali Mahomed (Muslim League) to contest.—United Press.

First Step Towards Socialism

M. N. Roy Urges Joining Congress In Freedom's Struggle

CALCUTTA, Jan. 21.

"Any Socialist or Communist, who understands the theories he professes, who wants to realise his ideals and not simply dreams about them, must know that the condition precedent to the realization of his ideals of Socialism or Communism, is our national liberation," said Mr. M. N. Roy addressing a largely attended public meeting at Shradhanand Park, when reply at a reception accorded to him by the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee.

He added that before Indians had the Government of their country in their own hands, nothing could be done in the matter of reconstructing the social or economic life of the country. Today the Indian National Congress was no longer an organisation of some middle-class amateur politicians. To-day, the Congress was a mass organisation and a living organisation. It represented the revolutionary urge of the masses of Indian population.

Therefore, it provided a platform to all those who were interested in the political freedom and social liberation of this country. Congress was an organisation of the oppressed and the exploited masses of Indian people.—A.P.

PRIMARY EDUCATION & CONTROL OF GIRLS

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Jan. 21.

Several important subjects are likely to be discussed by the Central Advisory Board of Education which is meeting at Delhi on Friday next.

Reports and recommendations of two sub-committees, one dealing with a curriculum of girls' primary schools and the other with administration and control of primary education are expected to come up for disposal.

There is next, the report of Wood and Abbott, British experts which is already under the examination of Provincial Governments.

In this connection, it is regarded likely that the Wardha Scheme may also be examined by the Board

The question of wastage and stagnation in education was discussed at previous meetings of the Board about which Provinces were recently addressed requesting action to be taken has reached a further stage as replies have now been received from the Provinces. They will be considered as also the Sapru recommendation about secretariat training.

China Orders Out Fighting Air-Planes

First Consignment Of 20 Leaving Moscow

(From Our Own Correspondent)

LONDON: (By Air Mail).

Japan's hopes of an early end to the Far East war had a severe setback on Thursday, January 6, when it was learned that China had placed vast new arms contracts abroad.

The order, according to the "Daily Express", includes a fleet of fighting airplanes, quantities of artillery, 10,000 ultra-modern rifles and 100,000 gas masks. Three airplanes manned by Chinese swooped down on Moscow's airport last Tuesday (January 4), reveals the Warsaw correspondent of the "Daily Express". Soldiers with fixed bayonets rushed up to guard them, marched beside the airport trollies on to which their cargo was unloaded. Not until Thursday night (January 6) was the nature and meaning of the freight revealed. The Chinese Generalissimo, Chiang Kai-shek, had sent £2,000,000 worth of bar gold to the Soviet Government to buy warplanes. First consignment of 20 triple-engined fighting 'planes dismantled and packed on board trains will leave Moscow this week-end. Further consignments of 'planes and war material will follow.

The Soviet Government, anxious lest China should default, demanded payment in advance. A Reuter message appearing in London newspapers affirms that General Chiang's new supplies were ordered on December 10. They will reach him by two routes; through Yunnam via French Indo-China, and through Russia via the "Independent" State of Sinkiang.

TWO KILLED BY LORRY

Vehicle Mounts Footpath At De Lisle Road

Two persons were killed when a motor lorry mounted the footpath and knocked against them, at De Lisle Road, opposite Moghul Building, on Friday evening. The driver of the motor lorry was arrested the same night.

It appears a motor lorry, belonging to Mohommed Hussein of Malegaon, was being driven by its driver Mohommed Razan Mohommed Shuffi, when the driver lost control of the steering-wheel and is stated to have swerved and moved on the wrong side of the road.

The driver, it is learnt from Police inquiries, wanted to overtake another lorry in front of it.

KILLED ON SPOT.

When it mounted on the footpath it knocked down two people and crushed one of them to death on the spot, while the other succumbed to his injuries in the K.E.M. Hospital the same night.

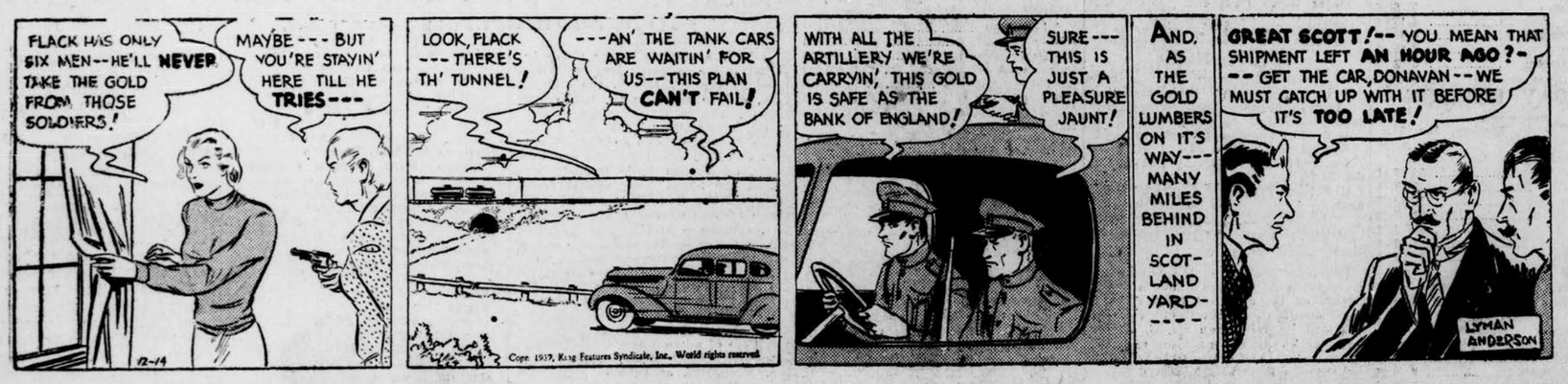
Both the bodies were extricated from under the wheels by the police.

The lorry was also found to have been damaged as it hit the wall and came to a halt, after knocking down the two persons.

The De Lisle Road Police are making further inquiries.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — *"TERROR KEEP"*


FLACK HAS ONLY SIX MEN--HE'LL NEVER TAKE THE GOLD FROM THOSE SOLDIERS!
MAYBE--- BUT YOU'RE STAYIN' HERE TILL HE TRIES---
LOOK, FLACK --- THERE'S TH' TUNNEL!
---AN' THE TANK CARS ARE WAITIN' FOR US--THIS PLAN CAN'T FAIL!
WITH ALL THE ARTILLERY WE'RE CARRYIN', THIS GOLD IS SAFE AS THE BANK OF ENGLAND!
SURE--- THIS IS JUST A PLEASURE JAUNT!
AND, AS THE GOLD LUMBERS ON IT'S WAY--- MANY MILES BEHIND IN SCOTLAND YARD----
GREAT SCOTT!-- YOU MEAN THAT SHIPMENT LEFT AN HOUR AGO?- --GET THE CAR, DONAVAN--WE MUST CATCH UP WITH IT BEFORE IT'S TOO LATE!
LYMAN ANDERSON
12-14
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